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ATLANTA
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MACON
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UMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR   OCTOBER 1983   LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(September Data)

NEW LABOR SURPLUS AREA LIST RELEASED

The U.S. Department of Labor has released a new list of labor surplus areas, effective October 1, 1983 through September 30, 1984. Employers located in labor surplus areas are eligible for preference in bidding on federal procurement contracts.

The labor surplus area designation is based on the average annual unemployment rate for the two preceding calendar years. To be included on the list, an area must have had an average unemployment rate of 10.0 percent during the two-year period.

Twenty-one Georgia counties have been classified as labor surplus areas. They are:

- Bartow County
- Brantley County
- Chattooga County
- Crawford County
- Crisp County
- Elbert County
- Fannin County
- Glascock County
- Haralson County
- Johnson County
- Lincoln County
- Macon County
- McDuffie County
- Meriwether County
- Murray County
- Polk County
- Quitman County
- Stewart County
- Taliaferro County
- Turner County
- Warren County

Return of Furloughed Workers, Strikers Ups Employment

Although nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose 30,600 in September, about 90 percent of the increase was caused by the return to work of school personnel who are furloughed during summer vacation, auto workers who were idle during retooling for model change, and strikers in the communication and primary metals industries. The remainder of the increment consisted of small scattered increments. No significant losses occurred in any segment.

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In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

General Motors to Reopen Lakewood Plant

A spokesman for General Motors Corporation has announced that the Lakewood assembly plant in Atlanta will be reopened early in 1984. The plant is being retooled to produce both the subcompact Chevrolet Chevette and the midsized Pontiac 1,000. About 1,650 laid-off workers will be recalled to operate one shift.

Ritz-Carlton to Open in Buckhead

The Ritz-Carlton, a luxury hotel, will open in Atlanta's Buckhead section in November. Initially, 450 people will be hired. That total will rise to 500 as the hotel begins full operation.

Factory Outlet Store Mall Opens in Northwest Georgia

Direct Connection Mall opened in Rossville recently. A new concept in shopping, the mall has grouped more than 25 manufacturers factory outlet stores in a single location. The first phase of the development encompasses 160,000 square feet and represents an investment of $7 million. Eventually, it will total 350,000 square feet and cost $14 million. The mall will provide employment for several hundred people.

Hughes Aircraft Expands

Hughes Aircraft Corporation will expand its Eufaula, Alabama plant. The company, which manufactures components for missiles and radar installations, will build a 20,000 square-foot warehouse costing $700,000. Employment will increase from 85 to 100 by the end of the year and is expected to reach 150 by late 1984.

Southeast Bedding to Build New Plant

Southeast Bedding Company, located in Columbus, will replace its old facility with a new 30,600 square-foot building. The company, which manufactures mattresses, will hire new employees as business warrants.

Outlet Square to Open in Atlanta

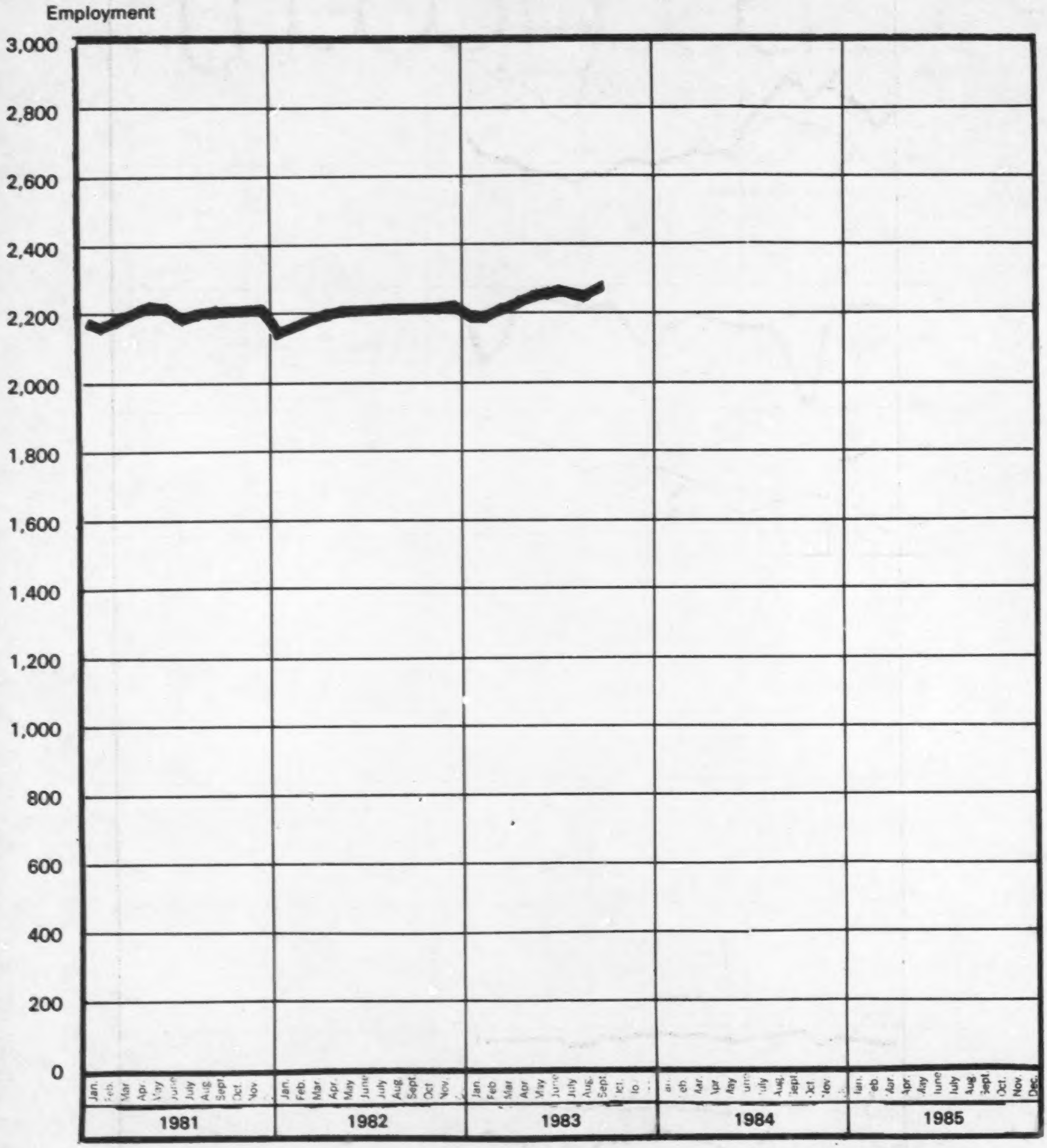
Outlet Square, a mall featuring discount stores, is opening in Atlanta in early November. About 30 off-price fashion and accessory stores are in the mall, which is located at Clairmont and Buford Highways.

Brunswick Fire Costs 1,000 Jobs

A fire which destroyed 30 of Brunswick Mall's 43 stores in September left 1,000 people jobless. Damage to the 16-year-old mall was estimated to be "in the millions." A spokesman for the facility said that two-thirds of the involved stores were "a 100 percent loss." The mall contained mostly clothing and specialty shops.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



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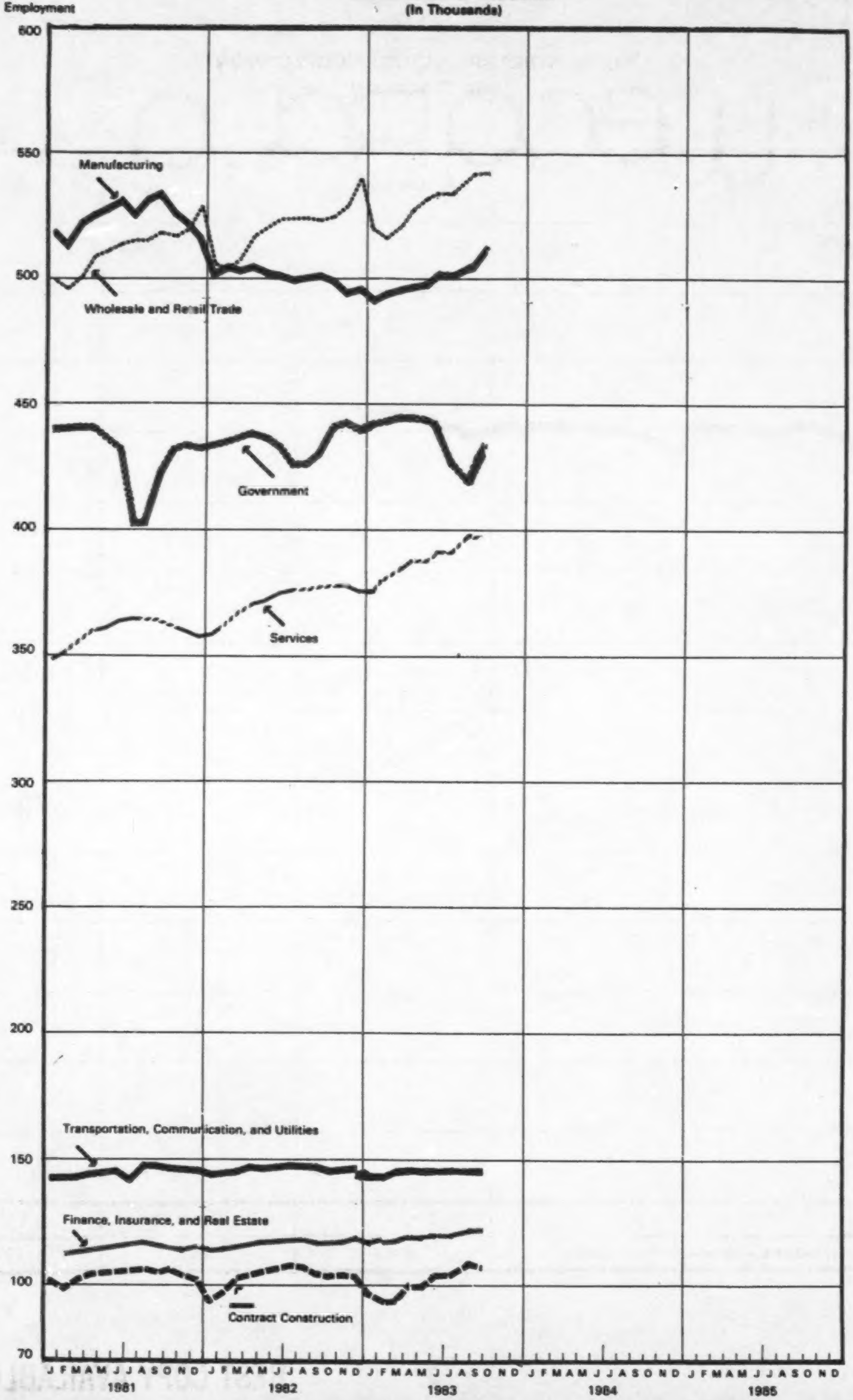
EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,267.3	2,236.7	2,207.7	30.6	59.6
Manufacturing	300005	513.1	505.8	501.9	7.3	11.2
Durable Goods	300025	180.9	175.5	175.6	5.4	5.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	29.4	29.6	28.1	-.2	1.3
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.5	14.6	13.9	-.1	.6
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.3	9.3	9.5	.0	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	5.7	5.6	5.6	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.5	16.4	16.2	.1	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.5	12.8	16.0	2.7	-.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.5	17.4	17.2	.1	.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	20.5	19.7	20.1	.8	.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	22.8	22.6	22.7	.2	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	37.3	35.7	34.4	1.6	2.9
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.1	12.0	11.5	.1	.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	332.2	330.3	326.3	1.9	5.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	59.6	59.5	59.6	.1	.0
Meat Products	420105	21.2	21.1	20.8	.1	.4
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.6	15.5	15.4	.1	.2
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.6	4.6	.0	.0
Bakery Products	420505	8.7	8.7	8.9	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	108.8	107.7	104.9	1.1	3.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.4	23.5	24.3	-.1	-.9
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	4.0	3.9	3.9	.1	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	9.7	9.7	9.4	.0	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	31.0	30.3	27.8	.7	3.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.6	21.3	21.4	.3	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	70.6	70.1	69.7	.5	.9
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.5	39.0	38.9	.5	.6
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	22.0	21.8	21.7	.2	.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.3	27.4	27.3	-.1	.0
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.9	13.0	12.7	-.1	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.9	6.8	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.8	26.6	25.7	.2	1.1
Commercial Printing	427505	9.9	9.8	9.8	.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.0	17.0	16.8	.0	.2
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	-.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.3	.0	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	20.2	20.2	19.8	.0	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,754.1	1,730.9	1,705.8	23.2	48.3
Mining	100005	7.5	7.4	7.4	.1	.1
Contract Construction	200005	107.7	108.0	104.8	-.3	2.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	147.7	136.9	146.1	10.8	1.6
Transportation	500015	85.9	86.6	85.0	-.7	.9
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.9	27.5	38.7	11.4	.2
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.0	22.8	22.4	.2	.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	540.4	539.9	523.6	.5	16.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	170.6	170.0	166.0	.6	4.6
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	103.3	103.0	100.0	.3	3.3
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	67.3	67.0	66.1	.3	1.2
Retail Trade	652005	369.8	369.9	357.6	-.1	12.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	121.6	121.2	116.8	.4	4.8
Finance	760025	54.7	54.3	51.1	.4	3.6
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.4	42.5	41.9	-.1	.5
Real Estate	765075	24.4	24.4	23.7	.0	.7
Services	800005	395.6	395.7	376.9	-.1	18.7
Government	998008	433.7	421.8	430.1	11.9	3.6
Federal	998011	85.1	85.6	84.2	-.5	.9
State and Local	998509	348.6	336.2	345.9	12.4	2.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	382.0	377.0	375.3	5.0	6.7
Durable Goods	300025	131.1	126.6	128.0	4.5	3.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	250.9	250.3	247.3	.6	3.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.5	40.6	40.6	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	88.6	88.7	87.0	-.1	1.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.7	20.7	21.9	-1.0	-2.2
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.5	3.4	3.4	.1	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	7.8	7.7	7.7	.1	.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	24.9	24.5	23.1	.4	1.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.0	17.7	17.8	.3	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.9	60.3	59.4	.6	1.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.6	34.1	33.4	.5	1.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.5	18.4	18.5	.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	23.0	23.2	22.0	-.2	1.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.6	7.7	8.3	-.1	-.7
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.7	20.7	20.7	.0	.0
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.7	9.6	9.5	.1	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.2	10.2	9.9	.0	.3
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	2.0	.0	-.6
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	12.2	12.0	12.2	.2	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.6	9.1	11.1	1.5	-.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.5	13.3	13.4	.2	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	14.3	13.5	13.6	.8	.7
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	15.4	15.1	15.4	.3	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.4	22.9	22.7	1.5	1.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP, 82	CURRENT MONTH SEP, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP, 82	CURRENT MONTH SEP, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP, 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$295.36	$297.16	$266.74	41.6	41.2	39.4	$ 7.10	$ 6.97	$ 6.77
Durable Goods	300025	334.49	323.59	299.38	41.5	41.7	39.6	8.06	7.76	7.56
Nondurable Goods	400015	274.56	268.71	249.95	41.6	40.9	39.3	6.60	6.57	6.36
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$263.97	$259.52	$249.88	40.3	39.5	39.6	$ 6.55	$ 6.57	$ 6.31
Textile Mill Products	422005	269.19	258.83	229.50	43.7	42.5	39.5	6.16	6.09	5.81
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	275.46	253.17	224.26	44.5	40.9	38.4	6.19	6.19	5.84
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	292.56	290.11	261.46	43.6	42.6	41.9	6.71	6.81	6.24
Knitting Mills	422505	232.55	220.44	208.30	41.9	40.3	39.6	5.55	5.47	5.26
Floor Covering Mills	422705	284.29	272.00	232.25	44.7	44.3	39.7	6.36	6.14	5.85
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	266.41	256.68	232.85	42.9	41.4	39.6	6.21	6.20	5.88
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	179.93	177.10	166.98	37.8	37.6	36.3	4.76	4.71	4.60
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	176.23	176.53	164.47	37.1	37.4	35.6	4.75	4.72	4.62
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	178.98	173.45	165.71	38.0	37.3	36.5	4.71	4.65	4.54
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	245.38	234.17	217.06	43.2	41.3	39.9	5.68	5.67	5.44
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	197.22	225.09	198.47	38.0	41.0	39.3	5.19	5.49	5.05
Paper and Allied Products	426005	474.03	477.30	442.30	45.8	45.5	42.9	10.35	10.49	10.31
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	543.88	551.13	525.82	47.5	47.8	43.6	11.45	11.53	12.06
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	383.39	388.51	367.22	41.9	42.6	42.8	9.15	9.12	8.58
Leather and Leather Products	431005	149.56	160.52	158.78	34.7	36.4	35.6	4.31	4.41	4.46
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	339.98	339.39	307.93	43.2	43.4	40.2	7.87	7.82	7.66
Primary Metal Industries	333005	395.85	357.01	352.52	41.8	42.1	39.3	9.47	8.48	8.97
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	325.38	316.29	275.60	43.5	42.8	40.0	7.48	7.39	6.89
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	319.72	330.00	298.69	42.8	44.0	40.2	7.47	7.50	7.43
Transportation Equipment	337005	477.12	447.88	427.51	38.2	39.6	38.9	12.49	11.31	10.99

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SEPTEMBER NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ADVANCES 14,700 IN ATLANTA AREA

Total nonfarm employment in the Atlanta area rose 14,700 over the month to an estimated 1,037,200 for September. Both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing recorded increases over the previous month. Over the year, the increase was 22,900 with nonmanufacturing industries supplying all the gain.

Manufacturing, at 142,400, rose 4,600 from August. The durable goods-producing sector increased in employment while the nondurable goods group remained stable. Primary metal industries and transportation equipment accounted for the upturn in manufacturing. The settlement of a labor dispute and the re-opening of an automobile assembly plant following a temporary shutdown for retooling for model changeover produced most of the gain in these industries.

Manufacturing employment showed only a slight uptrend from the same month last year as both the durable and nondurable goods categories remained at the same level.

Nonmanufacturing, at 894,800, advanced 10,000 from August. This gain was attributed to construction; transportation and public utilities; and government. The slight increase in construction was provided by the special trades segment. The major rise in transportation and public utilities was due to a labor dispute settlement. The increase in government was primarily confined to local education. Trade remained unchanged as were both the wholesale and retail segments. Finance, insurance, and real estate and services registered slight downturns

Nonmanufacturing was up 22,800 over the year with all major industries recording increases. More than 70 percent of the yearly gain was provided by the trade and service industries.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,037.2	1,022.5	1,014.3	14.7	22.9
Manufacturing	300005	142.4	137.8	142.3	4.6	.1
Durable Goods	300025	72.0	67.5	72.0	4.5	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.6	2.7	2.7	-.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.3	3.3	3.6	.0	-.3
Household Furniture	325105	1.7	1.6	1.7	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.4	7.2	6.9	.2	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.7	2.1	5.2	2.6	-.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.6	6.5	6.9	.1	-.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.9	7.6	7.7	.3	.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.5	11.5	11.8	.0	-.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.1	21.7	22.6	1.4	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.1	5.0	4.7	.1	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	70.3	70.3	70.3	.0	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.7	18.8	18.9	-.1	-.2
Meat Products	420105	4.3	4.4	5.1	-.1	-.8
Bakery Products	420505	3.6	3.5	3.4	.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.3	4.3	4.6	.0	-.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.9	.0	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.7	8.7	8.5	.0	.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.8	3.0	.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.6	7.7	7.5	-.1	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.9	3.9	3.8	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.1	16.9	16.8	.2	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.4	7.5	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.5	7.5	7.7	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.4	6.4	6.3	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	894.8	884.8	872.0	10.0	22.8
Contract Construction	200005	46.6	46.2	46.2	.4	.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	93.0	86.2	92.1	6.8	.9
Transportation	500015	58.4	58.9	57.3	-.5	1.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	291.9	291.9	282.7	.0	9.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	106.0	105.9	108.3	.1	-2.3
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	71.2	71.1	71.7	.1	-.5
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	34.8	34.8	36.6	.0	-1.8
Retail Trade	652005	185.9	185.9	174.4	.0	11.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	72.5	72.6	70.1	-.1	2.4
Finance	760025	29.4	29.1	27.3	.3	2.1
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.1	26.1	26.4	.0	-.3
Services	800055	227.0	227.7	219.9	-.7	7.1
Government	998008	163.8	160.3	161.1	3.5	2.7
Federal	998011	32.2	32.7	32.6	-.5	-.4
State and Local	998509	131.6	127.5	128.5	4.1	3.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	96.7	93.4	96.5	3.3	.2
Durable Goods	300025	50.3	46.9	50.1	3.4	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.4	46.5	46.4	-.1	.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.7	11.8	11.6	-.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.2	3.3	3.7	-.1	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.9	6.9	7.0	.0	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.1	3.0	3.0	.1	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.1	2.5	.1	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.0	2.1	2.1	-.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.7	2.7	3.1	.0	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.7	5.8	5.7	-.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.1	4.0	4.0	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.7	5.5	5.1	.2	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.0	1.5	3.4	1.5	-.4
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.6	4.5	4.8	.1	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.8	5.6	5.6	.2	.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.7	13.4	14.5	1.3	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$339.83	$333.88	$299.47	39.7	39.7	36.7	$ 8.56	$ 8.41	$ 8.16
Durable Goods	300025	366.05	355.51	318.55	38.9	38.6	34.7	9.41	9.21	9.18
Nondurable Goods	400015	311.40	313.29	279.69	40.6	40.9	38.9	7.67	7.66	7.19
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$308.66	$306.32	$269.99	40.4	40.2	39.3	$ 7.64	$ 7.62	$ 6.87
Textile Mill Products	422005	241.36	232.43	191.68	41.4	39.8	35.3	5.83	5.84	5.43
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	176.58	172.92	162.45	35.6	36.1	34.2	4.96	4.79	4.75
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	167.04	158.18	146.48	34.3	33.3	31.5	4.87	4.75	4.65
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	180.19	187.61	169.92	35.4	37.9	36.0	5.09	4.95	4.72
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	231.60	225.19	215.08	40.0	39.3	37.8	5.79	5.73	5.69
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	207.39	242.40	211.29	37.1	40.4	39.2	5.59	6.00	5.39
Paper and Allied Products	426005	397.54	395.66	350.43	43.4	43.1	40.7	9.16	9.18	8.61
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	381.41	365.92	330.30	43.0	41.3	39.7	8.87	8.86	8.32
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	374.31	396.93	351.52	42.2	44.8	41.6	8.87	8.86	8.45
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	343.51	348.25	287.26	42.2	43.1	38.2	8.14	8.08	7.52
Primary Metal Industries	333005	594.22	411.47	473.40	46.9	34.9	40.6	12.67	11.79	11.66
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	381.01	349.38	294.31	42.1	39.3	36.2	9.05	8.89	8.13
Transportation Equipment	337005	440.16	463.67	448.58	33.6	35.1	35.1	13.10	13.21	12.78

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 43,400, gained 400 during the month and was unchanged for the year. Over-the-month gains were primarily in the nonmanufacturing division, with transportation, communications, and utilities, up 300, leading the way. Gains were also recorded in finance, insurance, and real estate; contract construction; and services. Over the year, gains were reported in almost all nonmanufacturing segments, except government, which lost 200. Manufacturing lost 300 over the year.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged for the month and declined 300 during the year. No significant change was reported in any manufacturing segment in September. Both durable and nondurable goods were unchanged. Over the year, the largest decline (400) was reported in the "other durable goods" segment. This category includes building materials and furniture. Metals and machinery gained 100 overthe year; consequently, durable goods experienced a net decline of 300 jobs.

Contract construction, at 1,900, gained 100 for the month and 100 over the year. Lower interest rates have been instrumental in bringing the construction industry up from former low activity levels.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,200, gained 300 during the month and was unchanged over the year. Labor disputes have caused fluctuations within the communications industry in recent months.

Trade, at 9,400, was unchanged for the month and gained 300 over the year. Over-the-year gains were primarily in the wholesale segment although some increments were also recorded in retail trade during the year.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,300, gained 100 over the month and 200 for the year. Most of the gain was in the finance portion of the division. Services, at 5,900, gained 100 during the month and 100 over the year. Most of the annual gains were in business services and personal services.

Government, at 10,300, declined 100 for the month and 200 for the year. Declines were primarily in the state and local sectors.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.4	43.0	43.4	.4	.0
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.5	11.8	.0	-.3
Durable Goods	300025	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	-.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	1.2	.0	-.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.5	9.5	.0	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	3.1	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	31.9	31.5	31.6	.4	.3
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	1.9	2.2	.3	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.4	9.1	.0	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	6.6	6.6	6.5	.0	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.3	2.2	2.1	.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	5.9	5.8	5.8	.1	.1
Government	998008	10.3	10.4	10.5	-.1	-.2
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	7.7	7.8	8.0	-.1	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	53.1	53.0	51.4	.1	1.7
Manufacturing	300005	14.4	14.2	14.0	.2	.4
Durable Goods	300025	4.6	4.6	4.6	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	-.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.1	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.8	9.6	9.5	.2	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.0	2.9	3.0	.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.3	3.2	3.0	.1	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	38.8	38.8	37.4	.0	1.4
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.9	1.7	-.1	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.0	10.8	10.2	.2	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	1.9	1.9	.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	9.0	8.8	8.3	.2	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.6	1.7	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.2	7.1	7.1	.1	.1
Government	998008	15.5	15.9	15.1	-.4	.4
Federal	998011	1.9	2.0	2.0	-.1	-.1
State and Local	998509	13.6	13.9	13.1	-.3	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 123,700, an increase of 1,500 over the month and 700 over the year. The monthly rise was primarily attributable to increments in nonmanufacturing, while the annual rise was triggered by more activity in manufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 34,000, climbed 100 over the month and 700 over the year. The annual increase was concentrated in durable goods. Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month, but recorded an increment of 100 jobs over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,000, was unchanged over the month, but rose 500 over the year because of more activity in glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery, at 2,900, was unchanged over the month, but rose 600 over the year with more activity in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, rose 100 over the month because of more business in measuring and controlling instruments. This segment climbed 200 over the year for the same reason. Food and kindred products, at 2,800, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year. Textile mill products, at 6,900, recorded no change over the month, but dropped 1,300 over the year because of modernization and international competition. Apparel, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, recorded no change over the month but reflected a gain of 200 over the year in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,200, reported no gain over the month but climbed 500 over the year mostly in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 4,700, lost 100 over the month and 1,100 over the year due to the completion of projects in the area. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,200, rose 500 over the month as striking communications workers returned to their jobs. This division dropped 100 over the year. Trade, at 24,900, climbed 100 over the month because of more activity in retail firms. This division climbed 400 over the year as a result of the opening of new establishments. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged over the month and over the year. Services and mining, at 20,100, climbed 200 over the month because of more activity in educational services and protection services. This division recorded an increment of 1,000 over the year precipitated by the opening of new firms.

Government, at 31,300, rose 800 over the month as nonteaching personnel returned to the public school systems in the area. This division registered no annual gain as an increase of 300 in the federal sector was nullified by a similar loss in the state and local subdivision

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington. (404) 828-3131

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.7	122.2	123.0	1.5	.7
Manufacturing	300005	34.0	33.9	33.3	.1	.7
Durable Goods	300025	9.0	8.8	7.6	.2	1.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.0	3.0	2.5	.0	.5
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.9	2.9	2.3	.0	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.3	2.2	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.0	25.0	25.7	.0	-.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.8	2.7	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.9	6.9	8.2	.0	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.2	12.2	11.7	.0	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.7	88.3	89.7	1.4	.0
Contract Construction	200005	4.7	4.8	5.8	-.1	-1.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	3.7	4.3	.5	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.9	24.8	24.5	.1	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.6	20.5	20.1	.1	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.6	4.6	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	20.1	19.9	19.1	.2	1.0
Government	998008	31.3	30.5	31.3	.8	.0
Federal	998011	7.5	7.4	7.2	.1	.3
State and Local	998509	23.8	23.0	24.1	.8	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined by 1,200 from the August estimate. Manufacturing employment advanced by 100 while nonmanufacturing lost 1,300 during the month. Employment increased 2,300 from September, 1982. Manufacturing rose 1,000 while nonmanufacturing increased 1,300.

Manufacturing employment rose by 100 workers from last month and increased 1,000 from one year ago. The monthly gain was due to more business in food and kindred products. The annual increment was due to more business in lumber and wood products; metals and machinery; "other durable goods"; food and kindred products; textile mill products; apparel and other finished textile products; and printing, publishing, and allied industries. "Other nondurable goods" declined 100 during both periods of reference.

Nonmanufacturing employment dropped by 1,300 from August due to less business in retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; services; and in government. Government lost 1,300 employees primarily due to seasonal workers dropping out of the labor market. The majority of these workers returned to school. Transportation and public utilities employment increased by 400 over the month due to strikers returning to work in the communication sector.

Over the year, employment in nonmanufacturing increased by 1,300 workers. The largest gains were registered in contract construction; state and local government; and retail trade. All other areas of employment in nonmanufacturing increased except transportation and public utilities; services and mining; and federal government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404)571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	79.9	81.1	77.6	-1.2	2.3
Manufacturing	300005	20.7	20.6	19.7	.1	1.0
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	4.9	4.5	.0	.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.6	3.4	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.8	15.7	15.2	.1	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.0	3.9	3.8	.1	.2
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.5	8.5	8.2	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.2	1.3	1.3	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	59.2	60.5	57.9	-1.3	1.3
Contract Construction	200005	4.2	4.2	3.3	.0	.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	2.7	3.2	.4	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.8	16.9	16.4	-.1	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	14.2	14.3	13.9	-.1	.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.4	5.5	5.3	-.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	10.8	11.0	11.4	-.2	-.6
Government	998008	18.9	20.2	18.2	-1.3	.7
Federal	998011	6.2	6.4	6.2	-.2	.0
State and Local	998509	12.8	13.8	11.9	-1.0	.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 99,800 in September. The current estimate is up 900 from August and up 700 from September 1982. During the month, manufacturing gained 100 with durable goods adding 100 and nondurable goods remaining stable. Nonmanufacturing rose 900 with most of the increase in transportation and public utilities. Annually, manufacturing added 200 with advances in durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing increased 600 with gains in all categories except construction and transportation and public utilities.

Manufacturing, at 16,700 , was up 100 from last month and 200 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods added 100 with small gains in lumber and wood, nonelectrical machinery, and "other nondurable goods." Nondurable goods was unchanged with small offsetting fluctuations in all segments. Annually, durable goods increased 100 with most of the gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods was up 100 with gains in textiles and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by losses in food, apparel, and paper.

Nonmanufacturing, at 83,200, was up 900 from August and up 600 from September 1982. During the month, transportation and public utilities rose 700 as workers previously engaged in a labor dispute returned to work. Construction and government were up slightly with trade showing a small decline. Finance, insurance , and real estate and services were unchanged. Annually, losses in construction and transportation and public utilities partially offset gains in trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews. (912) 744-6170

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	99.8	98.9	99.1	.9	.7
Manufacturing	300005	16.7	16.6	16.5	.1	.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.3	5.3	.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.3	11.3	11.2	.0	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.8	1.5	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.6	1.5	1.9	.1	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.2	2.2	-.1	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	83.2	82.3	82.6	.9	.6
Contract Construction	200005	3.7	3.6	4.0	.1	-.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	3.8	4.7	.7	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	21.4	21.1	-.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.2	4.1	.1	.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.0	17.2	17.0	-.2	.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.2	6.2	5.9	.0	.3
Services and Mining	800055	17.9	17.9	17.6	.0	.3
Government	998008	29.6	29.4	29.4	.2	.2
Federal	948011	16.8	16.7	16.7	.1	.1
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.7	12.7	.2	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA declined slightly over the month and remains below year ago levels by an estimated 700. Manufacturing employment experienced a gain over the month and over the year. Nonmanufacturing employment lost both over the month and over the year.

Manufacturing employment increased 100 over the month and 300 over the year. Durable goods manufacturing remained stable over the month. This sector experienced scattered losses in some areas. The losses were offset by an equivalent gain in the transportation equipment sector. The nondurable goods sector gained 100 over the month. The increases were spread over various industries with no one of them significant.

Employment in the manufacturing sector has stabilized over the last several months. The present level is near pre-recessionary levels; consequently, no further significant gains are expected in the short run.

Nonmanufacturing employment declined 300 over the month and 900 over the year. A large portion of the decline in the yearly figure for nonmanufacturing occurred in the construction industry. This particular sector has been up and down for quite some time now. Interest rates and high unemployment in general has affected this sector. However, with the economy beginning to improve, employment in this sector should return to more normal levels. The drop experienced by the wholesale and retail sector is basically seasonal;employment in this sector will increase as the holiday season approaches. The services sector increased significantly over the year. Hotels and motels increased approximately 300 over the year due to the opening of several new establishments during the year. Employment in the medical field increased approximately 200 over the year. The remainder of the gains were scattered over several areas.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA appears to be on the upswing. We will continue to experience normal up and down movement, but the overall trend will be up.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	87.8	87.9	88.5	-.1	-.7
Manufacturing	300005	16.8	16.7	16.5	.1	.3
Durable Goods	300025	7.6	7.6	7.4	.0	.2
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.3	4.2	4.2	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.2	2.1	-.1	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.2	9.1	9.1	.1	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.1	4.0	4.1	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.0	2.1	1.9	-.1	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	71.0	71.3	71.9	-.3	-.9
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	5.0	5.9	-.1	-1.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.0	8.8	7.9	.2	1.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.1	21.3	21.4	-.2	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.8	17.0	17.1	-.2	-.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.2	17.2	16.4	.0	.8
Government	998008	14.7	14.8	16.2	-.1	-1.5
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	12.0	12.1	13.5	-.1	-1.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.4	11.3	10.7	.1	.7
Durable Goods	300025	5.7	5.7	5.1	.0	.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.7	5.7	5.6	.0	.1
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.5	1.3	-.1	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.7	3.5	3.0	.2	.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEP. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$416.74	$415.84	$389.84	45.2	45.2	44.3	$ 9.22	$ 9.20	$ 8.80
Durable Goods	300025	404.50	386.28	370.30	45.5	44.4	44.4	8.89	8.70	8.34
Nondurable Goods	400015	428.29	444.77	407.08	44.8	45.9	44.2	9.56	9.69	9.21
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$290.16	$291.81	$226.42	46.5	46.1	37.8	$ 6.24	$ 6.33	$ 5.99
Paper and Allied Products	426005	516.37	552.78	506.83	47.2	49.8	47.5	10.94	11.10	10.67
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	364.59	351.12	314.11	43.3	41.9	40.9	8.42	8.38	7.68
Transportation Equipment	337005	449.88	429.30	420.43	46.0	45.0	45.6	9.78	9.54	9.22

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1982	REVISED AUG. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	112,368,000	112,262,000	110,858,000	106,000	1,510,000
Employed	101,945,000	101,563,000	99,543,000	382,000	2,402,000
Unemployed	10,423,000	10,699,000	11,315,000	-276,000	-892,000
Rate	9.3	9.5	10.2	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	112,197,000	113,578,000	110,546,000	-1,381,000	1,651,000
Employed	102,366,000	103,167,000	99,851,000	-801,000	2,515,000
Unemployed	9,830,000	10,411,000	10,695,000	-581,000	-865,000
Rate	8.8	9.2	9.7	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,690,371	2,703,174	2,686,153	-12,803	4,218
Employed	2,502,115	2,512,698	2,481,872	-10,583	20,243
Unemployed	188,256	190,476	204,281	-2,220	-16,025
Rate	7.0	7.0	7.6	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,563	52,983	52,977	-420	-414
Employed	47,237	47,721	48,070	-484	-833
Unemployed	5,326	5,262	4,907	64	419
Rate	10.1	9.9	9.3	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	64,999	66,243	64,557	-1,244	442
Employed	61,124	61,717	60,268	-593	856
Unemployed	3,875	4,526	4,289	-651	-414
Rate	6.0	6.8	6.6	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,106,346	1,113,207	1,107,864	-6,861	-1,518
Employed	1,039,338	1,045,962	1,037,215	-6,624	2,123
Unemployed	67,008	67,245	70,649	-237	-3,641
Rate	6.1	6.0	6.4	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,680	133,903	139,218	777	-4,538
Employed	122,362	122,345	124,525	17	-2,163
Unemployed	12,318	11,558	14,693	760	-2,375
Rate	9.1	8.6	10.6	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,960	89,047	87,433	-2,087	-473
Employed	79,681	82,119	79,514	-2,438	167
Unemployed	7,279	6,928	7,919	351	-640
Rate	8.4	7.8	9.1	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,315	108,749	108,964	-434	-649
Employed	99,885	100,820	101,119	-935	-1,234
Unemployed	8,430	7,929	7,845	501	585
Rate	7.8	7.3	7.2	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	96,567	98,356	98,579	-1,789	-2,012
Employed	88,388	90,108	90,806	-1,720	-2,418
Unemployed	8,179	8,248	7,773	-69	406
Rate	8.5	8.4	7.9	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED AUG. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,680	133,903	139,218	777	-4,538
Employed	122,362	122,345	124,525	17	-2,163
Unemployed	12,318	11,558	14,693	760	-2,375
Rate	9.1	8.6	10.6	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,723	90,504	91,431	219	-708
Employed	82,987	83,354	84,655	-367	-1,668
Unemployed	7,736	7,150	6,776	586	960
Rate	8.5	7.9	7.4	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	43,957	43,399	47,787	558	-3,830
Employed	39,375	38,991	39,870	384	-495
Unemployed	4,582	4,408	7,917	174	-3,335
Rate	10.4	10.2	16.6	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED AUG. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,960	89,047	87,433	-2,087	-473
Employed	79,681	82,119	79,514	-2,438	167
Unemployed	7,279	6,928	7,919	351	-640
Rate	8.4	7.8	9.1	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,317	71,039	69,801	-1,722	-484
Employed	64,143	66,132	64,614	-1,989	-471
Unemployed	5,174	4,907	5,187	267	-13
Rate	7.5	6.9	7.4	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,643	18,008	17,632	-365	11
Employed	15,538	15,987	14,900	-449	638
Unemployed	2,105	2,021	2,732	84	-627
Rate	11.9	11.2	15.5	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED AUG. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,690,371	2,703,174	2,686,153	-12,803	4,218
Employed	2,502,115	2,512,698	2,481,872	-10,583	20,243
Unemployed	188,256	190,476	204,281	-2,220	-16,025
Rate	7.0	7.0	7.6	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,634,993	1,647,084	1,641,920	-12,091	-6,927
Employed	1,526,341	1,538,816	1,530,582	-12,475	-4,241
Unemployed	108,652	108,268	111,338	384	-2,686
Rate	6.6	6.6	6.8	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,055,378	1,056,090	1,044,233	-712	11,145
Employed	975,774	973,882	951,290	1,892	24,484
Unemployed	79,604	82,208	92,943	-2,604	-13,339
Rate	7.5	7.8	8.9	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $[illegible]
Quantity 1,300

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ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR NOVEMBER 1983 LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(October Data)

Comprehensive Employment And Training Act Expires

The end of fiscal year 1983 brought to a close a decade of employment and training programs operated under the provisions of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA). CETA was established to educate and train a diverse group of people, most of whom were economically disadvantaged, to enter and compete successfully in the labor market.

During most of those 10 years, Georgia's CETA programs were run by 11 administrative units called prime sponsors. The largest, comprising 133 of Georgia's 159 counties, was the Balance of State Prime Sponsor. By executive order of the governor, the Georgia Department of Labor was designated to administer programs in the Balance of State area as well as all statewide special services.

Balance of State planning and program operations were made responsive to local needs by dividing the prime sponsorship into smaller groups of counties, each group having its own employment and training council whose chairman was appointed by the governor. The councils' role was to advise professional planning staff regarding local training needs.

Staff of local Employment Service offices were deeply involved in CETA activities throughout the life of the program. Among the services they provided were recruitment, screening, eligibility certification, and referral of CETA clients.

Central office staff provided a wide variety of supportive services to the Balance of State Prime Sponsor, its area employment and training councils, and the statewide Georgia Employment and Training Council and technical assistance to other prime sponsors. Included in these supportive services was the writing of comprehensive plans, developing funding grants, establishing policies in conformity with federal regulations, allocating funds equitably to all Balance of State planning areas, and monitoring program operations. A management information system was also developed and maintained.

During the ten-year life of CETA, the Georgia Department of Labor administered almost $600 million.

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In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Dyco Manufacturing Company to Open Plant in Thomson

Dyco Manufacturing Company, which makes infant bedding and layette items, under the brand name "Infant Corner," will open a manufacturing facility in Thomson, Georgia soon. Although Dyco will begin operation in a leased building, plans are underway for the construction of a 10,000-square-foot building in West Thomson Industrial Park to house the manufacturing operation. Some 35 to 40 workers will be employed initially, building to a projected peak of 140. The Georgia Department of Labor is assisting Dyco's management in screening applicants for the jobs.

Laid-Off Workers to Get New Jobs

Nine Georgia companies have agreed to hire and retrain about 120 of the 220 workers scheduled to be laid off from the Social Circle Cotton Mill. The companies will be reimbursed for up to 50 percent of the training cost from a grant under the Job Training Partnership Act. The companies involved are: Base Racks, Incorporated; Flambeau Southeast Corporation; Leggett and Platt, Incorporated; Oxford of Monroe; Universal-Rundle Corporation; Walton Homes; Walton Manufacturing Company; Walton Press;and Walton Mill Incorporated.

New Hermes to Move to Atlanta

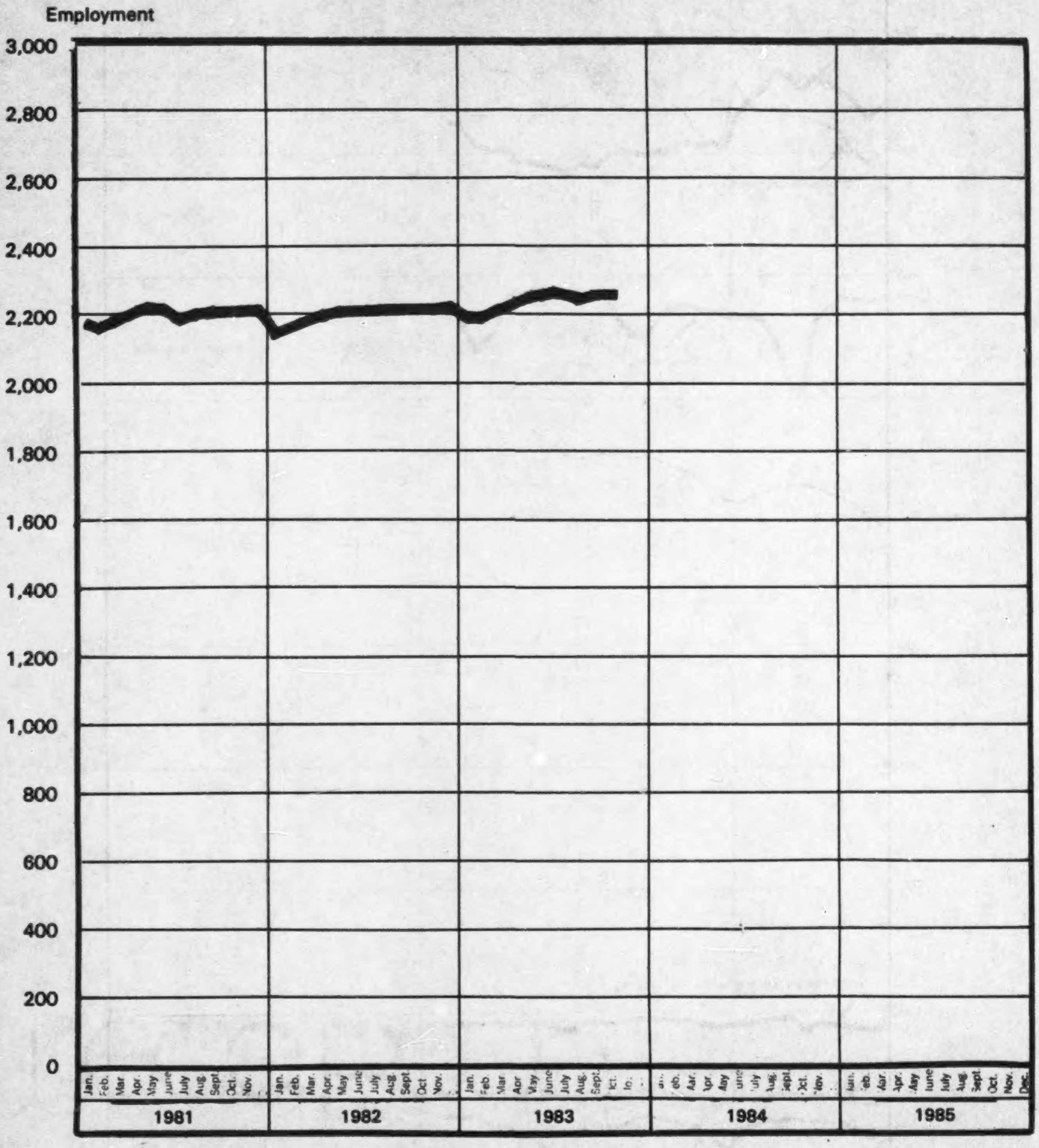
New Hermes, Incorporated, a manufacturer of engraving machines and accessories, has announced plans to move its corporate headquarters from New York City to Atlanta. A new 22,000-square-foot building will be constructed in the Sandy Springs area. Although some of New Hermes' present staff will transfer to Atlanta, about 30 new jobs will be created in the Atlanta office.

Cobb County Gets Office Park Addition

Construction has begun on the second phase of Overlook at Cumberland, an office park in the Vinings area. The 13-story office building will contain 278,000 square feet and will cost $ 18 million. It is located near the intersection of I-75 and I-285.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



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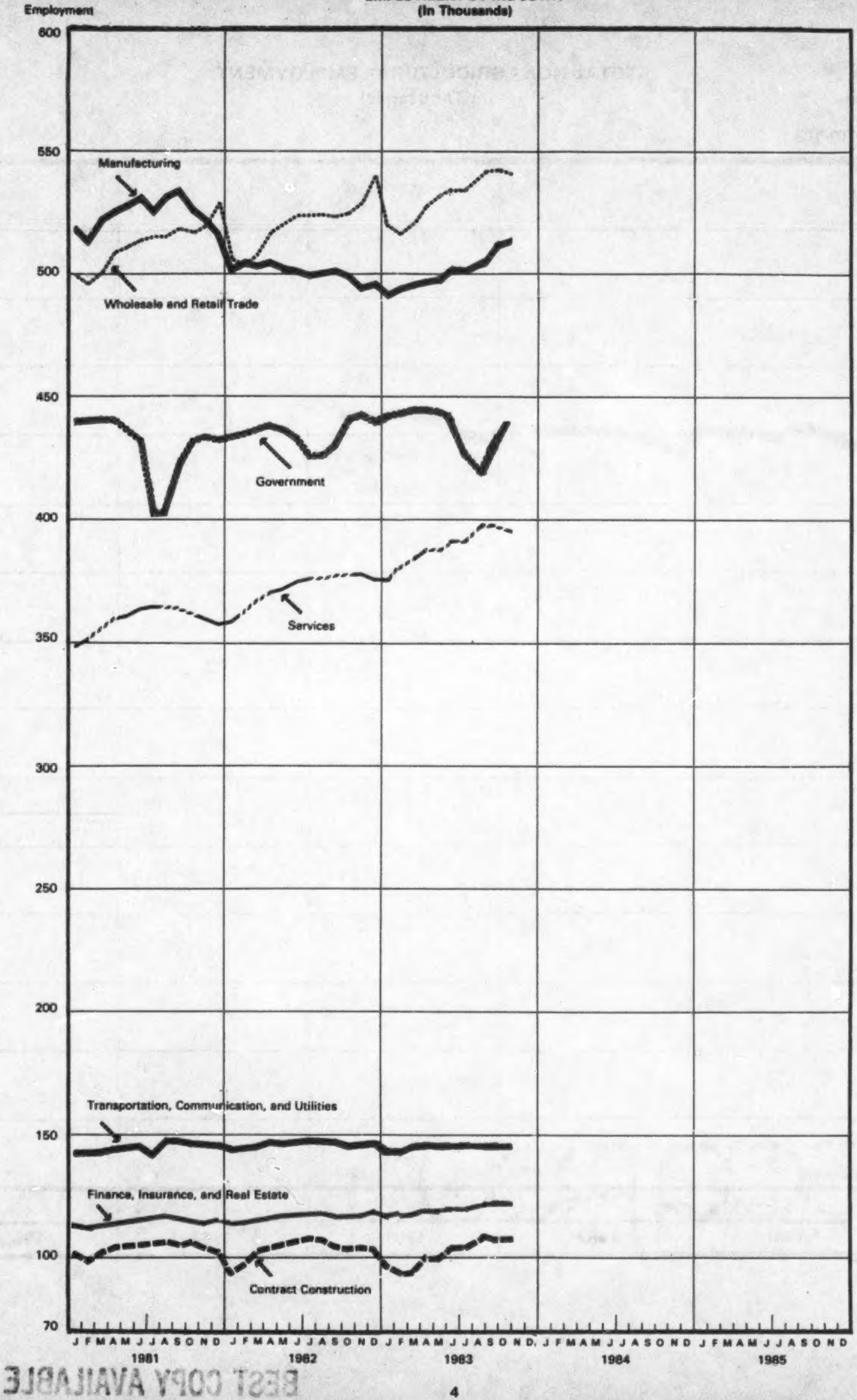
EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,279.5	2,269.4	2,215.3	10.1	64.2
Manufacturing	300005	515.0	513.0	499.1	2.0	15.9
Durable Goods	300025	182.5	180.8	174.9	1.7	7.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	29.5	29.3	28.1	.2	1.4
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.4	14.4	13.8	.0	.6
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.3	9.3	9.5	.0	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	5.7	5.7	5.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.6	16.5	15.9	.1	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.7	15.5	15.8	.2	-.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.7	17.5	17.0	.2	.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	20.4	20.4	19.8	.0	.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	23.1	22.8	22.1	.3	1.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	37.9	37.3	35.1	.6	2.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.3	12.2	11.6	.1	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	332.5	332.2	324.2	.3	8.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	59.6	59.5	59.3	.1	.3
Meat Products	420105	21.2	21.2	21.1	.0	.1
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.7	15.6	15.3	.1	.4
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	8.7	8.7	9.0	.0	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	108.9	108.8	103.9	.1	5.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.4	23.4	24.1	.0	-.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	4.0	4.0	3.9	.0	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	9.5	9.6	9.2	-.1	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	31.4	31.1	27.7	.3	3.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.7	21.6	21.1	.1	.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	71.0	70.8	69.6	.2	1.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.7	39.7	38.9	.0	.8
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	22.0	22.0	21.5	.0	.5
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.4	27.3	27.2	.1	.2
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.9	12.9	12.8	.0	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.9	6.7	.0	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.5	26.7	25.8	-.2	.7
Commercial Printing	427505	9.8	9.8	9.8	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.2	17.0	16.8	.2	.4
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.2	2.0	2.2	.2	.0
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	20.0	20.2	19.5	-.2	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,764.5	1,756.4	1,716.3	8.1	48.2
Mining	100005	7.6	7.5	7.4	.1	.2
Contract Construction	200005	108.3	107.6	103.5	.7	4.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	148.1	148.0	145.1	.1	3.0
Transportation	500015	86.2	86.0	84.1	.2	2.1
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	39.1	39.2	38.6	-.1	.5
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.7	22.8	22.4	-.1	.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	543.5	542.4	524.9	1.1	18.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	171.8	171.7	165.9	.1	5.9
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	102.6	103.1	99.6	-.5	3.0
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	69.2	68.7	66.3	.5	2.9
Retail Trade	652005	371.7	370.7	359.0	1.0	12.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	121.0	121.1	116.7	-.1	4.3
Finance	760025	54.4	54.5	51.1	-.1	3.3
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.6	42.4	42.0	.2	.6
Real Estate	765075	24.0	24.2	23.6	-.2	.4
Services	800005	395.8	396.3	377.6	-.5	18.2
Government	998008	440.2	433.4	441.1	6.8	-.9
Federal	998011	84.5	85.1	84.5	-.6	.0
State and Local	998509	355.8	348.3	356.6	7.5	-.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	384.9	383.0	372.7	1.9	12.2
Durable Goods	300025	131.9	130.8	127.2	1.1	4.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	253.0	252.3	245.4	.7	7.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.8	40.6	40.4	.2	.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	90.2	89.9	86.0	.3	4.2
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.7	20.6	21.7	.1	-1.0
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.4	3.5	3.4	-.1	.0
Knitting Mills	422505	7.7	7.8	7.4	-.1	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	25.7	25.4	23.0	.3	2.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.0	17.8	17.5	.2	.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	61.2	61.0	59.4	.2	1.8
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.8	34.7	33.6	.1	1.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.5	18.5	18.3	.0	.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	23.0	22.9	22.1	.1	.9
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.7	7.7	8.2	.0	-.5
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.8	20.7	20.6	.1	.2
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.7	9.7	9.5	.0	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.4	10.1	9.9	.3	.5
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	1.7	.0	-.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	12.2	12.2	11.8	.0	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.8	10.6	11.0	.2	-.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.6	13.3	13.3	.3	.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	14.2	14.2	13.3	.0	.9
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	15.5	15.4	14.8	.1	.7
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.8	24.4	23.6	.4	1.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH OCT, 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT, 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$298.03	$295.65	$272.40	41.8	41.7	40.0	$ 7.13	$ 7.09	$ 6.81
Durable Goods	300025	349.37	340.09	310.84	43.4	42.3	40.9	8.05	8.04	7.60
Nondurable Goods	400015	271.42	272.83	252.41	41.0	41.4	39.5	6.62	6.59	6.39
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$264.47	$264.77	$256.71	40.5	40.3	40.3	$ 6.53	$ 6.57	$ 6.37
Textile Mill Products	422005	255.23	265.43	232.64	41.5	43.3	39.7	6.15	6.13	5.86
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	263.13	264.97	235.57	42.1	42.6	40.2	6.25	6.22	5.86
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	293.69	292.56	263.54	43.9	43.6	41.7	6.69	6.71	6.32
Knitting Mills	422505	196.74	224.13	188.85	36.5	41.2	35.7	5.39	5.44	5.29
Floor Covering Mills	422705	266.02	282.15	247.34	42.7	45.0	41.5	6.23	6.27	5.96
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	251.93	265.79	228.31	40.7	42.8	38.5	6.19	6.21	5.93
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	181.74	180.31	171.77	38.1	37.8	37.1	4.77	4.77	4.63
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	179.83	176.60	171.02	37.7	37.1	36.7	4.77	4.76	4.66
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	179.24	178.69	173.50	38.3	38.1	37.8	4.68	4.69	4.59
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	238.94	244.22	225.74	41.7	42.4	40.6	5.73	5.76	5.56
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	214.97	197.22	208.47	44.6	38.0	41.2	4.82	5.19	5.06
Paper and Allied Products	426005	491.16	474.03	448.92	46.6	45.8	43.0	10.54	10.35	10.44
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	583.98	543.88	528.00	49.7	47.5	43.6	11.75	11.45	12.11
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	388.14	386.55	358.27	42.7	42.2	42.6	9.09	9.16	8.41
Leather and Leather Products	431005	157.60	149.56	133.85	35.1	34.7	30.7	4.49	4.31	4.36
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	341.54	346.26	315.82	42.8	43.5	41.5	7.98	7.96	7.61
Primary Metal Industries	333005	427.41	426.97	349.92	44.2	44.2	39.9	9.67	9.66	8.77
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	338.83	321.64	277.02	44.7	43.0	40.5	7.58	7.48	6.84
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	339.72	315.46	308.58	45.6	42.4	41.7	7.45	7.44	7.40
Transportation Equipment	337005	522.88	497.76	469.63	44.5	42.8	42.5	11.75	11.63	11.05

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S NONFARM EMPLOYMENT UP 4,500 FOR OCTOBER

The Atlanta area nonfarm employment reached a total of 1,041,400 in October, a gain of 4,500 over September. Manufacturing and nonmanufacturing experienced modest increases. Among the major industry groups, only finance, insurance, and real estate registered a loss which was confined to the real estate sector.

Manufacturing rose 400 for the month. The durable goods sector accounted for the increase while nondurables remained unchanged from the previous month. No one industry in all of manufacturing varied more than 100 during the month. Temporary partial layoffs were reported by a firm manufacturing nonelectrical machinery and by a firm in the "other nondurable goods" industry category.

Over the year, manufacturing employment remained at the same level as October last year. The very modest changes in both durable and nondurable goods were offsetting. Substantial gains were made in stone, clay, and glass products; "other durable goods"; and printing and publishing. Sizable declines were recorded for transportation equipment and food and kindred products (meat products).

Nonmanufacturing gained 4,100 during the month with much of the increase attributed to services and government. For the past year, nonmanufacturing climbed 24,600 to a level of 898,800 as all major industries contributed to the increase.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Data Communications Company to Build in Alpharetta

Digital Communications Associates, Inc., an Atlanta-based data communications company, plans to build an $8 million headquarters complex on a 30-acre site in Windward, a mixed-use development in Alpharetta.

Digital, which will relocate from Technology Park/Atlanta where its work force totals 260, expects to have 400 employees by fall 1984 when it moves into the first phase of its new 125,000-square-foot office-manufacturing facility. A company official said the company projects its work force will be in the range of 1,000 before the end of this decade.

This is the second major headquarters site sale within Windward, a new town being developed by Mobil Land Development Corp. in north Fulton and Forsyth Counties. Earlier this year, Advanced Control Systems, Inc. bought 53 acres. (The Atlanta Constitution - 10/26/83)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N Moss. (404)656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,041.4	1,036.9	1,016.8	4.5	24.6
Manufacturing	300005	142.6	142.2	142.6	.4	.0
Durable Goods	300025	72.5	72.1	72.3	.4	.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.4	3.3	3.6	.1	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.7	1.8	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.4	7.4	6.7	.0	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.9	4.8	5.0	.1	-.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.6	6.6	6.8	.0	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.8	7.9	7.5	-.1	.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.6	11.5	11.5	.1	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.2	23.1	23.8	.1	-.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.1	5.1	4.7	.0	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	70.1	70.1	70.3	.0	-.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.7	18.7	19.2	.0	-.5
Meat Products	420105	4.4	4.3	5.4	.1	-1.0
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.6	3.5	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.3	4.3	4.5	.0	-.2
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.6	8.5	8.4	.1	.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.6	7.6	7.5	.0	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.8	3.9	3.8	-.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.0	17.1	16.6	-.1	.4
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.5	7.4	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.6	7.5	7.6	.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.4	6.4	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	898.8	894.7	874.2	4.1	24.6
Contract Construction	200005	47.2	46.8	45.9	.4	1.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	93.2	93.0	92.0	.2	1.2
Transportation	500015	58.6	58.4	57.2	.2	1.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	293.2	293.1	284.3	.1	8.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.5	106.4	108.5	-.9	-3.0
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	70.4	71.0	71.5	-.6	-1.1
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	35.2	35.4	37.0	-.2	-1.8
Retail Trade	652005	187.6	186.7	175.9	.9	11.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	72.1	72.4	70.0	-.3	2.1
Finance	760025	29.4	29.3	27.3	.1	2.1
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.1	26.1	26.5	.0	-.4
Services	800055	227.8	226.0	218.7	1.8	9.1
Government	998008	165.4	163.4	163.2	2.0	2.2
Federal	998011	32.2	32.4	32.2	-.2	.0
State and Local	998509	133.2	131.0	131.0	2.2	2.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	96.8	96.6	97.2	.2	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	50.5	50.3	50.5	.2	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.3	46.3	46.7	.0	-.4
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.8	11.7	11.9	.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.2	3.7	.1	-.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.8	6.8	7.0	.0	-.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.1	3.0	-.1	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.2	2.4	.0	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.8	2.7	3.0	.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.7	5.7	5.6	.0	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.2	4.1	4.1	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.7	5.7	5.0	.0	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.1	3.0	3.2	.1	-.1
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	-.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.8	5.8	5.5	.0	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.6	14.7	15.7	-.1	-1.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$359.68	$351.08	$321.95	41.2	40.4	39.6	$ 8.73	$ 6.69	$ 8.13
Durable Goods	300025	404.07	387.84	355.78	41.7	40.4	39.4	9.69	9.60	9.03
Nondurable Goods	400015	310.59	311.08	286.08	40.6	40.4	39.9	7.65	7.70	7.17
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$296.96	$312.38	$293.99	39.7	40.1	42.3	$ 7.48	$ 7.79	$ 6.95
Textile Mill Products	422005	247.81	240.95	192.24	42.8	41.4	34.7	5.79	5.82	5.54
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	173.04	179.82	168.37	36.2	36.4	35.9	4.78	4.94	4.69
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	165.08	173.27	167.43	34.9	35.8	35.7	4.73	4.84	4.69
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	176.63	180.19	170.09	35.9	35.4	36.5	4.92	5.09	4.66
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	223.29	231.60	206.02	38.3	40.0	36.4	5.83	5.79	5.66
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	222.44	207.39	218.53	44.4	37.1	41.0	5.01	5.59	5.33
Paper and Allied Products	426005	395.28	397.54	368.05	43.2	43.4	43.3	9.15	9.16	8.50
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	374.43	381.41	331.70	42.5	43.0	40.9	8.81	8.87	8.11
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	388.89	376.94	341.85	43.5	42.4	40.6	8.94	8.89	8.42
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	336.07	343.51	310.42	41.8	42.2	41.5	8.04	8.14	7.48
Primary Metal Industries	333005	569.21	591.26	447.72	45.5	47.0	39.0	12.51	12.58	11.48
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	379.55	364.67	281.75	40.9	40.7	35.0	9.28	8.96	8.05
Transportation Equipment	337005	586.72	520.03	500.86	43.3	39.1	39.5	13.55	13.30	12.68

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 44,300, gained 500 during the month and was up 900 over the year. The October gain was primarily in school employment with smaller gains in trade and manufacturing. Annually, gains were reported in all nonmanufacturing segments except construction and transportation, communications, and utilities. Manufacturing lost 400 over the year.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, gained 100 during the month and declined 400 over the year. During the month, the durable goods segment was basically unchanged. The only change was a slight decline in "other durable goods". Nondurable goods showed an increment of 100 in food and kindred products. Over the year, manufacturing lost 400. A decline of 500 in "other durable goods" was partially offset by a gain of 200 in metals and machinery, resulting in a loss of 300 in the durable segment. Nondurable goods was down 300 for the year, with losses in food and kindred products and "other nondurable goods".

Contract construction, at 1,800, lost 100 during the month. Over the year, construction remained the same.

Transportation, communication, and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged during the month and down 100 over the year. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,300, was also unchanged for the month. An increment of 100 was reported for the year.

Trade, at 9,500, gained 100 over the month and 600 for the year. Most of the gain was in the retail segment, up 100 for the month and 400 over the year. Wholesale trade was unchanged during the month and gained 200 for the year.

Services, at 5,900, was unchanged during the month and gained 100 over the year. Most of the annual gain was in business services and personal services.

Government, at 11,200, gained 500 during the month and 700 for the year. Most of the gain was in education.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.3	43.8	43.4	.5	.9
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.4	11.9	.1	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	-.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.1	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.7	.8	1.2	-.1	-.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	9.4	9.7	.0	-.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.1	3.3	.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.9	32.4	31.5	.5	1.4
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.9	1.8	-.1	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.5	9.4	8.9	.1	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	6.7	6.6	6.3	.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	5.9	5.9	5.8	.0	.1
Government	998008	11.2	10.7	10.5	.5	.7
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	8.6	8.1	8.0	.5	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	55.3	52.8	53.6	2.5	1.7
Manufacturing	300005	14.7	14.6	14.0	.1	.7
Durable Goods	300025	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.2	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.9	10.0	9.5	-.1	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.4	3.5	3.1	-.1	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	40.7	38.2	39.6	2.5	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.8	1.7	.1	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.6	1.5	-.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.1	10.8	10.3	.3	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	9.1	8.8	8.4	.3	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.6	1.7	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.1	7.1	7.1	.0	.0
Government	998008	17.4	15.2	17.2	2.2	.2
Federal	998011	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	15.4	13.3	15.2	2.1	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area remained unchanged over the month at 123,600, but recorded a gain of 300 jobs over the year. The annual rise was triggered by more business in manufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 34,200, rose 200 over the month and 1,000 over the year. The monthly increase was concentrated in nondurable goods, while the annual increase was caused by more activity in durable goods.

Lumber and wood products, at, 700, remained unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year. Stone, clay, and glass manufacturing, at 3,000,was unchanged over the month, but rose 500 over the year, partly because of more business in glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery, at 2,900, remained unchanged over the month, but gained 500 over the year mostly in machine tools. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, recorded no change over the month, but reported an increase of 100 over the year with scattered increments.

Food and kindred products, at 2,900, was up 100 both over the month and over the year mostly in meat products. Textile mill products, at 6,800, dropped 100 over the month and 1,100 over the year. The monthly decline was attributed to less business in broadwoven goods, while the annual decrease resulted from the closing of firms. Apparel, at 1,900, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year with scattered decrements. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year because of more activity in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,300, rose 100 over the month and 600 over the year because of more business in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 4,600, dropped 100 over the month and 1,100 over the year because of the completion of projects in the area. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,200, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered declines. Trade, at 24,800 , dropped 100 over the month in retail firms, but rose 200 over the year because of the opening of new establishments. Finance , insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Services and mining, at 20,000, dropped 100 over the month because of less business in miscellaneous services. This division rose 700 over the year because of the opening of new firms.

Government, at 31,300, rose 100 over the month with moderately more business in the state and local sector. This division dropped 300 over the year due to less activity in the state and local subdivision.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington. (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.6	123.6	123.3	.0	.3
Manufacturing	300005	34.2	34.0	33.2	.2	1.0
Durable Goods	300025	9.0	9.0	7.7	.0	1.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.0	3.0	2.5	.0	.5
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.9	2.9	2.4	.0	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.2	25.0	25.4	.2	-.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.8	2.8	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.8	6.9	7.9	-.1	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.3	12.2	11.7	.1	.6
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.4	89.6	90.1	-.2	-.7
Contract Construction	200005	4.6	4.7	5.7	-.1	-1.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.8	24.9	24.6	-.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.5	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	20.5	20.6	20.1	-.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	20.0	20.1	19.3	-.1	.7
Government	998008	31.3	31.2	31.6	.1	-.3
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.3	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	23.9	23.8	24.3	.1	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment totalled 80,300 in October, 300 more than last months estimate. Manufacturing employment contributed 200 of the gain while nonmanufacturing rose by 100.

Manufacturing employment increased 200 from September because of more business in food and kindred products, textile mill products, and "other nondurable goods." Apparel and other finished textile products lost 100 workers.

A net increase of 100 in nonmanufacturing industries was caused by increases in trade and state and local government. Losses were noted in finance, insurance, and real estate , in services and miscellaneous, and in federal government.

Annually, manufacturing employment rose 1,300 with durable goods gaining 600 and nondurable goods increasing 700. The largest increase was in textile mill products, which rose 400, followed by metals and machinery, which gained 300. Food and kindred products rose 200. Lumber and wood products, "other durable goods," and printing, publishing and allied industries gained 100 each.

Over the year, nonmanufacturing employment moved upward by 1,000 workers. This net increase was caused by contract construction and trade advancing 700 each and by state and local government increasing 300. Partially offsetting losses were noted in federal government, in services and miscellaneous, and in transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann. (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	80.3	80.0	78.0	.3	2.3
Manufacturing	300005	20.9	20.7	19.6	.2	1.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	4.9	4.4	.1	.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.6	3.3	.0	.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.9	15.8	15.2	.1	.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.1	4.0	3.9	.1	.2
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.6	8.5	8.2	.1	.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.9	.8	-.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.2	1.3	.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	59.4	59.3	58.4	.1	1.0
Contract Construction	200005	4.2	4.2	3.5	.0	.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.2	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.0	16.9	16.3	.1	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	14.3	14.2	13.8	.1	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.3	5.4	5.3	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	10.7	10.8	11.1	-.1	-.4
Government	998008	19.1	18.9	19.0	.2	.1
Federal	998011	6.1	6.2	6.3	-.1	-.2
State and Local	998509	13.0	12.8	12.7	.2	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 100,000 in October. The current estimate is up 100 from September and up 700 from October 1982. During the month, manufacturing was unchanged with a small gain in durable goods being offset by a drop in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing added 100 with increases in trade and government. Transportation and public utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services registered declines with construction remaining stable. Over the year, manufacturing rose 400 with increases in durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing climbed 400 with gains in trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and government being partially offset by a decrease in transportation and public utilities and services. Construction was unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,700, was unchanged from last month with a gain in durable goods being offset by a decline in nondurable goods. The increase in durable goods was because of more hiring at a plant manufacturing general hardware while the drop in nondurable goods resulted from layoffs at a seasonal canning plant. Annually, most of the increase in durable goods was in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods added 100 with gains in textiles and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by losses in food and apparel. Paper and chemicals were unchanged during the year.

Nonmanufacturing at 83,400 was up 100 during the month. Gains in retail trade and the state and local sector of government were partially offset by declines in the motor freight and warehousing sectors of transportation and public utilities and in services. Annually, construction was unchanged while transportation and public utilities declined 300 with most of the loss in motor freight transportation. Trade advanced 500 with increases in the wholesale and retail sectors. Finance, insurance, and real estate was up slightly, and services dropped 200. Losses in mining and private education accounted for most of the decline. Government rose 200 with an increase in the federal sector and a small decrease in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	100.0	99.9	99.3	.1	.7
Manufacturing	300005	16.7	16.7	16.3	.0	.4
Durable Goods	300025	5.5	5.4	5.2	.1	.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.5	3.3	3.1	.2	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.1	11.3	11.0	-.2	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.7	2.7	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.8	1.5	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.6	1.6	1.9	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.1	2.2	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	83.4	83.3	83.0	.1	.4
Contract Construction	200005	3.7	3.7	3.7	.0	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.5	4.7	-.1	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.5	21.3	21.0	.2	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.2	17.1	16.9	.1	.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.2	6.0	-.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	17.8	17.9	18.0	-.1	-.2
Government	998008	29.9	29.7	29.7	.2	.2
Federal	948011	16.9	16.9	16.6	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	13.0	12.9	13.1	.1	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA rose 500 over the month. The increase over the year was estimated at 1,000.

Over the month, manufacturing employment increased approximately 300. Durable goods manufacturing rose 200 with the majority of the gain occurring in the shipbuilding and repair sector. Other scattered gains and losses were significant. Nondurable goods increased an estimated 100 over the month with the majority of the gain occurring in the chemical industry.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased an estimated 200 over the month. Contract construction increased 100 over the month with special trades accounting for the majority of the gain. Only slight increases were seen in the building and heavy construction sectors. Transportation and public utilities increased 100 over the month. Motor freight transportation decreased 100 and marine cargo handling increased 200 over the month. Other insignificant gains and losses were recorded. Wholesale trade increased an estimated 100 in anticipation of the holidays. Offsetting gains and losses occurred in the retail sector. Services declined approximately 100 as a result of various small changes.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA appears to be returning to normal employment levels. As the general economy continues to improve, employment in the area should experience some actual growth.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	89.5	89.0	88.5	.5	1.0
Manufacturing	300005	17.0	16.7	16.7	.3	.3
Durable Goods	300025	7.8	7.6	7.5	.2	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.4	4.3	4.3	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.2	9.2	9.2	.0	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.1	2.0	1.9	.1	.2
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.5	72.3	71.8	.2	.7
Contract Construction	200005	5.0	4.9	5.6	.1	-.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.1	9.0	7.6	.1	1.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.2	21.1	21.4	.1	-.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	17.0	17.1	-.1	-.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.0	17.1	16.7	-.1	.3
Government	998008	16.1	16.0	16.4	.1	-.3
Federal	998011	2.6	2.7	2.7	-.1	-.1
State and Local	998509	13.5	13.3	13.7	.2	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.4	10.9	.1	.6
Durable Goods	300025	5.8	5.7	5.2	.1	.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.7	5.7	5.7	.0	.0
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.0	.9	.9	.1	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.5	2.5	2.7	.0	-.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.4	1.3	.1	.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.8	3.7	3.0	.1	.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH SEP. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$465.12	$418.10	$388.46	48.4	45.2	43.5	$ 9.61	$ 9.25	$ 8.93
Durable Goods	300025	481.71	406.75	362.75	51.3	45.6	43.6	9.39	8.92	8.32
Nondurable Goods	400015	448.18	429.18	411.00	45.5	44.8	43.4	9.85	9.58	9.47
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$286.46	$289.54	$253.04	44.9	46.4	39.6	$ 6.38	$ 6.24	$ 6.39
Paper and Allied Products	426005	565.80	516.37	498.23	49.2	47.2	45.5	11.50	10.94	10.95
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	365.04	366.77	326.23	43.2	43.2	41.4	8.45	8.49	7.88
Transportation Equipment	337005	548.76	449.88	399.86	53.8	46.0	43.7	10.20	9.78	9.15

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	111,815,000	112,368,000	110,752,000	-553,000	1,063,000
Employed	101,928,000	101,945,000	99,176,000	-17,000	2,752,000
Unemployed	9,886,000	10,423,000	11,576,000	-537,000	-1,690,000
Rate	8.8	9.3	10.5	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	112,042,000	112,197,000	110,767,000	155,000	1,275,000
Employed	102,659,000	102,366,000	99,825,000	293,000	2,834,000
Unemployed	9,383,000	9,830,000	10,942,000	-447,000	-1,559,000
Rate	8.4	8.8	9.9	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,696,376	2,694,510	2,692,834	1,866	3,542
Employed	2,504,131	2,503,990	2,487,300	141	16,831
Unemployed	192,245	190,520	205,534	1,725	-13,289
Rate	7.1	7.1	7.6	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	53,310	52,999	52,946	311	364
Employed	47,978	47,654	48,085	324	-107
Unemployed	5,332	5,345	4,861	-13	471
Rate	10.0	10.1	9.2	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,346	64,652	67,209	2,694	137
Employed	63,271	60,767	62,694	2,504	577
Unemployed	4,075	3,885	4,515	190	-440
Rate	6.1	6.0	6.7	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,107,282	1,106,545	1,110,712	737	-3,430
Employed	1,038,651	1,038,775	1,039,046	-124	-395
Unemployed	68,631	67,770	71,666	861	-3,035
Rate	6.2	6.1	6.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	133,612	134,696	138,324	-1,084	-4,712
Employed	121,602	122,224	125,072	-622	-3,470
Unemployed	12,010	12,472	13,252	-462	-1,242
Rate	9.0	9.3	9.6	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,260	87,054	88,564	206	-1,304
Employed	79,831	79,713	80,290	118	-459
Unemployed	7,429	7,341	8,274	88	-845
Rate	8.5	8.4	9.3	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,028	108,480	109,284	-452	-1,256
Employed	99,614	99,962	101,252	-348	-1,638
Unemployed	8,414	8,518	8,032	-104	382
Rate	7.8	7.9	7.3	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,968	97,875	99,075	93	-1,107
Employed	89,693	89,572	90,804	121	-1,111
Unemployed	8,275	8,303	8,271	-28	4
Rate	8.4	8.5	8.3	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	133,612	134,696	138,324	-1,084	-4,712
Employed	121,602	122,224	125,072	-622	-3,470
Unemployed	12,010	12,472	13,252	-462	-1,242
Rate	9.0	9.3	9.6	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,144	90,676	91,936	-532	-1,792
Employed	82,537	82,884	84,744	-347	-2,207
Unemployed	7,607	7,792	7,192	-185	415
Rate	8.4	8.6	7.8	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	43,468	44,020	46,388	-552	-2,920
Employed	39,065	39,340	40,328	-275	-1,263
Unemployed	4,403	4,680	6,060	-277	-1,657
Rate	10.1	10.6	13.1	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,260	87,054	88,564	206	-1,304
Employed	79,831	79,713	80,290	118	-459
Unemployed	7,429	7,341	8,274	88	-845
Rate	8.5	8.4	9.3	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,436	69,367	70,678	69	-1,242
Employed	64,170	64,178	65,226	-8	-1,056
Unemployed	5,266	5,189	5,452	77	-186
Rate	7.6	7.5	7.7	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,824	17,687	17,886	137	-62
Employed	15,661	15,535	15,064	126	597
Unemployed	2,163	2,152	2,822	11	-659
Rate	12.1	12.2	15.8	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1983	REVISED SEP. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,696,376	2,694,510	2,692,834	1,866	3,542
Employed	2,504,131	2,503,990	2,487,300	141	16,831
Unemployed	192,245	190,520	205,534	1,725	-13,289
Rate	7.1	7.1	7.6	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,640,347	1,636,768	1,649,718	3,579	-9,371
Employed	1,529,368	1,527,016	1,535,556	2,352	-6,188
Unemployed	110,979	109,752	114,162	1,227	-3,183
Rate	6.8	6.7	6.9	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,056,029	1,057,742	1,043,116	-1,713	12,913
Employed	974,763	976,974	951,744	-2,211	23,019
Unemployed	81,266	80,768	91,372	498	-10,106
Rate	7.7	7.6	8.8	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR DECEMBER 1983 *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(November Data)

DISLOCATED WORKERS: SCOPE OF THE PROBLEM

Part I

Despite the easing of the overall unemployment rate, many people remain jobless with little hope of returning to their former occupations. Structural changes in the economy, caused by technological changes, shifts in consumer demand, and the inability of some of our domestic industries to compete successfully with foreign interests, have displaced a sizeable segment of the American work force. Although their number is the subject of considerable disagreement, a great deal is known about their characteristics and their social and economic problems. We shall examine these elements in this months installment.

The exact number of what is currently being termed dislocated workers is unknown, but national estimates range from 100,000 to more than 2 million. This considerable disparity results partly from the paucity of reliable data on which to base a count, but more on the definition used to define them. Under the strictest definition—that is, counting only workers who are displaced from declining industries and who remain unemployed for more than 6 months—the lower number is more nearly accurate. Most of these people are blue-collar workers from the industrial areas of the Midwest and Northeast. Under a more liberal definition which includes all unemployed workers in declining geographic areas, the number rises to around 2 million, only about half of whom are blue-collar workers. When the latter definition is used, managerial, sales, and clerical workers are much more strongly represented. Adding to the difficulty of quantifying dislocated workers is the recession of the past few years. No one has yet found a fool-proof way of separating the temporary effects of recessionary trends from true structural changes in the economy.

Although it is impossible to count dislocated workers in Georgia at this time because of gaps in some data bases and overlaps in others, available information indicates that the magnitude of the problem is less in the state than in the nation as a whole. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Georgia averaged 26,000 long-term unemployed persons per month during 1982. This figure was 12.5 percent of the total unemployed, up considerably from the 7.6 percent recorded in 1979. Expressed differently, Georgia's long-term unemployment rate (long-term unemployed as a percentage of the civilian labor force) was 1.0 percent. In the Southeast, only Florida has a lower rate. The national rate was 1.6 percent.

Despite their relatively small representation in the total labor force, the problem of dislocated workers is not a minor one for either society as a whole or for the workers themselves. Particularly in rural areas where job opportunities are limited, a plant closing may be devastating to the local community. The effects of the lost payroll may reach well beyond those people directly affected, causing economic decline in local businesses and secondary layoffs in some of them.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Who is the dislocated worker? In Georgia, this person is more likely to be male than female, more likely to be white than black. He has probably worked in an industry such as textiles, apparel, transportation equipment, or lumbering, and as these are often located in rural areas (except transportation equipment, most of which is located in urban areas), he is likely to be a resident of a small town. Although there is little information relating to either age or job tenure, interviews with workers in soon-to-be-closed plants indicate that many of them are middle-aged or older people who have worked for the same employer all or most of their working lives.

Although white males predominate in the dislocated worker pool from the standpoint of numbers, women and blacks are nevertheless well-represented. An estimated 0.8 percent of Georgia's women in the labor force were unemployed for 26 or more weeks in 1982, and 2.0 percent of blacks (both male and female) were classed as long-term unemployed. The rates for both women and blacks in Georgia were well under the comparable rates for the nation and the Southeast.

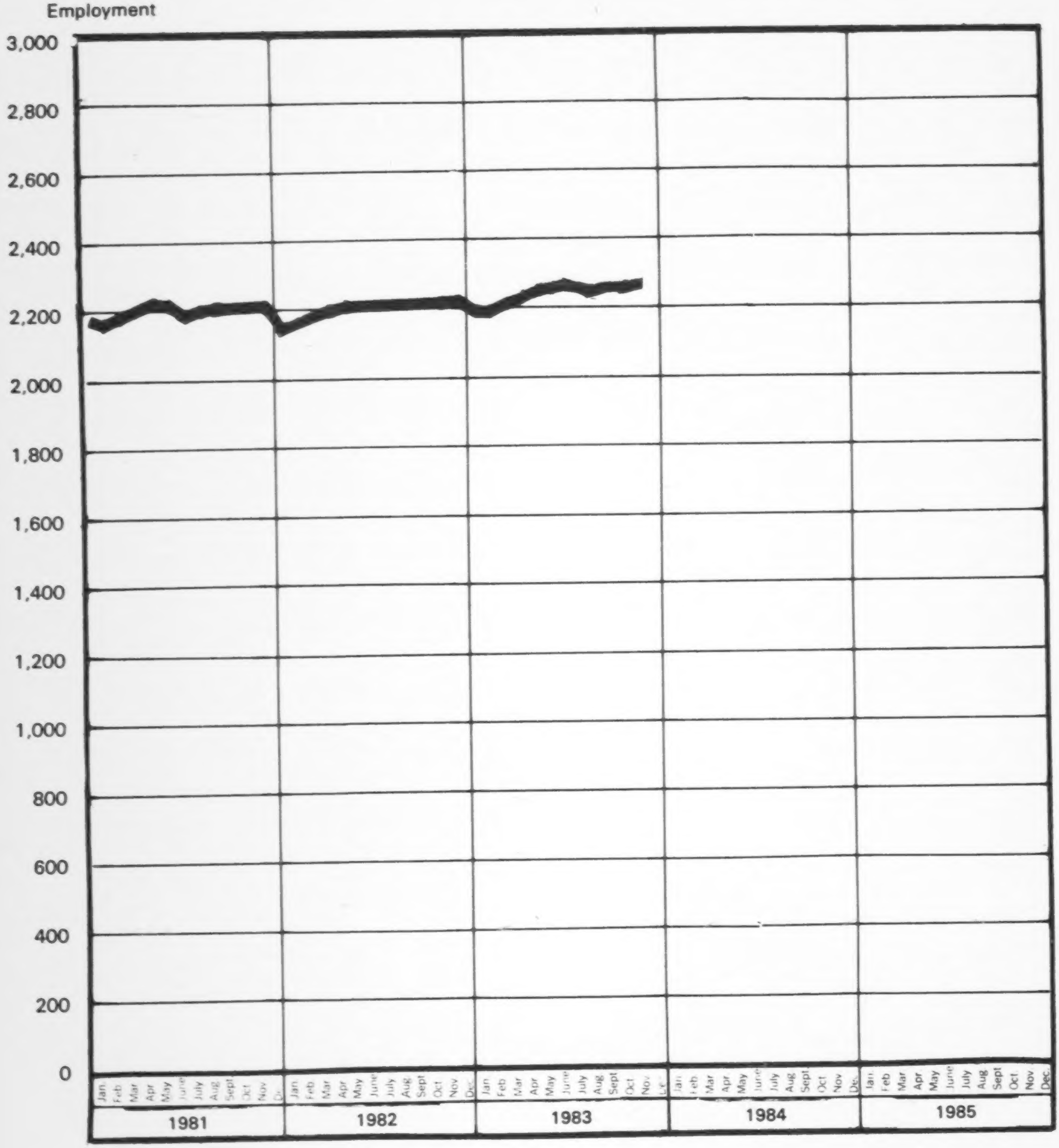
Displaced workers often face problems far greater than the obvious disadvantages of reduced income and loss of fringe benefits. When unemployment is caused by cyclical changes in the economy, it is often temporary, and workers with seniority are protected by either labor contract or custom from layoffs. During periods of structural change, however, it is the longer-tenured workers who are at the greatest disadvantage, according to a recent study conducted by the Congressional Budget Office. They are usually older than their co-workers with less seniority, and many are only semi-skilled. Their previous job experience may not be readily transferrable to another industry or occupation. Because earnings tend to rise with length of time on the job and promotions are often predicated largely on seniority, dislocated workers may reenter the labor market with unrealistic expectations regarding wages and status. They may find fringe benefits, such as pensions, vacations, and profit-sharing reduced. Often, workers with long job tenure have little information about the current labor market and, consequently experience great difficulty in finding new jobs. For a variety of reasons , older people are often less able to relocate to other geographic areas where job opportunities are more plentiful. They may own homes which would be costly to sell and replace elsewhere. They may have working spouses, children in school, or other strong family and community ties. As they are often blue-collar workers, they are much less likely to be assisted with moving expenses by a new employer than are professional or managerial personnel. Although they may have excellent work histories, older workers often find employers unwilling to hire them because of their age.

The previously-cited study by the Congressional Budget Office found that displaced workers' lives were usually seriously disrupted by their joblessness. One survey found two-thirds of them still unemployed a year after being laid off. On the average, their wages dropped by 17 percent when they were reemployed. The length of unemployment was directly related to age and skill level. For example, it was found that the proportion of workers over age 55 who were jobless for a year or longer was almost double the proportion of under-35 workers who were unemployed for a comparable length of time. It was also found that skilled workers average three and a half to six months less unemployment than their semi-skilled or unskilled co-workers.

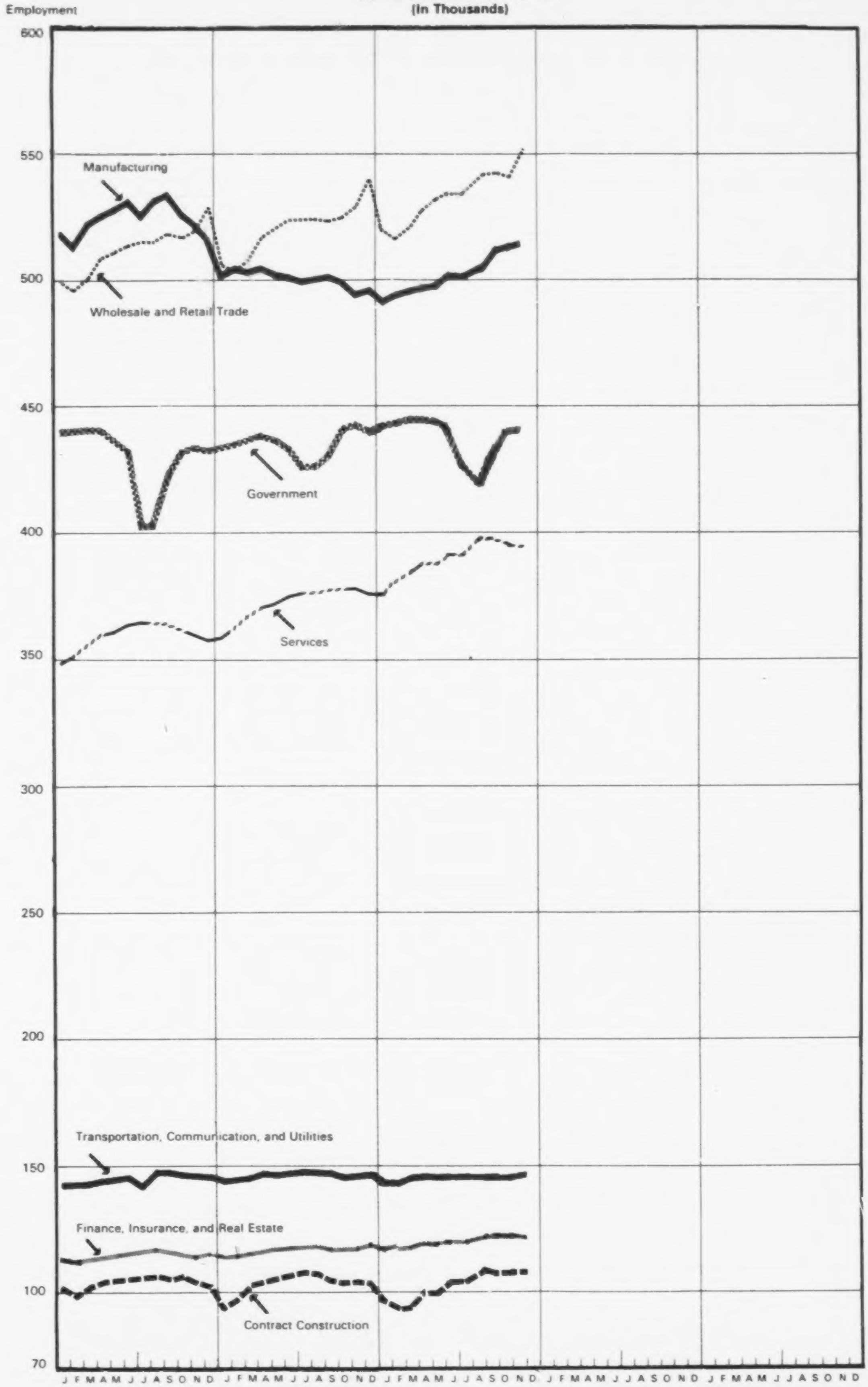
Next month, we will look at the role of government in the problem of dislocated workers and examine some of the programs designed to help them.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,289.2	2,278.7	2,217.1	10.5	72.1
Manufacturing	300005	515.4	515.0	494.5	.4	20.9
Durable Goods	300025	183.8	182.2	173.3	1.6	10.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	29.3	29.3	28.0	.0	1.3
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.4	14.3	13.8	.1	.6
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.6	9.3	9.2	.3	.4
Household Furniture	325105	5.9	5.7	5.5	.2	.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.2	16.4	15.7	-.2	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.8	15.7	15.6	.1	.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.8	17.7	17.1	.1	.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	20.8	20.4	19.4	.4	1.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	23.5	23.2	21.9	.3	1.6
Transportation Equipment	337005	38.4	37.9	35.0	.5	3.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.4	12.3	11.5	.1	.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	331.6	332.7	321.2	-1.1	10.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	59.1	59.7	58.4	-.6	.7
Meat Products	420105	21.4	21.3	21.1	.1	.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.8	15.8	15.4	.0	.4
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.7	4.4	-.1	.2
Bakery Products	420505	8.7	8.7	8.9	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	108.8	108.9	102.7	-.1	6.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.4	23.4	23.3	.0	.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	4.0	4.0	3.9	.0	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	9.5	9.5	9.3	.0	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	30.9	31.4	27.5	-.5	3.4
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.9	21.8	20.8	.1	1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	70.8	71.0	69.1	-.2	1.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.9	39.8	38.8	.1	1.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.8	22.0	21.2	-.2	.6
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.5	27.4	27.1	.1	.4
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.1	12.9	12.7	.2	.4
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.8	6.9	6.7	-.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.5	26.6	25.8	-.1	.7
Commercial Printing	427505	9.9	9.8	9.9	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.2	17.2	16.8	.0	.4
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.9	20.0	19.0	-.1	.9
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,773.7	1,763.7	1,722.5	10.0	51.2
Mining	100005	7.6	7.5	7.3	.1	.3
Contract Construction	200005	109.3	108.3	104.3	1.0	5.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	148.2	147.9	145.5	.3	2.7
Transportation	500015	86.2	86.0	84.4	.2	1.8
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	39.2	39.2	38.7	.0	.5
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.7	22.7	22.3	.0	.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	550.6	543.5	528.5	7.1	22.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	172.2	171.6	165.6	.6	6.6
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	103.1	102.6	99.7	.5	3.4
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	69.1	69.0	65.9	.1	3.2
Retail Trade	652005	378.4	371.9	362.8	6.5	15.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	120.8	120.9	117.0	-.1	3.8
Finance	760025	54.1	54.3	51.1	-.2	3.0
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.7	42.5	42.4	.2	.3
Real Estate	765075	24.0	24.1	23.6	-.1	.4
Services	800005	395.4	395.1	377.6	.3	17.8
Government	998008	441.9	440.5	442.3	1.4	-.4
Federal	998011	84.6	84.6	84.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	357.3	355.9	357.8	1.4	-.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	385.0	384.5	368.1	.5	16.9
Durable Goods	300025	133.0	131.7	125.8	1.3	7.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	252.0	252.8	242.2	-.8	9.8
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.3	40.7	39.6	-.4	.7
Textile Mill Products	422005	89.8	90.1	84.6	-.3	5.2
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.7	20.7	20.7	.0	.0
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.4	3.4	3.4	.0	.0
Knitting Mills	422505	7.7	7.7	7.5	.0	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	25.1	25.7	22.7	-.6	2.4
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.2	18.0	17.3	.2	.9
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	61.1	61.2	59.1	-.1	2.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.9	34.8	33.4	.1	1.5
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.3	18.5	18.1	-.2	.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.8	22.9	21.8	-.1	1.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.9	7.7	8.0	.2	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.8	20.8	20.5	.0	.3
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.9	9.7	9.4	.2	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.5	10.4	10.0	.1	.5
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	1.7	.0	-.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	12.1	12.2	11.8	-.1	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.9	10.8	10.7	.1	.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.5	13.4	13.3	.1	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	14.5	14.2	12.9	.3	1.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	16.1	15.7	14.6	.4	1.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.1	24.6	23.4	.5	1.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$302.40	$299.29	$275.37	42.0	41.8	40.2	$ 7.20	$ 7.16	$ 6.85
Durable Goods	300025	353.16	353.22	310.49	43.6	43.5	40.8	8.10	8.12	7.61
Nondurable Goods	400015	275.37	271.17	258.00	41.1	40.9	40.0	6.70	6.63	6.45
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$270.27	$263.16	$262.44	40.1	40.3	40.5	$ 6.74	$ 6.53	$ 6.48
Textile Mill Products	422005	261.02	255.64	239.13	42.1	41.5	40.6	6.20	6.16	5.89
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	268.82	261.66	244.99	42.4	42.0	40.9	6.34	6.23	5.99
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	283.16	293.69	256.54	42.2	43.9	40.4	6.71	6.69	6.35
Knitting Mills	422505	209.76	199.47	210.67	38.0	36.4	39.9	5.52	5.48	5.28
Floor Covering Mills	422705	276.51	267.89	255.85	44.1	43.0	43.0	6.27	6.23	5.95
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	246.31	251.72	228.13	39.6	40.6	38.6	6.22	6.20	5.91
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	181.93	180.88	169.73	38.3	38.0	36.5	4.75	4.76	4.65
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	180.50	179.35	170.25	38.0	37.6	36.3	4.75	4.77	4.69
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	179.80	178.78	164.78	38.5	38.2	35.9	4.67	4.68	4.59
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	242.34	240.55	217.40	42.0	42.5	39.6	5.77	5.66	5.49
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	232.79	211.75	197.80	47.8	44.3	40.7	4.87	4.78	4.86
Paper and Allied Products	426005	493.56	492.56	458.48	45.7	46.6	44.0	10.80	10.57	10.42
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	589.74	585.28	542.36	48.3	49.6	45.5	12.21	11.80	11.92
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	383.88	386.81	355.32	42.0	42.6	42.0	9.14	9.08	8.46
Leather and Leather Products	431005	151.40	157.60	155.22	34.1	35.1	35.6	4.44	4.49	4.36
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	340.32	341.54	314.67	42.7	42.8	41.9	7.97	7.98	7.51
Primary Metal Industries	333005	402.78	410.74	337.92	42.0	43.1	38.4	9.59	9.53	8.80
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	346.37	325.93	289.67	45.1	43.4	41.8	7.68	7.51	6.93
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	383.87	330.31	314.34	48.9	44.1	41.8	7.85	7.49	7.52
Transportation Equipment	337005	511.06	559.58	471.33	43.2	46.4	42.5	11.83	12.06	11.09

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SEASONAL GAINS IN TRADE BOOST ATLANTA EMPLOYMENT

Atlanta's nonfarm employment rose 10,200 from October to November, reaching a level of 1,053,300. Nonmanufacturing provided the employment increase because of seasonal gains in the retail sector of trade and moderate advances in contract construction, services, and government.

Manufacturing climbed to 143,200 with a gain of 500 in durable goods industries. The nondurable goods sector held stable during the month. Some weaknesses occurred in both durable and nondurable goods with partial layoffs in stone, clay, and glass; nonelectrical machinery; textiles; and paper (paperboard containers and boxes).

For the current month, manufacturing was up 3,500 over the same month last year. Durable goods industries accounted for nearly all of the increase, which was attributed primarily to advances in stone, clay, and glass production and transportation equipment assembly. Among the nondurable goods industries, apparel and other textile products and printing and publishing recorded increases over the year.

Nonmanufacturing registered a gain of 9,700 for the month as all major industry divisions rose. Trade exhibited the greatest increase followed by construction, services, and government. Transportation and public utilities, and finance, insurance, and real estate rose by 300 and 100 respectively.

More activity in general building and special trades contracting pushed construction employment upward, more than offsetting a slight drop in heavy construction. Trucking and warehousing and electric, gas, and sanitary services accounted for the modest increase of 300 in transportation and public utilities. The 6,500 additional jobs in trade were provided by the retail sector as most industries hired for the holiday season. Finance, insurance, and real estate remained at almost the same level as the previous month. Services rose 800 with modest gains registered by business services, automobile repair services, medical and health facilities, hospitals, and private education. Hotels, amusement and recreational facilites, and social services fell slightly. Substantially all the increase in government occurred in the state and local sector because of the rise in state and local education employment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,053.3	1,043.1	1,017.9	10.2	35.4
Manufacturing	300005	143.2	142.7	139.7	.5	3.5
Durable Goods	300025	73.1	72.6	69.8	.5	3.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.5	2.6	2.6	-.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.6	3.4	3.6	.2	.0
Household Furniture	325105	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.4	7.4	6.6	.0	.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.9	4.9	5.0	.0	-.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.8	6.7	6.7	.1	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.7	7.8	7.3	-.1	.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.5	11.6	11.5	-.1	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.4	23.2	21.8	.2	1.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.1	5.1	4.7	.0	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	70.2	70.1	69.9	.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.8	18.7	18.9	.1	-.1
Meat Products	420105	4.4	4.4	5.2	.0	-.8
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.5	3.3	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.4	4.3	4.4	.1	.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.7	.0	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.6	8.6	8.3	.0	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.5	7.6	7.5	-.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.8	3.9	3.8	-.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.0	17.0	16.8	.0	.2
Commercial Printing	427505	7.6	7.5	7.5	.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.6	7.6	7.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	910.1	900.4	878.2	9.7	31.9
Contract Construction	200005	48.5	47.4	46.8	1.1	1.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	93.7	93.4	92.1	.3	1.6
Transportation	500015	59.0	58.8	57.3	.2	1.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	300.1	293.6	286.8	6.5	13.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	106.0	105.9	107.4	.1	-1.4
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	70.3	70.5	71.4	-.2	-1.1
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	35.7	35.4	36.0	.3	-.3
Retail Trade	652005	194.1	187.8	179.4	6.3	14.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	72.0	71.9	70.2	.1	1.8
Finance	760025	29.1	29.3	27.4	-.2	1.7
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.3	26.1	26.6	.2	-.3
Services	800055	228.8	228.0	217.8	.8	11.0
Government	938008	166.9	166.1	164.5	.8	2.4
Federal	998011	32.3	32.2	32.2	.1	.1
State and Local	998509	134.7	133.9	132.3	.8	2.4

..NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	97.4	96.9	95.0	.5	2.4
Durable Goods	300025	51.0	50.6	48.8	.4	2.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.4	46.3	46.2	.1	.2
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.8	11.8	11.7	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.3	3.6	.0	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.8	6.8	6.8	.0	.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.1	3.0	-.1	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.9	2.0	2.0	-.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.0	2.8	3.0	.2	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.7	5.7	5.7	.0	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.7	5.7	5.1	.0	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.2	3.1	3.1	.1	.1
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.7	4.7	4.6	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.7	5.8	5.3	-.1	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.9	14.6	14.1	.3	.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$352.92	$362.20	$322.72	40.8	41.3	39.5	$ 8.65	$ 8.77	$ 8.17
Durable Goods	300025	391.68	407.97	356.40	41.1	41.8	39.6	9.53	9.76	9.00
Nondurable Goods	400015	311.04	311.36	287.23	40.5	40.7	39.4	7.68	7.65	7.29
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$309.10	$300.75	$285.04	40.3	40.1	39.1	$ 7.67	$ 7.50	$ 7.29
Textile Mill Products	422005	238.86	246.77	190.71	40.9	42.4	34.3	5.84	5.82	5.56
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	183.98	174.69	170.14	37.7	36.7	36.2	4.88	4.76	4.70
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	179.46	172.28	154.92	36.7	36.5	33.9	4.89	4.72	4.57
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	184.30	171.15	179.18	38.0	35.0	38.7	4.85	4.89	4.63
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	221.89	223.29	220.41	37.8	38.3	38.2	5.87	5.83	5.77
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	237.47	219.06	204.69	47.4	43.9	39.9	5.01	4.99	5.13
Paper and Allied Products	426005	405.28	395.28	369.37	44.1	43.2	42.9	9.19	9.15	8.61
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	390.73	373.54	335.78	44.2	42.4	40.7	8.84	8.81	8.25
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	357.20	388.89	342.36	41.2	43.5	41.1	8.67	8.94	8.33
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	334.85	336.07	311.74	41.7	41.8	41.4	8.03	8.04	7.53
Primary Metal Industries	333005	558.90	569.21	445.04	45.0	45.5	38.8	12.42	12.51	11.47
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	408.10	359.39	354.97	43.6	40.2	40.2	9.36	8.94	8.83
Transportation Equipment	337005	531.73	605.82	503.88	39.8	43.9	39.0	13.36	13.80	12.92

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 44,000, was unchanged from the previous month and rose 300 during the year. A decline of 400 in manufacturing during the year was more than offset by an increment of 800 in the nonmanufacturing division.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged during the month and declined 400 over the year. Durable goods gained 100 during the month. The increment was in the "other durable goods" segment, which is concerned primarily with the manufacture of building materials and furniture. In the nondurable goods division, a loss in the food products segment caused a decline of 100 jobs. Over the year, durable goods declined 200 while nondurable goods lost 300. Most of the losses were in "other durable goods" and food products.

Nonmanufacturing industries posted a net loss of 100 from last month while gaining 800 from last year. Contract construction, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month and gained 200 during the year. Most of the annual gain was in residential construction. Transportation, communication, and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged over the month and year. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,200, was down slightly over the month and unchanged for the year. Trade, at 9,600, was unchanged during the month, but gained 500 over the year. Approximately two-thirds of the yearly gain was in the retail segment, and the remainder was in wholesale trade. Services, at 5,800, declined 100 during November and was unchanged from the previous year. Most of the November decline was in business services and in the miscellaneous category. Government, at 10,800, was unchanged over the month and gained 200 during the year. The annual gain was primarily in the local government sector.

NOTE Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst W. David Wilson (912) 439 4181

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.0	44.0	43.7	.0	.3
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.5	11.9	.0	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	2.1	2.0	2.3	.1	-.2
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.1	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.7	1.2	.1	-.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	9.5	9.7	-.1	-.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.1	3.2	3.3	-.1	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.2	4.1	4.2	.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.5	32.6	31.7	-.1	.8
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.9	1.7	.0	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.6	9.6	9.1	.0	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	6.9	6.8	6.5	.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.3	2.2	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	5.8	5.9	5.8	-.1	.0
Government	998008	10.8	10.8	10.6	.0	.2
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	8.2	8.2	8.0	.0	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	55.9	55.5	53.5	.4	2.4
Manufacturing	300005	14.7	14.6	13.9	.1	.8
Durable Goods	300025	4.8	4.7	4.4	.1	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.4	2.1	.1	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.9	9.9	9.5	.0	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.4	3.4	3.1	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.0	1.1	.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.2	40.9	39.6	.3	1.6
Contract Construction	200005	2.0	2.0	1.8	0	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.6	1.5	1.5	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.2	11.1	10.3	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	9.2	9.1	8.4	.1	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.1	7.1	7.1	.0	.0
Government	998008	17.6	17.5	17.2	.1	.4
Federal	998011	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	15.7	15.6	15.3	.1	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 124,800, an increase of 1,000 over the month and 1,100 over the year. The monthly rise was attributable to more activity in manufacturing, construction, trade, and services and mining.

Manufacturing, at 34,400, climbed 300 over the month and 1,000 over the year. The monthly and annual increments were due to more business in durable goods.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Stone, clay, and glass products , at 3,000 , was unchanged over the month, but rose 500 over the year, partly because of more activity in glass products. Metals and machinery, at 3,000, rose 100 over the month with more business in nonelectrical machinery. This segment rose 600 over the year with increments throughout. Other durable goods, at 2,400, remained unchanged over the month and over the year.

Food and kindred products, at 2,900, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year with scattered increments. Textile mill products, at 6,700, dropped 100 over the month in broadwoven goods. This segment lost 1,100 over the year with changing technology triggered by international competition. Apparel and other textile products, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year because of scattered declines. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year with more activity in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,300, was unchanged over the month , but rose 300 over the year with more business in paper and chemicals. Construction, at 5,000, rose 500 over the month as additional projects moved ahead, primarily in heavy industrial building. This division lost 800 over the year because of the completion of some projects. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,200, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered declines. Trade, at 25,200, rose 400 over the month because of the usual retail increase triggered by Christmas shoppers. This division climbed 400 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance , insurance, and real estate, at 4,500, dropped 100 over the month because of scattered decrements . This division was unchanged over the year. Services and mining, at 20,100, rose 100 over the month and 800 over the year mostly because of the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,400, dropped 100 over the month and 200 over the year due to less activity in the state and local sector.

NOTE Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington (404) 828-3131

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	124.8	123.8	123.7	1.0	1.1
Manufacturing	300005	34.4	34.1	33.4	.3	1.0
Durable Goods	300025	9.2	9.0	7.9	.2	1.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.0	3.0	2.5	.0	.5
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.0	2.9	2.4	.1	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.1	25.2	25.5	-.1	-.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.7	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.7	6.8	7.8	-.1	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.3	12.3	12.0	.0	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	90.5	89.7	90.3	.8	.2
Contract Construction	200005	5.0	4.5	5.8	.5	-.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	25.2	24.8	24.8	.4	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.5	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	20.9	20.5	20.3	.4	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.5	4.6	4.5	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	20.1	20.0	19.3	.1	.8
Government	998008	31.4	31.5	31.6	-.1	-.2
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.3	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	24.0	24.2	24.3	-.2	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose 500 in November to 81,100. The increase was shared by manufacturing and nonmanufacturing. From November 1982, employment gained 2,600 with manufacturing increasing 1,500 and nonmanufacturing gaining 1,100.

Manufacturing employment had an increase of 200 from October with all groups remaining constant except metals and machinery. Over the year, employment in manufacturing swelled by 1,500 workers. Metals and machinery led in the increase with textile mill products following closely. Other increases were noted in all other segments except in stone, clay, and glass products and in "other nondurable goods," which remained unchanged.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 300 from October with trade contributing all of the gain. Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services declined by 100 over the month while services and miscellaneous employment lost 200 workers. Other groups remained unchanged. Over the year, nonmanufacturing employment rose by 1,100. Gains of 800 in contract construction and 700 in trade were noted while state and local government workers increased 100. Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services declined by 200 while services and miscellaneous employment lost 500 workers.

Employment Outlook

In January, employment should decline slightly as many seasonal workers will no longer be needed in trade establishments. When spring arrives, employment is expected to increase seasonally as well as in the staffing of new manufacturing facilities.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	81.1	80.6	78.5	.5	2.6
Manufacturing	300005	21.1	20.9	19.6	.2	1.5
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.0	4.3	.2	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.8	3.7	3.2	.1	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.9	15.9	15.3	.0	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.6	8.6	8.2	.0	.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.7	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	60.0	59.7	58.9	.3	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	4.2	4.2	3.4	.0	.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.0	3.1	3.2	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.5	17.0	16.8	.5	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	14.8	14.4	14.2	.4	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.3	5.3	5.3	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	10.7	10.9	11.2	-.2	-.5
Government	998008	19.1	19.1	19.0	.0	.1
Federal	998011	6.3	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	12.8	12.8	12.7	.0	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 100,800 in November. The estimate rose 700 from October and 1,600 from November 1982. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with most of the decrease in durable goods. Nonmanufacturing rose 800 with gains in construction, trade, services, and government. Transportation and public utilities and finance, insurance, and real estate were unchanged. Annually, manufacturing advanced 500 with increases in durable goods and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing added 1,100, with increases in most industry divisions. Transportation and public utilities recorded a loss of 300.

Manufacturing, at 16,500, declined 100 during the month and was up 500 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was unchanged with a small increase in lumber and wood being offset by a decline in stone, clay, and glass products. A seasonal decline at a glass container plant accounted for most of the decline. Nondurable goods was unchanged with small fluctuations in all segments. Annually, durable goods increased 200 with a loss in stone, clay, and glass partially offsetting a gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods was unchanged with gains in food, textiles, and "other nondurable goods." Apparel and paper registered losses with chemicals remaining unchanged.

Nonmanufacturing, at 84,300, increased 800 from October and 1,100 from November 1982. During the month, construction, trade, services, and government recorded increases. Transportation and public utilities and finance, insurance, and real estate were unchanged. Most of the monthly increase occurred in retail trade because of seasonal hiring for the Christmas season. Annually, construction gained 400 with an increase in general construction being partially offset by a decline in special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities lost 300 with most of the decrease in motor transportation. Trade rose 800 with increases in wholesale and retail segments. Finance, insurance, and real estate and services had small increases. Government rose slightly with a gain in the federal segment and a decline in the state and local segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews (912) 744-6170

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	100.8	100.1	99.2	.7	1.6
Manufacturing	300005	16.5	16.6	16.0	-.1	.5
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.4	5.2	.0	.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.3	1.3	-.2	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.5	3.5	3.1	.0	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.1	11.1	10.8	.0	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.8	1.6	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.6	1.6	1.9	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.2	2.2	-.1	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	84.3	83.5	83.2	.8	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	3.8	3.7	3.4	.1	.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.4	4.7	.0	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.0	21.4	21.2	.6	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.2	4.1	.1	.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.7	17.2	17.1	.5	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	18.1	18.0	17.9	.1	.2
Government	998003	30.0	29.9	29.9	.1	.1
Federal	948011	16.9	16.9	16.6	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	13.0	13.0	13.3	.0	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased approximately 500 over the month. Manufacturing employment increased an estimated 100, and nonmanufacturing increased 300 over the month. Over the year, total employment is estimated to have increased 1,500.

Manufacturing employment increased 100 over the month. The durable goods sector experienced a negligible decline as most sectors remained stable. Nondurable goods increased an estimated 100; almost all of the gain in paper and allied products. The remainder of the industries remained stable.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 300 over the month. Construction employment gained approximately 200 over the month. Building construction accounted for the majority of the gain with special trades contractors adding a smaller number to the overall gain. Heavy construction was the only loser with only a small amount being lost. Transportation and public utilities declined an estimated 300 over the month. Motor freight transportation declined about 100 over the month. Marine cargo handling dropped approximately 150 in employment over the month.

Wholesale and retail trade gained approximately 200 over the month. Both retail department stores and food stores experienced slight losses. Restaurants gained almost 200 in employment, and service stations gained slightly. All other sectors in the wholesale and retail area remained about the same. Services gained approximately 200 over the month. There were no significant gains or losses in any of the individual sectors.

Overall, employment in the Savannah SMSA appears to be heading toward normal levels.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	89.6	89.1	88.1	.5	1.5
Manufacturing	300005	17.2	17.1	16.4	.1	.8
Durable Goods	300025	7.9	7.9	7.4	.0	.5
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.2	1.2	-.1	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.6	4.6	4.2	.0	.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.1	2.1	.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.3	9.2	9.0	.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.2	4.1	4.0	.1	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.3	.4	.3	-.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.3	72.0	71.7	.3	.6
Contract Construction	200005	5.2	5.0	5.1	.2	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.4	8.7	8.3	-.3	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	21.1	21.3	.2	.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	16.9	17.0	.2	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.3	17.1	16.4	.2	.9
Government	998008	16.0	15.9	16.4	.1	-.4
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.4	13.2	13.7	.2	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.8	11.8	10.7	.0	1.1
Durable Goods	300025	6.0	6.1	5.1	-.1	.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.9	5.7	5.5	.2	.3
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	1.0	.9	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.6	2.5	2.5	.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.0	4.0	2.9	.0	1.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$422.96	$415.71	$402.73	44.9	44.7	45.2	$ 9.42	$ 9.30	$ 8.91
Durable Goods	300025	393.38	385.88	364.71	44.2	44.0	44.1	8.90	8.77	8.27
Nondurable Goods	400015	453.80	446.74	436.57	45.7	45.4	46.1	9.93	9.84	9.47
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$281.16	$286.46	$236.38	44.0	44.9	40.2	$ 6.39	$ 6.38	$ 5.88
Paper and Allied Products	426005	566.29	565.80	565.92	49.2	49.2	52.4	11.51	11.50	10.80
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	357.43	365.04	314.88	42.5	43.2	41.0	8.41	8.45	7.68
Transportation Equipment	337005	425.92	400.53	421.82	44.0	42.7	46.1	9.68	9.38	9.15

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY NOV. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED OCT. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	112,036,000	111,815,000	111,042,000	221,000	994,000
Employed	102,671,000	101,928,000	99,136,000	743,000	3,535,000
Unemployed	9,364,000	9,886,000	11,906,000	-522,000	-2,542,000
Rate	8.4	8.8	10.7	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	112,147,000	112,042,000	110,855,000	105,000	1,292,000
Employed	103,018,000	102,659,000	99,379,000	359,000	3,639,000
Unemployed	9,129,000	9,383,000	11,476,000	-254,000	-2,347,000
Rate	8.1	8.4	10.4	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,689,382	2,696,212	2,679,732	-6,830	9,650
Employed	2,503,430	2,503,395	2,466,593	35	36,837
Unemployed	185,952	192,817	213,139	-6,865	-27,187
Rate	6.9	7.2	8.0	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,671	53,020	52,796	-349	-125
Employed	47,570	47,697	48,057	-127	-487
Unemployed	5,101	5,323	4,739	-222	362
Rate	9.7	10.0	9.0	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,556	67,580	66,692	-24	864
Employed	63,668	63,502	62,139	166	1,529
Unemployed	3,888	4,078	4,553	-190	-665
Rate	5.8	6.0	6.8	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,118,189	1,109,283	1,109,998	8,906	-8,191
Employed	1,052,599	1,040,435	1,037,308	12,164	15,291
Unemployed	65,590	68,848	72,690	-3,258	-7,100
Rate	5.9	6.2	6.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	135,234	133,857	138,800	1,377	-3,566
Employed	123,273	121,792	124,985	1,481	-1,712
Unemployed	11,961	12,065	13,815	-104	-1,854
Rate	8.8	9.0	10.0	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,280	87,612	89,181	668	-901
Employed	80,890	80,135	80,439	755	451
Unemployed	7,390	7,477	8,742	-87	-1,352
Rate	8.4	8.5	9.8	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,749	108,142	108,675	607	74
Employed	100,529	99,725	100,677	804	-148
Unemployed	8,220	8,417	7,998	-197	222
Rate	7.6	7.8	7.4	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,924	97,657	98,681	267	-757
Employed	89,898	89,361	90,101	537	-203
Unemployed	8,026	8,296	8,580	-270	-554
Rate	8.2	8.5	8.7	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY NOV. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED OCT. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	135,234	133,857	138,800	1,377	-3,566
Employed	123,273	121,792	124,985	1,481	-1,712
Unemployed	11,961	12,065	13,815	-104	-1,854
Rate	8.8	9.0	10.0	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,265	90,285	93,035	980	-1,770
Employed	83,585	82,671	84,735	914	-1,150
Unemployed	7,680	7,614	8,300	66	-620
Rate	8.4	8.4	8.9	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	43,969	43,572	45,765	397	-1,796
Employed	39,688	39,121	40,250	567	-562
Unemployed	4,281	4,451	5,515	-170	-1,234
Rate	9.7	10.2	12.1	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY NOV. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED OCT. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,280	87,612	89,181	668	-901
Employed	80,890	80,135	80,439	755	451
Unemployed	7,390	7,477	8,742	-87	-1,352
Rate	8.4	8.5	9.8	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,187	69,645	71,109	542	-922
Employed	64,990	64,405	65,348	585	-358
Unemployed	5,197	5,240	5,761	-43	-564
Rate	7.4	7.5	8.1	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,093	17,967	18,072	126	21
Employed	15,900	15,730	15,091	170	809
Unemployed	2,193	2,237	2,981	-44	-788
Rate	12.1	12.5	16.5	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY NOV. 1983	REVISED OCT. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED NOV. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,689,382	2,696,212	2,679,732	-6,830	9,650
Employed	2,503,430	2,503,395	2,466,593	35	36,837
Unemployed	185,952	192,817	213,139	-6,865	-27,187
Rate	6.9	7.2	8.0	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,653,512	1,642,439	1,649,398	11,073	4,114
Employed	1,546,519	1,531,255	1,532,392	15,264	14,127
Unemployed	106,993	111,184	117,006	-4,191	-10,013
Rate	6.5	6.8	7.1	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,035,870	1,053,773	1,030,334	-17,903	5,536
Employed	956,911	972,140	934,201	-15,229	22,710
Unemployed	78,959	81,633	96,133	-2,674	-17,174
Rate	7.6	7.7	9.3	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $257.47
Quantity 1,300

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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR
JANUARY 1984
LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(December Data)

DISLOCATED WORKERS: PART II
The Search for Solutions

One school of thought views worker displacement as a temporary by-product of the evolution of a free market. Proponents of this view believe that the market will, in time, correct itself, eventually providing new jobs in other industries for those who have lost their positions as a result of structural changes in the economy. They believe that government should provide no special assistance to these workers.

Proponents of aid to dislocated workers argue that the price of allowing market forces free rein is too high in both economic and human terms. They cite the special problems faced by these people, including the tangible ones such as lack of saleable skills in a changing marketplace and the intangible ones like the loss of self-esteem so often suffered by the jobless. Some insist that a measure of government intervention is essential because the unemployed are a drain on the economy that society cannot afford, in terms of both their lost productivity and their increased demand on the social services network.

Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) was an attempt to deal with the problem on a limited scale. Initiated in 1962, the program was designed specifically to assist workers who lost their jobs because of imports. Benefits were much more liberal than those provided under state unemployment insurance programs. In addition to allowances for job search and relocation expenses, weekly benefits (under the 1974 revisions in the Trade Act) were calculated at the lower of the average manufacturing wage or 70 percent of the worker's own wage. Benefits could be paid for up to 78 weeks, three times the maximum duration of regular unemployment insurance benefits.

Although conceived as a method to provide financial assistance to workers during a period of retraining and adjustment to a changing labor market, the program has actually been more one of income maintenance. According to a Congressional Research Service study, less than three percent of recipients were referred to training, and only about the same percentage were placed in new jobs. Relatively few Trade Readjustment Allowances (TRA) applicants even applied for employment services or received counseling.

During the years following the inception of the program, eligibility requirements were liberalized considerably, and costs of the program grew accordingly. Applications for TRA increased more than tenfold from 1976 to 1980, and cash outlays rose from $70 million to $1.7 billion. Concern about spiraling costs increased at the same time as questions arose regarding the program's effectiveness. Criticisms were leveled at provisions which allowed retroactive payments to laid-off workers, up to 75 percent of

(Continued on the following page)

whom were already reemployed when they applied for benefits. Indeed, it became apparent that many beneficiaries of the program were not the victims of structural changes in the economy, but rather of short-term cyclical factors. General Accounting Office studies found that almost three-fourths of those receiving TAA payments returned to their former jobs.

The Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1981 included changes intended to contain costs and emphasize the original intent of the program. Cash benefits were limited to each state's maximum unemployment insurance level and could be paid only after unemployment insurance benefits were exhausted. The combined duration of UI and TAA could not exceed 52 weeks. The Secretary of Labor was authorized to require TAA recipients in areas of high unemployment to enroll in a training program or look for a job in another area. The Congressional Budget Office estimates that these changes resulted in savings of well over $1 billion in fiscal year 1982.

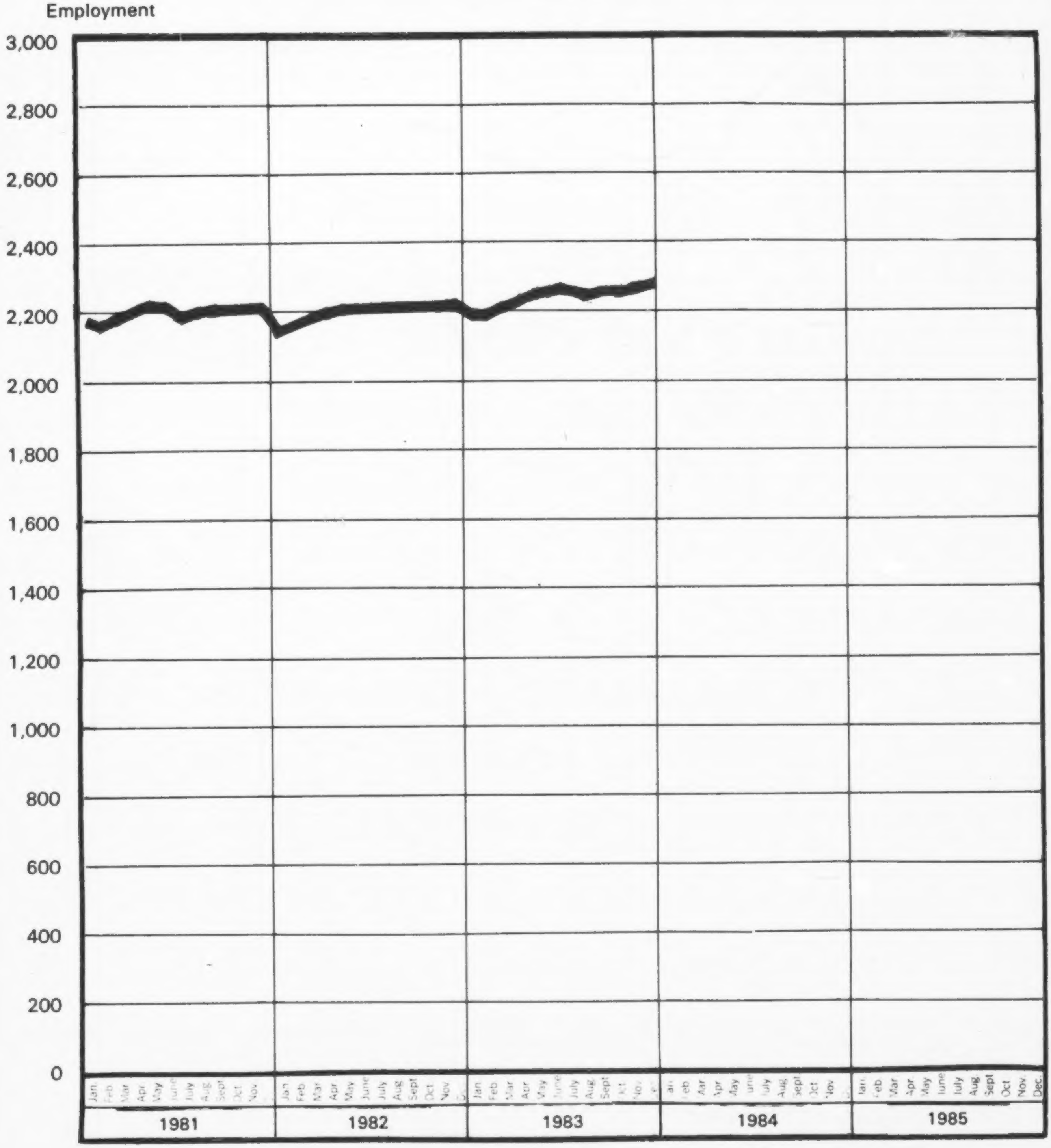
In the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) of 1982, Congress once again recognized and addressed the special needs of dislocated workers. Title III of the act deals specifically with employment and training assistance for these people. Eligibility standards for participating in the program are broad. Included are all who have been terminated or laid off or who have been notified of pending termination, are eligible for or have exhausted unemployment insurance benefits, and are unlikely to return to work in their previous industry or occupation. Also included are those who have lost their jobs because of the permanent closing of a facility, the long-term jobless who have limited employment opportunities within their area of residence, and older workers whose age may represent a substantial barrier to employment.

States may provide a wide variety of services to displaced workers. The law states that the funds allocated are "for the purpose of providing training, retraining, job search assistance, placement, relocation assistance, and other aid . . . to individuals who are affected by mass layoffs, natural disasters, Federal Government [*sic*] actions (such as relocations of Federal [*sic*] facilities), or who reside in areas of high unemployment or designated enterprise zones." The act also declares that states are not limited to those services specifically authorized.

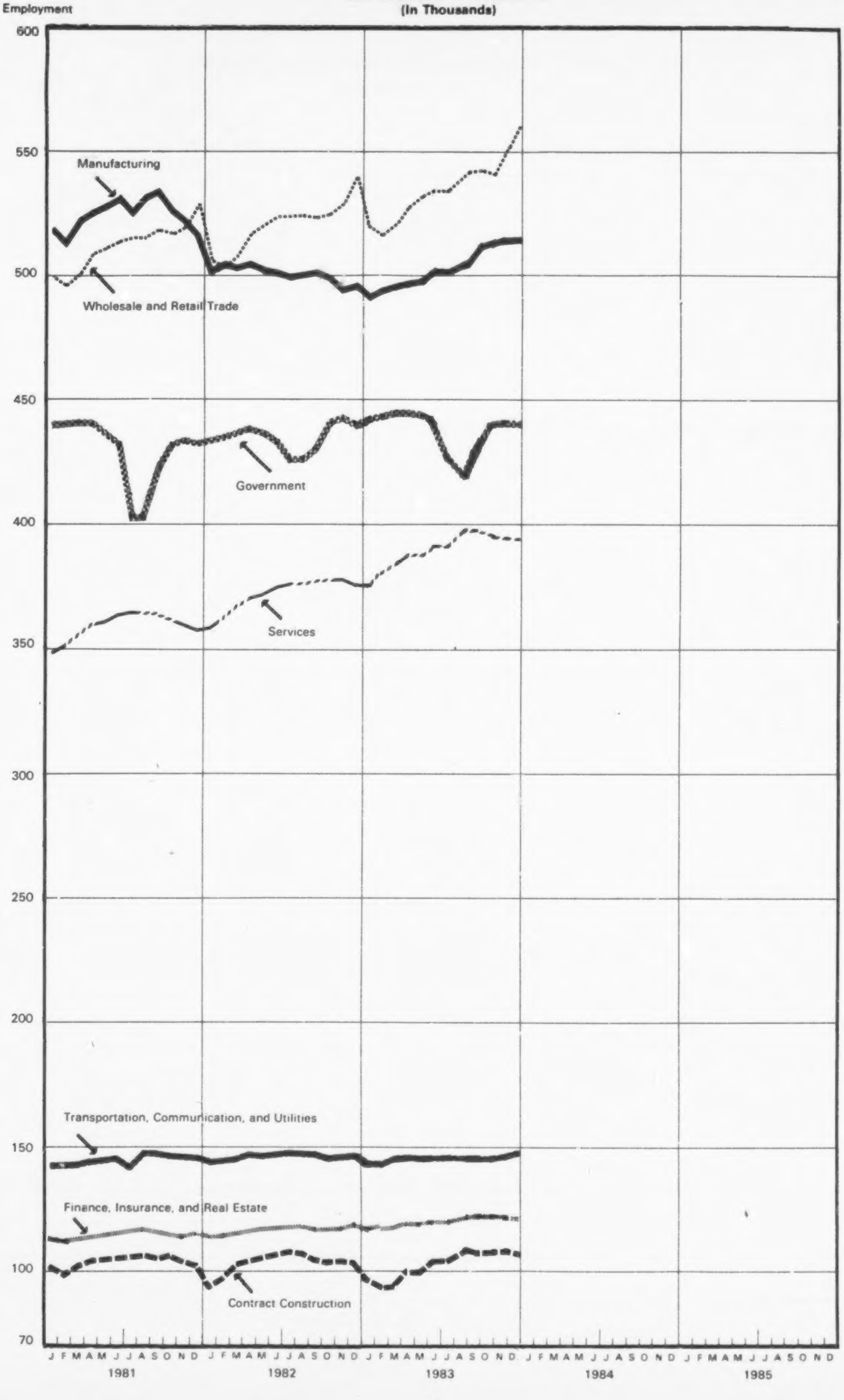
This three-part series will conclude next month with a look at dislocated worker assistance programs in Georgia.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,295.6	2,287.5	2,226.5	8.1	69.1
Manufacturing	300005	515.0	515.0	495.4	.0	19.6
Durable Goods	300025	184.2	183.4	173.6	.8	10.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	29.3	29.2	27.9	.1	1.4
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.5	14.4	13.8	.1	.7
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.6	9.6	9.0	.0	.6
Household Furniture	325105	5.9	5.9	5.4	.0	.5
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.1	16.2	15.6	-.1	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.9	15.8	15.2	.1	.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.7	17.7	17.0	.0	.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	21.0	20.8	19.4	.2	1.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	23.8	23.5	21.9	.3	1.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	38.5	38.3	35.7	.2	2.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.4	12.3	11.7	.1	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	330.8	331.6	321.8	-.8	9.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	58.4	59.0	58.0	-.6	.4
Meat Products	420105	21.3	21.5	21.0	-.2	.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.8	15.9	15.3	-.1	.5
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	8.6	8.7	8.7	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	108.9	108.6	103.5	.3	5.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.1	23.2	24.3	-.1	-1.2
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	4.1	4.0	3.9	.1	.2
Knitting Mills	422505	9.5	9.4	9.1	.1	.4
Floor Covering Mills	422705	31.2	31.0	27.5	.2	3.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.9	21.9	20.5	.0	1.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	70.3	71.0	69.0	-.7	1.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.4	39.9	38.9	-.5	.5
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.8	21.9	20.9	-.1	.9
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.5	27.5	27.1	.0	.4
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.1	13.1	12.6	.0	.5
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.8	6.7	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.4	26.5	26.1	-.1	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	9.8	9.8	9.9	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.3	17.3	16.5	.0	.8
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.3	2.2	2.2	.1	.1
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.8	1.9	2.0	-.1	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	20.1	19.9	19.6	.2	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,780.6	1,772.4	1,731.2	8.2	49.4
Mining	100005	7.6	7.6	7.4	.0	.2
Contract Construction	200005	108.0	109.5	103.5	-1.5	4.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	149.4	148.2	146.3	1.2	3.1
Transportation	500015	86.9	86.0	85.4	.9	1.5
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	39.7	39.5	38.6	.2	1.1
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.9	22.7	22.3	.2	.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	560.3	549.6	540.0	10.7	20.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	172.0	172.1	166.5	-.1	5.5
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	103.5	103.1	100.3	.4	3.2
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	68.5	69.0	66.2	-.5	2.3
Retail Trade	652005	388.3	377.5	373.4	10.8	14.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	121.1	120.8	117.9	.3	3.2
Finance	760025	54.8	54.2	51.6	.6	3.2
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.4	42.6	42.6	-.2	-.2
Real Estate	765075	24.0	24.0	23.7	.0	.3
Services	800005	393.8	395.2	376.3	-1.4	17.5
Government	998008	440.3	441.5	439.8	-1.2	.5
Federal	998011	85.0	85.0	84.2	.0	.8
State and Local	998509	355.3	356.5	355.6	-1.2	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	384.7	384.6	369.6	.1	15.1
Durable Goods	330025	133.5	132.6	126.5	.9	7.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	251.2	251.9	243.1	-.7	8.1
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	39.7	40.2	39.2	-.5	.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	90.1	89.9	85.4	.2	4.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.4	20.5	21.6	-.1	-1.2
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.5	3.4	3.4	.1	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	7.8	7.7	7.5	.1	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	25.5	25.3	22.7	.2	2.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.2	18.2	17.1	.0	1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.4	61.2	59.0	-.8	1.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.4	34.9	33.6	-.5	.8
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.3	18.4	17.8	-.1	.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.9	22.8	21.9	.1	1.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.9	7.9	8.0	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.9	20.8	20.4	.1	.5
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.9	9.9	9.3	.0	.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.5	10.5	9.8	.0	.7
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	1.7	.0	-.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	12.0	11.9	11.6	.1	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.0	10.9	10.5	.1	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.3	13.4	13.3	-.1	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	14.7	14.5	13.1	.2	1.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	16.3	16.0	14.6	.3	1.7
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.3	25.2	24.2	.1	1.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$308.79	$301.38	$279.16	42.3	41.8	40.4	$ 7.30	$ 7.21	$ 6.91
Durable Goods	300025	367.50	351.11	317.82	44.6	43.4	41.6	8.24	8.09	7.64
Nondurable Goods	400015	276.75	274.85	259.50	41.0	40.9	39.8	6.75	6.72	6.52
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$265.32	$267.46	$256.10	39.6	39.8	39.4	$ 6.70	$ 6.72	$ 6.50
Textile Mill Products	422005	261.25	261.25	246.02	41.6	41.8	40.8	6.28	6.25	6.03
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	261.87	266.28	246.24	41.5	42.0	40.5	6.31	6.34	6.08
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	289.28	283.41	283.60	43.5	42.3	43.1	6.65	6.70	6.58
Knitting Mills	422505	215.17	209.55	223.97	38.7	38.1	42.1	5.56	5.50	5.32
Floor Covering Mills	422705	277.78	276.70	270.32	43.0	43.1	43.6	6.46	6.42	6.20
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	254.75	249.38	224.22	40.5	39.9	37.0	6.29	6.25	6.06
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	182.78	180.98	166.47	38.4	38.1	35.8	4.76	4.75	4.65
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	180.31	180.03	164.96	37.8	37.9	35.4	4.77	4.75	4.66
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	177.87	177.46	163.30	38.5	38.0	35.5	4.62	4.67	4.60
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	251.41	243.49	228.94	43.8	42.2	41.4	5.74	5.77	5.53
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	245.21	232.33	221.82	47.8	45.2	44.1	5.13	5.14	5.03
Paper and Allied Products	426005	496.93	495.10	454.03	45.8	45.8	43.2	10.85	10.81	10.51
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	593.38	590.96	548.89	48.4	48.4	45.4	12.26	12.21	12.09
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	404.32	392.35	372.61	43.9	42.6	44.2	9.21	9.21	8.43
Leather and Leather Products	431005	147.40	151.47	152.69	34.2	34.9	35.1	4.31	4.34	4.35
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	336.87	336.05	312.00	43.3	42.7	41.6	7.78	7.87	7.50
Primary Metal Industries	333005	383.26	402.36	342.30	40.6	42.0	39.3	9.44	9.58	8.71
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	369.25	345.02	301.26	46.8	45.1	41.9	7.89	7.65	7.19
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	400.13	377.76	335.28	48.5	48.0	43.6	8.25	7.87	7.69
Transportation Equipment	337005	553.94	500.52	462.31	46.2	43.0	41.5	11.99	11.64	11.14

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ROSE 4,400 IN DECEMBER

The Atlanta area nonfarm employment, estimated at 1,057,900 for December, was up 4,400 over November. Both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries contributed to the increase. Nondurable goods-producing industries raised manufacturing employment while seasonal gains in wholesale and retail trade and a substantial increase in transportation and public utilities provided the increase in nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing rose 500 to a level of 143,800. Nondurable goods industries supplied all the gain as durable goods fell slightly. Losses occurred in furniture and fixtures and "other durable goods." Increases in nonelectrical machinery and transportation equipment offset most of the declines. Nondurable goods rose 600 due to gains in paper and allied products, printing and publishing, and miscellaneous plastics products. Food and kindred products dropped slightly with less business in frozen food specialties; blended and prepared flour; and shortening, table oils, and margarine. Textile mill products, apparel and other textile products, and chemicals and allied products remained stable.

From the same month last year, manufacturing rose 4,100 with gains in both durable and nondurable goods-producing industries. Lumber and wood products in the durables category and textile mill products in the nondurables were the only declining industries for the year.

Nonmanufacturing, at 914,200, advanced 4,000 over the previous month. Besides seasonal gains in trade, a substantial increase occurred in transportation and public utilities, and finance, insurance, and real estate experienced an upturn. Construction, services, and government exhibited losses. Services, down 1,100, experienced declines in hotels, personal services, amusement and recreational services, legal services, private education, and miscellaneous services. Business services, medical and health services, and social services had modest increases. The decline in government was confined to the state and local sector.

Total nonagricultural employment rose 36,200 over the year. Manufacturing and nonmanufacturing contributed to the gain. All major industry divisions in the nonmanufacturing group experienced sizable increases for the year. Trade and services accounted for more than 70 percent of the yearly gain.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,057.9	1,053.5	1,021.7	4.4	36.2
Manufacturing	300005	143.8	143.3	139.7	.5	4.1
Durable Goods	300025	73.0	73.1	70.0	-.1	3.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.5	3.6	3.5	-.1	.0
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.9	1.8	-.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.4	7.4	6.5	.0	.9
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.9	4.9	4.8	.0	.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.8	6.8	6.7	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.9	7.7	7.4	.2	.5
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.5	11.5	11.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.6	23.5	22.3	.1	1.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.0	5.1	4.8	-.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	70.8	70.2	69.7	.6	1.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.8	19.0	18.6	-.2	.2
Meat Products	420105	4.6	4.6	4.9	.0	-.3
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.1	4.1	4.5	.0	-.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.0	1.0	1.3	.0	-.3
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.7	.0	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.6	8.6	8.3	.0	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.7	7.5	7.6	.2	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.2	17.0	16.9	.2	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	7.7	7.6	7.6	.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.6	7.6	7.3	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.6	6.3	6.4	.3	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	914.2	910.2	882.1	4.0	32.1
Contract Construction	200005	48.6	48.7	46.7	-.1	1.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	94.6	93.9	92.2	.7	2.4
Transportation	500015	59.5	59.0	57.4	.5	2.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	304.6	300.0	292.3	4.6	12.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	107.0	106.1	108.4	.9	-1.4
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	70.8	70.4	72.1	.4	-1.3
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	36.1	35.7	36.2	.4	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	197.7	193.9	183.9	3.8	13.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	72.4	72.1	70.2	.3	2.2
Finance	760025	29.6	29.2	27.5	.4	2.1
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.1	26.3	26.5	-.2	-.4
Services	800055	227.8	228.9	217.4	-1.1	10.4
Government	998008	166.1	166.6	163.3	-.5	2.8
Federal	998011	32.6	32.4	32.0	.2	.6
State and Local	998509	133.6	134.1	131.3	-.5	2.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	97.9	97.5	95.1	.4	2.8
Durable Goods	300025	50.9	51.0	48.9	-.1	2.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	47.0	46.5	46.2	.5	.8
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.8	11.9	11.5	-.1	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.1	3.1	3.6	.0	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.8	6.8	6.8	.0	.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.1	3.1	3.0	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.9	3.0	3.0	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.9	5.7	5.8	.2	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.7	2.6	2.6	.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.3	4.2	3.8	.1	.5
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.7	5.7	5.0	.0	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.2	3.2	2.9	.0	.3
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.8	5.7	5.4	.1	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	15.2	15.1	14.6	.1	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$366.03	$352.81	$326.33	41.5	40.6	39.7	$ 8.82	$ 8.69	$ 8.22
Durable Goods	300025	414.54	392.78	360.30	42.3	41.0	39.9	9.80	9.58	9.03
Nondurable Goods	400015	313.39	310.31	289.93	40.7	40.3	39.5	7.70	7.70	7.34
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$309.54	$300.27	$294.76	40.2	39.2	40.6	$ 7.70	$ 7.66	$ 7.26
Textile Mill Products	422005	244.38	238.27	189.41	42.5	40.8	34.5	5.75	5.84	5.49
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	173.86	180.07	157.18	35.7	36.9	33.3	4.87	4.88	4.72
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	176.65	171.29	163.44	35.4	35.1	34.7	4.99	4.88	4.71
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	151.49	184.30	136.65	32.3	38.0	30.3	4.69	4.85	4.51
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	234.00	221.89	209.35	39.0	37.8	36.6	6.00	5.87	5.72
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	262.06	243.54	235.64	48.8	45.1	43.8	5.37	5.40	5.38
Paper and Allied Products	426005	392.54	415.35	363.69	42.9	45.0	41.9	9.15	9.23	8.68
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	364.00	395.16	340.49	41.6	44.3	40.2	8.75	8.92	8.47
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	357.98	357.62	345.97	41.1	41.2	43.3	8.71	8.68	7.99
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	335.98	334.85	299.74	42.8	41.7	39.7	7.85	8.03	7.55
Primary Metal Industries	333005	540.43	560.14	461.78	43.2	45.1	39.2	12.51	12.42	11.78
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	427.65	405.79	369.20	44.5	43.4	40.0	9.61	9.35	9.23
Transportation Equipment	337005	586.70	532.00	486.11	42.7	40.0	37.8	13.74	13.30	12.86

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area, at 44,400, gained 300 during the month and 1,100 over the year. Most of the monthly gain was in retail trade and services. Construction and government showed slight declines during the same period. Trade led the way in gains during the year.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged over the month and declined 100 during the year. An increment of 100 in durable goods for the month was offset by a like decline in nondurable goods. The gain in durable goods resulted from an increase in "other durable goods" while the decline in nondurables was due to a loss in food and kindred products. Annually, an increment in metals and machinery was more than offset by a loss in food and kindred products, resulting in a net loss of 100.

Contract construction, at 1,800, declined 100 during the month and was unchanged for the year. Declines during December in this industry are probably seasonal in nature and projections for the future are optimistic.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,100, declined 100 over the month and 200 during the year. Most of the declines were in warehousing.

Trade, at 10,100, showed a gain of 400 over the month as retail stores hired more workers for the Christmas season. Increments of 600 in retail trade and 100 in wholesale trade were registered over the year.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,200, was unchanged over the month and year. A decline in real estate over the year was offset by a gain in finance.

Services, at 6,000, increased 200 during the month and 100 over the year. Most of the monthly gain was in health services.

Government, at 10,700, declined 100 during the month and gained 400 for the year. All of the gains were in the state and local government sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.4	44.1	43.3	.3	1.1
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.5	11.6	.0	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.1	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.7	.9	.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.5	9.6	.0	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.0	3.1	3.1	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.9	32.6	31.8	.3	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.9	1.8	-.1	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.1	9.7	9.3	.4	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	7.3	6.9	6.7	.4	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	6.0	5.8	5.9	.2	.1
Government	998008	10.7	10.8	10.3	-.1	.4
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	8.1	8.2	7.7	-.1	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	55.7	55.8	52.7	-.1	3.0
Manufacturing	300005	14.7	14.8	13.9	-.1	.8
Durable Goods	300025	4.7	4.8	4.3	-.1	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.5	2.1	-.1	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.9	10.0	9.6	-.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	3.0	3.0	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.5	2.3	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.1	41.0	38.8	.1	2.3
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.9	1.7	.0	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.3	11.1	10.6	.2	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	9.3	9.1	8.7	.2	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.2	7.2	7.2	.0	.0
Government	998008	17.5	17.6	16.2	-.1	1.3
Federal	998011	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	15.5	15.6	14.2	-.1	1.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose 500 over the month to an estimated 125,300, reflecting an annual increase of 1,200 over the year. The monthly increment was triggered by the usual increase in retail trade for the Christmas season. The annual rise was attributed to economic recovery in manufacturing, trade, and services. Over-the-year losses occurred in construction, which experienced a downturn, and government employment.

Manufacturing, at 34,300, dropped 100 over the month with less activity in textiles. This division rose 800 over the year as increments were reported in all segments except apparel and textiles. "Other durable goods" remained unchanged over the year.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,100, climbed 100 over the month, precipitated by more activity in structural clay products. This segment reported a gain of 600 over the year, shared by all components. Metals and machinery, at 3,100, rose 100 over the month and 700 over the year primarily because of more business in machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, remained unchanged both over the month and over the year.

Food and kindred products, at 2,900, remained unchanged over the month, but rose

(Continued on the following page)

200 over the year because of scattered increments. Textile mill products, at 6,600, dropped 100 over the month in broadwoven fabrics. This segment reported a loss of 1,300 jobs over the year because of international competition. Apparel, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month,but dropped 100 over the year with scattered decrements. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, remained unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year, triggered by more activity in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,400, rose 100 over the month and 400 over the year because of increased business in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 5,100, rose 100 over the month as some projects started up. This division dropped 600 over the year because of completion of some projects. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, rose 100 over the month because of increased business in public transportation and public utilities. Trade, at 25,800, rose 600 over the month, triggered by more activity in retail establishments because of the usual Christmas business. This division climbed 600 over the year despite a decline of 200 in wholesale. Economic recovery precipitated the rise. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, rose 100 over the month and over the year with scattered increments. Services and mining, at 19,900, dropped 200 over the month because of less activity in protective services and hospitals. The hospital decline was tied to the usual drop in patient census for the Christmas holidays. This division rose 600 over the year as a result of the opening of new firms in the area.

Government, at 31,400, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year because of less activity in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	125.3	124.8	124.1	.5	1.2
Manufacturing	300005	34.3	34.4	33.5	-.1	.8
Durable Goods	300025	9.3	9.2	7.9	.1	1.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.1	3.0	2.5	.1	.6
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.1	3.0	2.4	.1	.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.0	25.1	25.6	-.1	-.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.7	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.6	6.7	7.9	-.1	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.4	12.3	12.0	.1	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	91.0	90.5	90.6	.5	.4
Contract Construction	200005	5.1	5.0	5.7	.1	-.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.2	4.3	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	25.8	25.2	25.2	.6	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.5	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	21.5	20.9	20.7	.6	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.5	4.5	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	19.9	20.1	19.3	-.2	.6
Government	998008	31.4	31.4	31.6	.0	-.2
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.3	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	24.0	24.0	24.3	.0	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Columbus area, at 81,200, advanced 100 from the November estimate. Manufacturing employment held steady while the trade and services groups accounted for the increase in nonmanufacturing.

Annually, nonagricultural employment increased by 2,200 workers. Gains totalling 900 were made in metals and machinery employment over the year. Textile mill employment rose 300, and food and kindred products employment gained 200 workers. Smaller increases were noted in lumber and wood products; in stone, clay, and glass; in "other durable goods," and in printing, publishing, and allied industries. Nonmanufacturing employment experienced a net gain of 100 from November and a net increase of 400 from one year ago. Contract construction advanced by 700 from December 1982, and federal government revealed a gain of 100. Annual losses were noted in transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services; in service and miscellaneous; and in trade.

NOTE Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	81.2	81.1	79.0	.1	2.2
Manufacturing	300005	21.1	21.1	19.4	.0	1.7
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.2	4.2	.0	1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.6	.5	.5	.1	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.9	3.8	3.0	.1	.9
Other Durable Goods	399915	.5	.4	.3	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.9	15.9	15.2	.0	.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.0	4.0	3.8	.0	.2
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.6	8.6	8.3	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	60.1	60.0	59.7	.1	.4
Contract Construction	200005	4.1	4.3	3.4	-.2	.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.0	3.1	3.2	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.5	17.3	17.6	.2	-.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	14.8	14.6	15.0	.2	-.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.3	5.3	5.3	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	10.9	10.8	11.1	.1	-.2
Government	998008	19.2	19.3	19.1	-.1	.1
Federal	998011	6.4	6.4	6.3	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	12.8	12.9	12.8	-.1	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 101,100 in December, up 100 from November and up 2,300 from December 1982. During the month, manufacturing was down 200, with durable goods unchanged and nondurable goods losing 200. Nonmanufacturing added 200 with a gain in trade being partially offset by a decline in services. Construction; transportation, communications, and public utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; and government were unchanged. Annually, manufacturing rose 300 with most of the increase in durable goods. Nonmanufacturing climbed 1,900 with advances in all major segments except transportation and public utilities, which fell 300 during the year.

Manufacturing, at 16,300, was down 200 from last month and up 300 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was unchanged with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods declined 200 with less employment in food and textiles. Annually, durable goods added 300 with a gain in "other durable goods" being partially offset by a drop in stone, clay, and glass. Nondurable goods was unchanged with increases in food, textiles, and "other nondurable goods" being offset by declines in apparel and paper.

Nonmanufacturing, at 84,700, was up 200 from November and up 1,900 from a year ago. During the month, a gain in trade was partially offset by a loss in services. The gain in trade was due to temporary hiring in the retail sector for the holiday season. A decline in private education due to the Christmas break accounted for most of the decline in services. Annually, construction; trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and government posted increased employment. Transportation and public utilities registered a loss with most of the decline in motor freight transportation and warehousing.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912)744–6170

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	101.1	101.0	98.8	.1	2.3
Manufacturing	300005	16.3	16.5	16.0	-.2	.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.4	5.1	.0	.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.6	3.5	3.1	.1	.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	10.9	11.1	10.9	-.2	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.6	2.4	-.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.8	1.6	-.1	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.6	1.6	1.9	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	84.7	84.5	82.8	.2	1.9
Contract Construction	200005	3.7	3.7	3.4	.0	.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.4	4.7	.0	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.6	22.2	21.7	.4	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.0	.0	.3
Retail Trade	652005	18.3	17.9	17.7	.4	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	17.8	18.0	17.1	-.2	.7
Government	998008	30.1	30.1	29.9	.0	.2
Federal	948011	17.0	17.0	16.6	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	13.1	13.1	13.3	.0	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA is estimated 90,400, an increase of 500 over the month and 1,600 over the year. Manufacturing employment remained the same over the month and increased 900 over the year. Nonmanufacturing employment increased an estimated 500 over the month and 700 over the year.

Manufacturing employment remained stable over the first half of the year. It wasn't until August that employment began to record any significant and lasting gains. The durable goods sector gained steadily throughout the year. Lumber and wood products have remained stable over the year. Transportation equipment has fluctuated throughout the year, but the overall trend has been upward. The remainder of the durable goods sector has experienced a rather flat year, except for the last two months, when significant gains were recorded. Nondurable goods recorded losses until September, when the trend reversed. Food products remained stable over the year. Paper products started the year with losses and not until September of this year were any gains recorded. Chemicals, petroleum and "other nondurable goods" remained stable throughout the year.

Contract construction ended the year with a slight increase. This sector remained stable over the year; recording no significant gains or losses throughout the entire year.

Transportation and public utilities were controlled throughout the year by the movement of Maine shipping. This sector ended the year with an increase of 200. The only other sector to record a gain was motor freight, which recorded a gain of 100 over the year.

Wholesale and retail trade fluctuated throughout the year, according to predictable seasons. Overall employment levels remained stable.

Finance, insurance, and real estate remained stable over the year. The only changes recorded were a loss of 100 in real estate and a gain of 100 in credit agencies.

(Continued on the following page)

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	90.4	89.9	88.8	.5	1.6
Manufacturing	300005	17.2	17.2	16.3	.0	.9
Durable Goods	300025	7.9	7.9	7.6	.0	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.6	4.6	4.4	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.3	9.3	8.7	.0	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.1	4.2	3.8	-.1	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	73.2	72.7	72.5	.5	.7
Contract Construction	200005	5.2	5.2	5.1	.0	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.9	8.4	8.7	.5	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	21.2	21.6	.1	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.2	4.3	-.1	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.2	17.1	17.3	.1	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.3	4.2	4.2	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	17.2	17.3	16.5	-.1	.7
Government	998008	16.4	16.3	16.4	.1	.0
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.7	13.7	13.8	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

Services gained 700 over the year; however, this sector overall was up and down throughout the year. Part of the reason for these fluctuations' is the seasonal nature of its segments. Hotels and motels started the year with approximately 1,800 employees and ended the year with approximately 2,000. Almost every segment of the sector experienced some movement in both directions.

Government employment ended the year with a gain of 100. Over the year employment was unchanged.

Overall, employment in the Savannah SMSA increased 1,600 over the year. Although not all the month to month changes were positive, the annual changes were positive. Since September of this year, the fluctuations have been smaller each month; the employment trend has been upward. This is expected to continue into the next year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.8	11.8	10.4	.0	1.4
Durable Goods	300025	6.0	6.0	5.0	.0	1.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.8	5.9	5.4	-.1	.4
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.0	4.0	3.1	.0	.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$416.97	$422.06	$414.03	44.5	44.9	45.8	$ 9.37	$ 9.40	$ 9.04
Durable Goods	300025	389.84	389.84	386.10	44.2	44.0	45.0	8.82	8.86	8.58
Nondurable Goods	400015	444.86	454.26	439.43	44.8	45.7	46.5	9.93	9.94	9.45
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$312.96	$281.16	$237.12	48.9	44.0	39.0	$ 6.40	$ 6.39	$ 6.08
Paper and Allied Products	426005	563.86	566.29	559.04	48.4	49.2	50.5	11.65	11.51	11.07
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	364.66	359.54	337.03	42.7	42.6	43.6	8.54	8.44	7.73
Transportation Equipment	337005	407.46	421.36	431.87	42.4	43.8	45.7	9.61	9.62	9.45

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED NOV. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	112,136,000	112,036,000	110,873,000	100,000	1,263,000
Employed	102,941,000	102,671,000	98,979,000	270,000	3,962,000
Unemployed	9,195,000	9,364,000	11,894,000	-169,000	-2,699,000
Rate	8.2	8.4	10.7	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	111,795,000	112,147,000	110,477,000	-352,000	1,318,000
Employed	102,803,000	103,018,000	98,849,000	-215,000	3,954,000
Unemployed	8,992,000	9,129,000	11,628,000	-137,000	-2,636,000
Rate	8.0	8.1	10.5	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,678,964	2,689,004	2,670,101	-10,040	8,863
Employed	2,502,229	2,501,997	2,461,069	232	41,160
Unemployed	176,735	187,007	209,032	-10,272	-32,297
Rate	6.6	7.0	7.8	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,727	52,839	52,529	-112	198
Employed	47,930	47,730	47,838	200	92
Unemployed	4,797	5,109	4,691	-312	106
Rate	9.1	9.7	8.9	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,085	67,506	65,441	-421	1,644
Employed	63,326	63,608	60,903	-282	2,423
Unemployed	3,759	3,898	4,538	-139	-779
Rate	5.6	5.8	6.9	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,120,169	1,119,515	1,110,154	654	10,015
Employed	1,057,634	1,053,343	1,037,883	4,291	19,751
Unemployed	62,535	66,172	72,271	-3,637	-9,736
Rate	5.6	5.9	6.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,930	135,296	137,906	-366	-2,976
Employed	124,202	123,310	125,118	892	-916
Unemployed	10,728	11,986	12,788	-1,258	-2,060
Rate	8.0	8.9	9.3	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,143	88,365	89,457	-222	-1,314
Employed	81,082	80,933	80,795	149	287
Unemployed	7,061	7,432	8,662	-371	-1,601
Rate	8.0	8.4	9.7	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,569	109,033	108,724	-464	-155
Employed	100,721	100,787	100,706	-66	15
Unemployed	7,848	8,246	8,018	-398	-170
Rate	7.2	7.6	7.4	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,069	97,655	99,110	414	-1,041
Employed	90,655	89,616	90,620	1,039	35
Unemployed	7,414	8,039	8,490	-625	-1,076
Rate	7.6	8.2	8.6	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,930	135,296	137,906	-366	-2,976
Employed	124,202	123,310	125,118	892	-916
Unemployed	10,728	11,986	12,788	-1,258	-2,060
Rate	8.0	8.9	9.3	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,689	91,332	92,056	-643	-1,367
Employed	83,972	83,624	84,827	348	-855
Unemployed	6,717	7,708	7,229	-991	-512
Rate	7.4	8.4	7.9	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	44,241	43,964	45,850	277	-1,609
Employed	40,230	39,686	40,291	544	-61
Unemployed	4,011	4,278	5,559	-267	-1,548
Rate	9.1	9.7	12.1	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,143	88,365	89,457	-222	-1,314
Employed	81,082	80,933	80,795	149	287
Unemployed	7,061	7,432	8,662	-371	-1,601
Rate	8.0	8.4	9.7	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,869	70,219	71,554	-350	-1,685
Employed	65,109	65,032	65,659	77	-550
Unemployed	4,760	5,187	5,895	-427	-1,135
Rate	6.8	7.4	8.2	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,274	18,146	17,903	128	371
Employed	15,973	15,901	15,136	72	837
Unemployed	2,301	2,245	2,767	56	-466
Rate	12.6	12.4	15.5	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1983	REVISED NOV. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED NOV. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,678,964	2,689,004	2,670,101	-10,040	8,863
Employed	2,502,229	2,501,997	2,461,069	232	41,160
Unemployed	176,735	187,007	209,032	-10,272	-32,297
Rate	6.6	7.0	7.8	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,653,417	1,655,104	1,647,400	-1,687	6,017
Employed	1,552,451	1,547,442	1,532,236	5,009	20,215
Unemployed	100,966	107,662	115,164	-6.696	-14,198
Rate	6.1	6.5	7.0	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,025,547	1,033,900	1,022,701	-8,353	2,846
Employed	949,778	954,555	928,833	-4,777	20,945
Unemployed	75,769	79,345	93,868	-3,576	-18,099
Rate	7.4	7.7	9.2	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

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ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
UMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR VOLUME X, NUMBER 1 LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(January 1984 Data)

DISLOCATED WORKERS: PART III
Programs in Georgia

Georgia's Title III allocation for the period October 1, 1983, through June 30, 1984, is $1,332,344, plus $300,000 from the Secretary of Labor's discretionary funds. The statutory allocation of funds is based on a formula which compares the number of unemployed persons in each state with the number unemployed nationwide, with special emphasis on the long-term unemployed. Because Georgia's unemployment problem has not been severe relative to the nation as a whole, the state's Title III allocation is smaller than that of many of her sister states.

Administered by the Department of Community Affairs, Georgia's dislocated worker program utilizes several approaches, including on-the-job training (OJT) and classroom training. Such supportive services as transportation, child care, and medical assistance may be provided to enrollees who could not otherwise participate in the program.

Because the severity of the problem varies considerably from one part of the state to another, it was decided that Georgia's appropriation would be used to fund individual projects where they are needed rather than distributing it equitably to the 16 service delivery areas. Private industry councils are responsible for developing and proposing projects as needed in their areas. Two projects have been funded with a total allocation of approximately $600,000, and others are in various stages of planning.

Recently, Cannon Mills, Incorporated, parent company of Social Circle Cotton Mill, announced the planned closing of the Walton County facility on December 31, 1983. The closing of the outdated plant left 220 people, many of them long-term employees, jobless. Nearby Elberton Mills, in Elbert County, also closed, laying off 25-30 people. Through the cooperative efforts of the Northeast Georgia Private Industry Council, the Walton County Chamber of Commerce, local government officials, and private sector employers, a program was developed which is expected to benefit both jobless workers and local employers. Nine employers pledged more than 120 jobs that are to be filled by laid-off workers, most of whom will participate in on-the-job training programs. Under this concept, workers are hired and trained by their new employers. Employers, in turn, are reimbursed up to 50 percent of the cost of the employees' wages to partially defray the cost of training a new employee. Those who wish to train for jobs not suitable for on-the-job training may be individually referred to area vocational technical schools for classroom training.

A second program has been funded to provide assistance to dislocated workers in Cobb, Douglas,

(Continued on the following page)

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

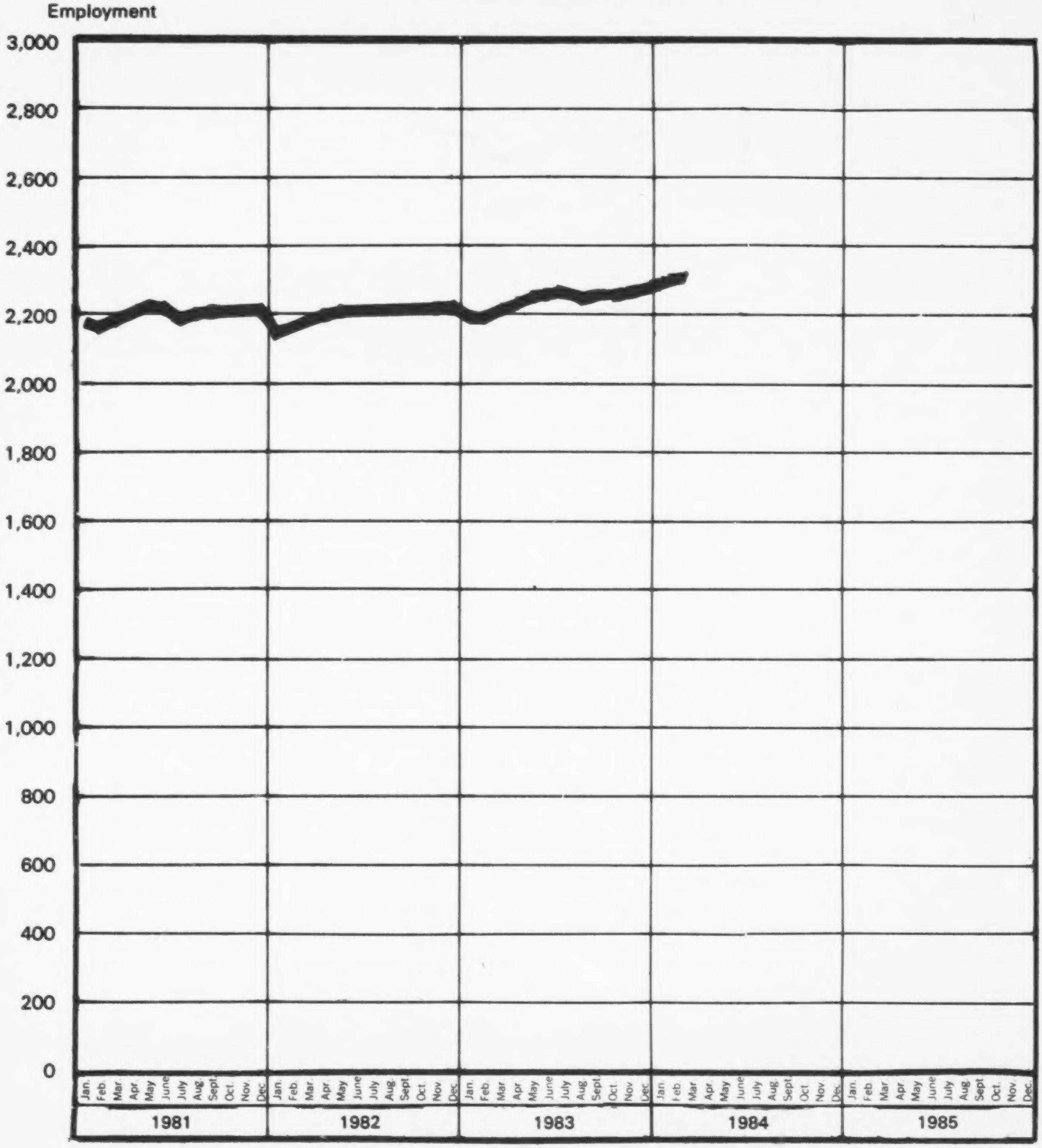
Fulton, Gwinnett, and Rockdale Counties. The closing of a Coats and Clark plant and one Xerox facility, which resulted in the layoff of some 400 people, led to the development of the retraining program. Available information indicates, however, that many others in the five-county area have lost their jobs under conditions that qualify them to participate in dislocated worker programs. On-the-job training will be the primary vehicle used to return these people to productive employment. Those who wish to enter occupations not suited to OJT may be referred to area vocational technical schools.

In addition to the two programs approved and funded, several others have been proposed. If approved, they, too, will emphasize on-the-job training and classroom training, as appropriate to the participants' interests and aptitudes and employers' requirements.

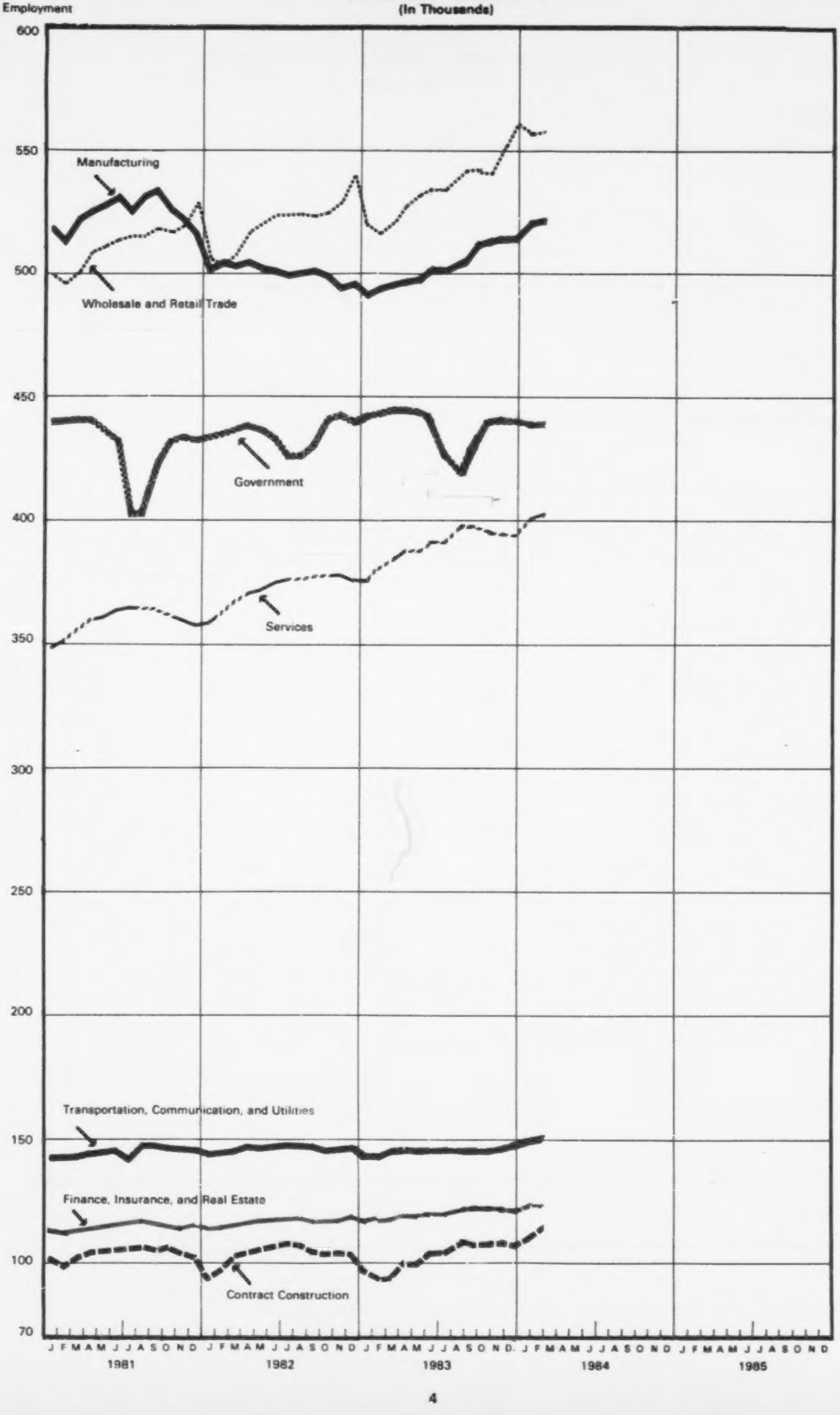
For more information about Georgia's dislocated worker program, contact Bob Davis at the Department of Community Affairs, 40 Marietta Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30307 or telephone (404) 656-7392.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,320.3	2,306.1	2,197.0	14.2	123.3
Manufacturing	300005	522.0	520.5	492.6	1.5	29.4
Durable Goods	300025	193.1	191.7	177.2	1.4	15.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	31.3	31.0	28.6	.3	2.7
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.7	14.5	13.5	.2	1.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.9	10.0	9.7	-.1	.2
Household Furniture	325105	6.2	6.3	6.1	-.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	17.0	17.1	16.6	-.1	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.5	15.6	15.3	-.1	.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.0	20.0	17.8	.0	2.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	22.2	21.8	20.0	.4	2.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	26.7	26.4	23.4	.3	3.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	38.2	37.5	34.0	.7	4.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.2	12.2	11.7	.0	.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	328.9	328.8	315.4	.1	13.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	57.2	57.2	56.2	.0	1.0
Meat Products	420105	20.5	20.7	20.2	-.2	.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.4	15.7	15.0	-.3	.4
Dairy Products	420205	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	9.4	9.2	8.9	.2	.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	105.4	106.0	100.3	-.6	5.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.4	22.6	23.1	-.2	-.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.6	3.4	3.2	.2	.4
Knitting Mills	422505	9.1	9.0	8.6	.1	.5
Floor Covering Mills	422705	30.3	30.6	26.9	-.3	3.4
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.7	21.9	20.7	-.2	1.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	71.0	70.6	67.4	.4	3.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.8	39.6	37.4	.2	2.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.7	21.5	20.8	.2	.9
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.3	28.3	27.6	.0	.7
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.2	13.4	13.0	-.2	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	7.0	6.9	6.8	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	27.0	26.9	25.8	.1	1.2
Commercial Printing	427505	10.3	10.3	10.1	.0	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	18.6	18.3	17.4	.3	1.2
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.7	2.5	2.5	.2	.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.5	19.6	18.9	-.1	.6
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,798.4	1,785.6	1,704.4	12.8	94.0
Mining	100005	7.7	7.6	7.1	.1	.6
Contract Construction	200005	115.7	110.9	97.2	4.8	18.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	150.5	149.8	144.6	.7	5.9
Transportation	500015	88.3	87.7	84.8	.6	3.5
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	39.0	38.9	37.7	.1	1.3
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.2	23.2	22.2	.0	1.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	558.5	556.6	518.5	1.9	40.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	172.9	172.4	162.5	.5	10.4
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	106.1	105.7	99.3	.4	6.8
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	66.8	66.7	63.2	.1	3.6
Retail Trade	652005	385.6	384.2	356.0	1.4	29.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	123.1	122.9	118.2	.2	4.9
Finance	760025	54.7	54.6	51.4	.1	3.3
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	43.1	43.0	43.0	.1	.1
Real Estate	765075	25.2	25.2	23.9	.0	1.3
Services	800005	402.8	399.5	378.3	3.3	24.5
Government	998008	440.1	438.4	440.5	1.7	-.4
Federal	998011	87.0	86.7	85.7	.3	1.3
State and Local	998509	353.1	351.7	354.8	1.4	-1.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	392.7	391.7	374.8	1.0	17.9
Durable Goods	300025	141.9	140.4	131.7	1.5	10.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	250.8	251.2	243.1	-.4	7.7
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	39.7	40.4	38.6	-.7	1.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	86.8	87.8	84.8	-1.0	2.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.4	19.6	20.6	-.2	-1.2
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.0	2.9	2.7	.1	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.5	7.6	7.3	-.1	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	24.5	24.8	21.8	-.3	2.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.0	18.4	17.5	-.4	.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.3	59.8	57.5	.5	2.8
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.1	33.9	32.2	.2	1.9
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.3	18.0	17.8	.3	.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	24.5	24.4	23.1	.1	1.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.0	8.0	8.3	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	22.0	21.9	21.4	.1	.6
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.6	10.6	10.1	.0	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	11.0	10.7	10.4	.3	.6
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.7	1.3	1.6	.4	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	13.3	13.4	13.2	-.1	.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.2	11.2	10.7	.0	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.7	14.5	13.6	.2	1.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	15.8	15.4	13.9	.4	1.9
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.1	19.0	16.9	.1	2.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.1	24.3	22.2	.8	2.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$303.48	$300.70	$284.92	40.9	40.8	40.3	$ 7.42	$ 7.37	$ 7.07
Durable Goods	300025	349.43	339.07	333.11	42.1	41.4	41.9	8.30	8.19	7.95
Nondurable Goods	400015	276.98	279.86	258.46	40.2	40.5	39.4	6.89	6.91	6.56
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$277.55	$278.80	$255.57	40.4	40.7	38.9	$ 6.87	$ 6.85	$ 6.57
Textile Mill Products	422005	254.56	257.63	246.04	40.6	40.7	40.4	6.27	6.33	6.09
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	273.00	262.81	248.44	42.0	41.0	40.2	6.50	6.41	6.18
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	305.81	302.76	271.83	43.5	43.5	41.5	7.03	6.96	6.55
Knitting Mills	422505	221.20	227.51	219.18	39.5	40.7	41.2	5.60	5.59	5.32
Floor Covering Mills	422705	258.85	256.56	270.82	40.7	39.9	43.4	6.36	6.43	6.24
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	232.62	257.04	245.39	37.1	40.1	39.9	6.27	6.41	6.15
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	178.49	181.67	170.03	36.5	36.7	36.1	4.89	4.95	4.71
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	179.82	183.37	176.12	36.4	36.6	37.0	4.94	5.01	4.76
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	176.53	178.77	159.91	37.4	37.4	35.3	4.72	4.78	4.53
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	238.37	235.82	230.46	41.6	41.3	41.6	5.73	5.71	5.54
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	266.04	224.13	213.35	45.4	41.2	43.1	5.86	5.44	4.95
Paper and Allied Products	426005	496.86	490.95	437.75	45.5	45.5	42.5	10.92	10.79	10.30
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	560.13	575.51	483.97	45.8	46.6	41.4	12.23	12.35	11.69
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	394.55	402.38	352.77	43.5	43.5	41.6	9.07	9.25	8.48
Leather and Leather Products	431005	161.62	143.72	144.01	36.9	35.4	34.7	4.38	4.06	4.15
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	343.08	334.40	317.34	43.1	41.8	41.0	7.96	8.00	7.74
Primary Metal Industries	333005	396.32	397.57	362.40	40.4	41.5	40.0	9.81	9.58	9.06
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	297.86	295.71	290.87	41.6	41.3	41.2	7.16	7.16	7.06
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	378.94	362.36	341.73	45.6	43.5	43.7	8.31	8.33	7.82
Transportation Equipment	337005	545.69	519.17	564.19	42.9	41.7	44.6	12.72	12.45	12.65

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA GAINS 5,500 JOBS IN FEBRUARY

An increase of 5,500 jobs in the Atlanta area from January to February was caused by gains in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. The manufacturing gains were concentrated in few industries. Among the durable goods industries, only primary metals, nonelectrical machinery, and transportation equipment rose. Chemicals and "other nondurables" accounted for the rise in the nondurable group.

From the same month last year, manufacturing employment was up 8,200. Only lumber and wood products in the durable goods category and textile mill products in the nondurables experienced declines.

In nonmanufacturing, trade, services, and construction accounted for 88 percent of the 60,000 over-the-year gain in employment.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

GM recalls 1,350 Lakewood workers

General Motors Corporation announced on February 27 that it is recalling 1,350 laid-off employees to reactivate the second shift at its Lakewood assembly plant on June 11. Most of the recalled second-shift workers lost their Lakewood jobs in 1982 and have been employed at other GM plants around the country. The June recall leaves about 1,000 of the truck assembly-line employees on indefinite layoff. General Motors is already in the process of recalling 1,700 laid-off workers to start up Lakewood's first shift on April 2.

GM closed the Lakewood truck assembly lines in 1980 and terminated the plant's production of Chevrolet Chevette and Pontiac 1000 models in 1982. After May, Lakewood will be the only GM plant in the country making the Chevette and Pontiac 1000 models.

The recall of Lakewood's second shift will bring Atlanta's three auto plants up to full passenger-car capacity after more than four years of temporary and permanent layoffs. *(The Atlanta Constitution,* 2/28/84)

Atlanta's growth is mostly to the north

About 86 percent of metro Atlanta's population growth since 1980 has occurred to the north of the central city, the latest population estimate by the Atlanta Regional Commission shows.

The bulk of that expansion—more than 97,000 people—has occurred along three growth corridors that sweep northward through Cobb County on the west, to north DeKalb and Gwinnett Counties on the east. Gwinnett and Cobb alone accounted for 66 percent of the total population growth in metro Atlanta in the three years ended April 1, 1983.

The ARC report confirms that Atlanta's north-side growth momentum has accelerated since the 1980 census, with only nominal growth to the south. Most of the local population growth during the 1970's was also to the north, but the rate of growth was smaller—63 percent for the decade.

Large mall planned in North Fulton

Cousins Properties, Inc. and JBM/Federated Realty Associates Ltd. plan to co-develop a $60-million regional shopping mall in North Fulton County that will be anchored by a Rich's department store.

The center will be built as the first phase of a multi-use complex that Cousins plans on a 632-acre site in the southeast quadrant of Georgia 400 and Haynes Bridge Road. Planned to be in the 1-million-square-foot range, it will be comparable in size to Perimeter and Northlake Malls.

Construction is expected to begin in 1985 or 1986, with the opening of the mall projected two years later, according to an official of Cousins Properties. The mall will include approximately 150 to 180 small retail tenants and at least two additional department stores. Although the master plan for the property is not complete, Cousins plans an office park and possibly a hotel in the later phases of the development. *(The Atlanta Constitution,* 3/12/84)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,085.3	1,079.8	1,017.1	5.5	68.2
Manufacturing	300005	149.8	148.6	141.6	1.2	8.2
Durable Goods	300025	78.0	77.1	72.0	.9	6.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.9	3.0	3.0	-.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.1	4.2	3.8	-.1	.3
Household Furniture	325105	2.1	2.2	1.9	-.1	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.9	8.0	7.3	-.1	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.1	5.0	4.8	.1	.3
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.7	8.7	7.4	.0	1.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.8	7.6	7.4	.2	.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	12.0	12.0	11.5	.0	.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.1	23.5	21.8	.6	2.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.3	5.2	5.0	.1	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	71.8	71.5	69.6	.3	2.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.0	19.0	18.9	.0	.1
Meat Products	420105	5.1	5.1	5.4	.0	-.3
Bakery Products	420505	3.6	3.5	3.5	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.1	9.1	8.7	.0	.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.8	3.8	3.7	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.2	3.0	3.0	.2	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.2	8.2	7.8	.0	.4
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.3	4.2	4.1	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.0	17.0	16.3	.0	.7
Commercial Printing	427505	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	8.1	7.9	7.8	.2	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.4	6.3	6.0	.1	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	935.5	931.2	875.5	4.3	60.0
Contract Construction	200005	53.1	54.0	43.2	-.9	9.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	94.8	94.8	90.6	.0	4.2
Transportation	500015	60.7	60.8	57.4	-.1	3.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	307.5	305.5	283.9	2.0	23.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	112.2	112.5	107.2	-.3	5.0
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	74.8	74.7	72.1	.1	2.7
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	37.4	37.8	35.1	-.4	2.3
Retail Trade	652005	195.4	193.0	176.7	2.4	18.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	76.2	76.4	73.8	-.2	2.4
Finance	760025	30.6	30.5	28.1	.1	2.5
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	28.4	28.3	28.5	.1	-.1
Services	800055	237.4	235.8	218.3	1.6	19.1
Government	998008	166.5	164.8	165.7	1.7	.8
Federal	998011	34.8	34.1	34.0	.7	.8
State and Local	998509	131.7	130.7	131.8	1.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS: PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS: CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	103.9	102.6	99.4	1.3	4.5
Durable Goods	300025	56.5	55.4	52.8	1.1	3.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	47.4	47.3	46.5	.1	.9
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	12.0	12.0	12.1	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.2	3.3	3.3	-.1	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.0	7.0	7.0	.0	.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.2	3.3	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	6.0	.0	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.4	4.2	3.9	.2	.5
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.4	6.4	5.9	.0	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.2	3.2	2.9	.0	.3
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.4	5.4	5.2	.0	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.8	5.5	5.4	.3	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	15.5	14.8	13.8	.7	1.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS: CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS: PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS: CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS: CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS: PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS: CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS: CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS: PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS: CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$357.62	$353.36	$343.85	40.5	40.2	40.5	$ 8.83	$ 8.79	$ 8.49
Durable Goods	300025	385.60	384.06	383.64	40.0	40.3	40.9	9.64	9.53	9.38
Nondurable Goods	400015	323.87	317.19	299.15	41.1	40.1	40.1	7.88	7.91	7.46
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$323.17	$312.42	$293.30	42.3	39.9	40.4	$ 7.64	$ 7.83	$ 7.26
Textile Mill Products	422005	251.66	247.08	219.91	42.8	42.6	39.2	5.88	5.80	5.61
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	177.15	182.52	175.58	35.5	36.0	35.4	4.99	5.07	4.96
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	173.45	182.31	169.34	34.9	35.4	33.8	4.97	5.15	5.01
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	181.86	181.22	189.24	36.3	36.1	38.7	5.01	5.02	4.89
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	209.79	220.13	218.48	35.8	37.5	38.6	5.86	5.87	5.66
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	270.06	237.57	229.29	42.0	41.9	43.1	6.43	5.67	5.32
Paper and Allied Products	426005	417.65	377.80	381.06	45.2	41.7	43.6	9.24	9.06	8.74
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	385.20	367.50	345.61	42.8	41.2	40.9	9.00	8.92	8.45
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	384.38	384.80	349.83	41.6	41.6	41.4	9.24	9.25	8.45
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	324.06	312.40	316.01	41.6	40.0	39.7	7.79	7.81	7.96
Primary Metal Industries	333005	553.76	561.28	465.66	43.5	44.3	39.8	12.73	12.67	11.70
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	366.34	351.02	327.54	42.4	41.2	38.9	8.64	8.52	8.42
Transportation Equipment	337005	553.21	553.01	611.71	39.6	39.9	43.6	13.97	13.86	14.03

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 44,600, lost 100 over the month and gained 1,100 during the year. Most of the annual gain was in retail trade and occurred because of the opening of several new establishments.

Manufacturing, at 10,400, was basically unchanged during February. No change was recorded in either durable or nondurable goods for the month. Over the year, a loss of 100 in durable goods was offset by a gain of 100 in nondurable goods.

Nonmanufacturing dropped 100 from January and rose 1,100 over the year. Contract construction, at 1,800, declined 100 during the month and was unchanged for the year. This industry should make gains as warmer weather approaches. Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,400, gained 100 during the month and was unchanged over the year. Trade, at 10,800, gained 100 over the month and 900 for the year. Most of the annual gain, 800, was in retail trade and was the result of new stores and increased business in established ones. Wholesale trade experienced a gain of 100 for the year. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,000, was unchanged over the month and year. Services, at 6,100, declined 100 over the month and was unchanged for the year. Government, at 11,000, declined 200 during the month and experienced no change over the year. Most of the monthly decline was in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.6	44.7	43.5	-.1	1.1
Manufacturing	300005	10.4	10.4	10.4	.0	.0
Durable Goods	300025	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.9	.9	-.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.5	8.5	8.4	.0	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.3	2.3	2.4	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.6	.5	.5	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.2	34.3	33.1	-.1	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.9	1.8	-.1	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.4	2.3	2.4	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.8	10.7	9.9	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.9	2.8	2.8	.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	7.9	7.9	7.1	.0	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	6.1	6.2	6.1	-.1	.0
Government	998008	11.0	11.2	11.0	-.2	.0
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	8.1	8.2	8.0	-.1	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	55.6	55.5	53.1	.1	2.5
Manufacturing	300005	14.5	14.6	14.0	-.1	.5
Durable Goods	300025	4.8	4.9	4.5	-.1	.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.2	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.7	9.5	-.1	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.7	2.9	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.1	40.9	39.2	.2	1.9
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.8	1.4	.1	.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.6	1.5	1.5	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.4	10.4	10.2	.0	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.4	8.4	8.2	.0	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.3	7.4	7.1	-.1	.2
Government	998008	18.2	18.1	17.3	.1	.9
Federal	998011	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	16.1	16.0	15.3	.1	.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose 400 over the month, to 126,400, and 2,100 over the year. Losses in trade were outpaced by increments in construction, government, manufacturing, services, and mining.

Manufacturing, at 33,700, rose 100 over the month and 800 over the year. Nondurable goods accounted for the monthly rise, while durables triggered the turnaround over the year. Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year, with scattered increments. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,300, was unchanged over the month, but rose 400 over the year, with more activity throughout the segment. Metals and machinery, at 2,600, remained the same over the month, but rose 300 over the year, with more activity in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,500, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year, with scattered increments. Food and kindred products, at 2,900, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year because of more activity in both meat and bakery products. Textile mill products, at 6,000, was

(Continued on the following page)

unchanged over the month, but dropped 800 over the year, resulting from decreases that customarily accompany higher technology. Apparel and other finished textile products, at 2,000, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 300 over the year, with more activity in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,600, rose 100 over the month because of more business in paper. This segment rose 300 over the year because of more business in both chemicals and paper.

At 92,600, nonmanufacturing was up 100 from January, and construction, at 6,800, climbed 300 over the month because of more favorable weather. This division recorded a decline of 600 over the year as some projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Trade, at 24,100, continued its seasonal decline over the month, with 400 fewer jobs than in January. This division rose 700 over the year as new firms opened. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,700, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year, with increases throughout the division. Services and mining, at 19,400, recorded an increase of 100 over the month, concentrated in miscellaneous business services. This division rose 100 over the year, with scattered increments. Government, at 33,300, climbed 200 over the month and 800 over the year. The monthly rise was in the state and local sector, while both divisions shared in the annual increase.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	126.4	126.0	124.3	.4	2.1
Manufacturing	300005	33.7	33.6	32.9	.1	.8
Durable Goods	300025	9.1	9.1	8.2	.0	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.3	3.3	2.9	.0	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.3	.0	.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.6	24.5	24.7	.1	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.7	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.0	6.0	6.8	.0	-.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	.9	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.6	12.5	12.3	.1	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	92.6	92.5	91.4	.1	1.2
Contract Construction	200005	6.8	6.5	7.4	.3	-.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.1	24.5	23.4	-.4	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.0	20.5	19.4	-.5	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	19.4	19.3	19.3	.1	.1
Government	998008	33.3	33.1	32.5	.2	.8
Federal	998011	8.1	8.1	7.9	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	25.2	25.0	24.6	.2	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Columbus area totalled 82,100 in February, a decline of 300 from January. The loss was attributed to declines in both manufacturing and in nonmanufacturing industries. Total employment was 3,200 more than one year ago. The annual gain was shared by both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing groups.

Manufacturing employment, totalling 21,000 in February, declined 100 from January because of a loss in textile mill products. Printing, publishing and allied industries gained 100 from the previous month. An annual gain of 1,400 workers was shared by all industrial groups except lumber and wood products, which remained constant. A significant increase of 21 percent was made in the metals and machinery group.

Nonmanufacturing employment declined by 200 workers over the month. Losses in trade employment and in services and miscellaneous employment caused the loss as all other major divisions revealed an increase. Employment increased 1,800 from one year ago, with heavy gains in contract construction and in trade. All other groups experienced smaller increases except state and local government, which declined by 200 workers.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	82.1	82.4	78.9	-.3	3.2
Manufacturing	300005	21.0	21.1	19.6	-.1	1.4
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	5.0	4.1	.0	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.4	.0	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.5	3.5	2.9	.0	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	.6	.6	.4	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.9	16.0	15.4	-.1	.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.9	3.8	.0	.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.8	8.9	8.5	-.1	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.7	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.1	1.1	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	61.1	61.3	59.3	-.2	1.8
Contract Construction	200005	4.8	4.7	3.7	.1	1.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.0	3.0	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.8	17.1	16.1	-.3	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	14.0	14.4	13.6	-.4	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.5	5.4	5.3	.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	11.7	11.8	11.6	-.1	.1
Government	998008	19.4	19.3	19.5	.1	-.1
Federal	998011	6.5	6.5	6.4	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.9	13.1	.0	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 102,300 in February. The current estimate is down 400 from January and up 2,500 from February 1983. During the month, manufacturing declined 100, with a small gain in durable goods primarily offsetting a decrease in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing fell 300, with most of the loss in trade. Annually, manufacturing rose 200, with a gain in durable goods and a slight decline in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing jumped 2,400, with increases in all segments except transportation and public utilities.

Manufacturing, at 16,500, was down 100 from last month and up 200 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods rose 100, with most of the increase in lumber and wood. Nondurable goods fell 100, with most of the loss in food products. Annually, durable goods advanced 300, with an increase in "other durable goods" being partially offset by a decline in stone, clay, and glass. Nondurable goods was down 100, with losses in food, apparel, and paper being partially offset by gains in textiles and "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing, at 85,800, was down 300 from last month and up 2,400 from February 1983. During the month, construction and trade declined, with most of the decrease in retail trade. Services added 100, with no change in transportation and public utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; and government. Annually, construction rose 500, with increases in general construction, heavy construction, and special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities fell 300, with most of the loss in transportation. Trade advanced 900, with increases in wholesale and retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate added 200, and services rose 400. Government gained 700, with the federal segment adding 400 and the state and local segment increasing 300.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	102.3	102.7	99.8	-.4	2.5
Manufacturing	300005	16.5	16.6	16.3	-.1	.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.3	5.1	.1	.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.5	.5	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.5	3.5	3.1	.0	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.2	11.3	11.3	-.1	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.5	2.5	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.8	2.0	.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	85.8	86.1	83.4	-.3	2.4
Contract Construction	200005	4.5	4.6	4.0	-.1	.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.6	.0	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.4	21.7	20.5	-.3	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	3.8	.0	.3
Retail Trade	652005	17.4	17.6	16.7	-.2	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.4	6.4	6.2	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	18.4	18.3	18.0	.1	.4
Government	998008	30.9	30.9	30.2	.0	.7
Federal	948011	17.3	17.3	16.9	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	13.6	13.6	13.3	.0	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA is estimated at 91,600 for the month of February 1984. This is an increase of 200 over the month and 3,700 over the year. Small gains were recorded in the manufacturing sector, while the nonmanufacturing sector remained at its previous level.

Overall employment in the manufacturing sector increased slightly more than 100. The durable goods sector recorded the manufacturing gains, with the increase in the transportation sector. All other industries in the durable goods sector remained unchanged. All nondurable industries remained the same, except "other nondurable goods," which experienced slight increases, and the paper products industry, which experienced a seasonal loss of slightly less than 100.

Nonmanufacturing employment was unchanged. Contract construction recorded a slight gain; however, further gains in this area are expected as the weather warms. The majority of the loss in retail trade was confined to food stores and restaurants. Again, as the weather warms up, these two sectors should return to more normal levels. The gains recorded in finance, insurance, and real estate and services were spread among all the various sections.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA has returned to normal levels for the time being. Although the unemployment rate is still higher than desirable, it is in line with the experiences of both the state and the nation.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	91.6	91.4	87.9	.2	3.7
Manufacturing	300005	16.9	16.8	15.5	.1	1.4
Durable Goods	300025	7.8	7.6	7.0	.2	.8
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.2	4.1	3.7	.1	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.1	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.1	9.1	8.5	.0	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.3	4.4	4.0	-.1	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.7	.7	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	74.7	74.7	72.4	.0	2.3
Contract Construction	200005	5.5	5.4	4.6	.1	.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	10.1	10.1	9.6	.0	.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.0	21.2	20.4	-.2	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	16.8	17.0	16.1	-.2	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.4	4.3	3.9	.1	.5
Services and Mining	800055	17.7	17.6	17.2	.1	.5
Government	998008	16.1	16.1	16.6	.0	-.5
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.5	13.5	14.1	.0	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	12.2	12.1	10.7	.1	1.5
Durable Goods	300025	6.2	6.1	5.2	.1	1.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.0	6.0	5.4	.0	.6
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.1	3.1	2.8	.0	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.1	1.0	.9	.1	.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.1	3.9	2.6	.2	1.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$413.69	$410.84	$346.10	43.5	43.3	38.8	$ 9.51	$ 9.48	$ 8.92
Durable Goods	300025	377.32	361.96	330.74	42.3	41.7	39.8	8.92	8.68	8.31
Nondurable Goods	400015	450.58	460.80	361.57	44.7	45.0	37.9	10.08	10.24	9.54
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$275.31	$304.48	$309.06	43.7	46.7	50.5	$ 6.30	$ 6.52	$ 6.12
Paper and Allied Products	426005	539.77	541.38	395.65	47.1	47.2	35.2	11.46	11.47	11.24
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	348.15	356.18	316.61	42.2	40.8	40.8	8.25	8.73	7.76
Transportation Equipment	337005	424.95	390.82	413.22	43.9	41.4	44.1	9.68	9.44	9.37

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1984	REVISED JAN. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1983
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	112,693,000	112,215,000	112,352,000	478,000	341,000
Employed	103,892,000	103,190,000	100,836,000	702,000	3,056,000
Unemployed	8,801,000	9,026,000	11,516,000	-225,000	-2,715,000
Rate	7.8	8.0	10.2	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	111,368,000	111,025,000	109,647,000	343,000	1,721,000
Employed	101,961,000	101,270,000	97,265,000	691,000	4,696,000
Unemployed	9,407,000	9,755,000	12,382,000	-348,000	-2,975,000
Rate	8.4	8.8	11.3	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,683,034	2,656,795	2,637,101	26,239	45,933
Employed	2,506,880	2,480,438	2,406,545	26,442	100,335
Unemployed	176,154	176,357	230,556	-203	-54,402
Rate	6.6	6.6	8.7	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,242	52,454	52,516	-212	-274
Employed	47,579	47,552	47,108	27	471
Unemployed	4,663	4,902	5,408	-239	-745
Rate	8.9	9.3	10.3	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,146	65,919	65,927	227	219
Employed	62,485	62,200	60,613	285	1,872
Unemployed	3,661	3,719	5,314	-58	-1,653
Rate	5.5	5.6	8.1	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,135,494	1,124,617	1,100,588	10,877	34,906
Employed	1,073,465	1,064,723	1,020,152	8,742	53,313
Unemployed	62,029	59,894	80,436	2,135	-18,407
Rate	5.5	5.3	7.3	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	135,055	134,109	136,692	946	-1,637
Employed	124,711	123,647	123,602	1,064	1,109
Unemployed	10,344	10,462	13,090	-118	-2,746
Rate	7.7	7.8	9.6	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,889	89,217	87,917	-328	972
Employed	81,408	81,444	78,789	-36	2,619
Unemployed	7,481	7,773	9,128	-292	-1,647
Rate	8.4	8.7	10.4	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,898	108,829	108,908	69	-10
Employed	100,915	100,970	99,750	-55	1,165
Unemployed	7,983	7,859	9,158	124	-1,175
Rate	7.3	7.2	8.4	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,484	97,765	98,391	719	93
Employed	91,210	90,780	88,705	430	2,505
Unemployed	7,274	6,985	9,686	289	-2,412
Rate	7.4	7.1	9.8	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1984	REVISED JAN. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED JAN. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1983
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	135,055	134,109	136,692	946	-1,637
Employed	124,711	123,647	123,602	1,064	1,109
Unemployed	10,344	10,462	13,090	-118	-2,746
Rate	7.7	7.8	9.6	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,450	89,754	90,837	696	-387
Employed	84,007	83,528	83,815	479	192
Unemployed	6,443	6,226	7,022	217	-579
Rate	7.1	6.9	7.7	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	44,605	44,355	45,855	250	-1,250
Employed	40,704	40,119	39,787	585	917
Unemployed	3,901	4,236	6,068	-335	-2,167
Rate	8.7	9.6	13.2	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1984	REVISED JAN. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED JAN. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1983
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,889	89,217	87,917	-328	972
Employed	81,408	81,444	78,789	-36	2,619
Unemployed	7,481	7,773	9,128	-292	-1,647
Rate	8.4	8.7	10.4	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,237	69,729	69,531	508	706
Employed	65,368	65,441	63,618	-73	1,750
Unemployed	4,869	4,288	5,913	581	-1,044
Rate	6.9	6.1	8.5	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,652	19,488	18,386	-836	266
Employed	16,040	16,003	15,171	37	869
Unemployed	2,612	3,485	3,215	-873	-603
Rate	14.0	17.9	17.5	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1984	REVISED JAN. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED FEB. 1983
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,683,034	2,656,795	2,637,101	26,239	45,933
Employed	2,506,880	2,480,438	2,406,545	26,442	100,335
Unemployed	176,154	176,357	230,556	-203	-54,402
Rate	6.6	6.6	8.7	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,667,872	1,655,266	1,634,413	12,606	33,459
Employed	1,567,812	1,557,962	1,506,449	9,850	61,363
Unemployed	100,060	97,304	127,964	2,756	-27,904
Rate	6.0	5.9	7.8	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,015,162	1,001,529	1,002,688	13,633	12,474
Employed	939,068	922,476	900,096	16,592	38,972
Unemployed	76,094	79,053	102,592	-2,959	-26,498
Rate	7.5	7.9	10.2	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $[illegible]
Quantity [illegible]

4/30/84 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **VOLUME X, NUMBER 2** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(February 1984 Data)

DIVERSITY KEEPS GEORGIA'S ECONOMY HEALTHY

The composition of Georgia's economy closely parallels that of the United States as a whole, a situation which has served the state well through a number of recessionary periods. Here, as in the remainder of the country, the trend is away from manufacturing and toward increases in services and trade. Manufacturing employment constituted 20.8 percent of nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the U.S. in 1983; it was 22.4 percent of the state's employment. Trade employment was 22.8 percent of the national figure, 24 percent of the state total. The largest difference was seen in the service industries. Nationally, they comprised 21.9 percent of nonagricultural employment, but only 17.4 percent in Georgia.

Some significant employment shifts have occurred in this state during the past decade. From 1973, manufacturing's share has dropped from 27.4 percent to 22.4 percent of the total. This resulted largely from declines in textiles and apparel, Georgia's largest manufacturing industries. In 1973, these two industries provided 200,100 jobs, more than 40 percent of all manufacturing jobs in the state. By 1983, the number had dropped to 172,300, slightly more than a third of manufacturing employment. Most of the increase in manufacturing jobs has been in the durable goods sector. The reopening of General Motors' Lakewood Assembly Plant will further increase employment in this sector.

The increase in two-earner families has spurred the growth of the service industries. The combination of less time and more disposable income has caused families to pay others to perform jobs they once did for themselves, just as the increase in the number of working wives has led to greater demand for child care services. From 13.8 percent of employment in 1973, the service industries accounted for 17.4 percent in 1983.

Trade is another division that has assumed more importance in the state's economy. It now comprises 24 percent of all nonagricultural jobs, as compared to 22.1 percent 10 years ago. Growth has been almost equally proportionate between wholesale and retail trade.

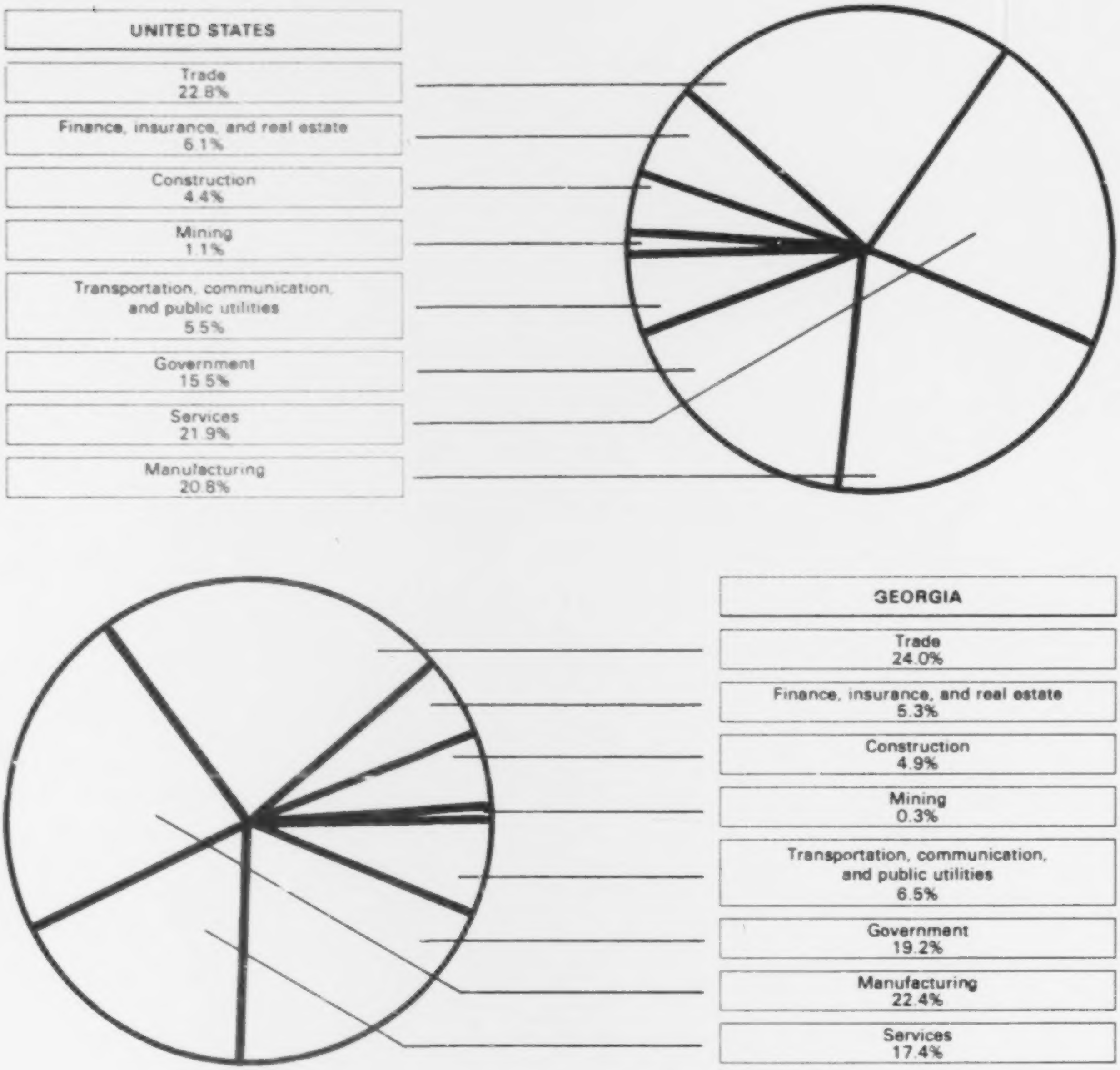
Although employment in the government sector has increased during the decade, the rate of growth has slowed. In 1983, 19.2 percent of jobs were in government, up 1.0 percent from 1973. The peak years were 1978 and 1980, however, when the percentage reached 19.9.

Construction's share of jobs has dropped, reflecting the multiple effects of recession, high

(Continued on the following page)

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor — Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
1983

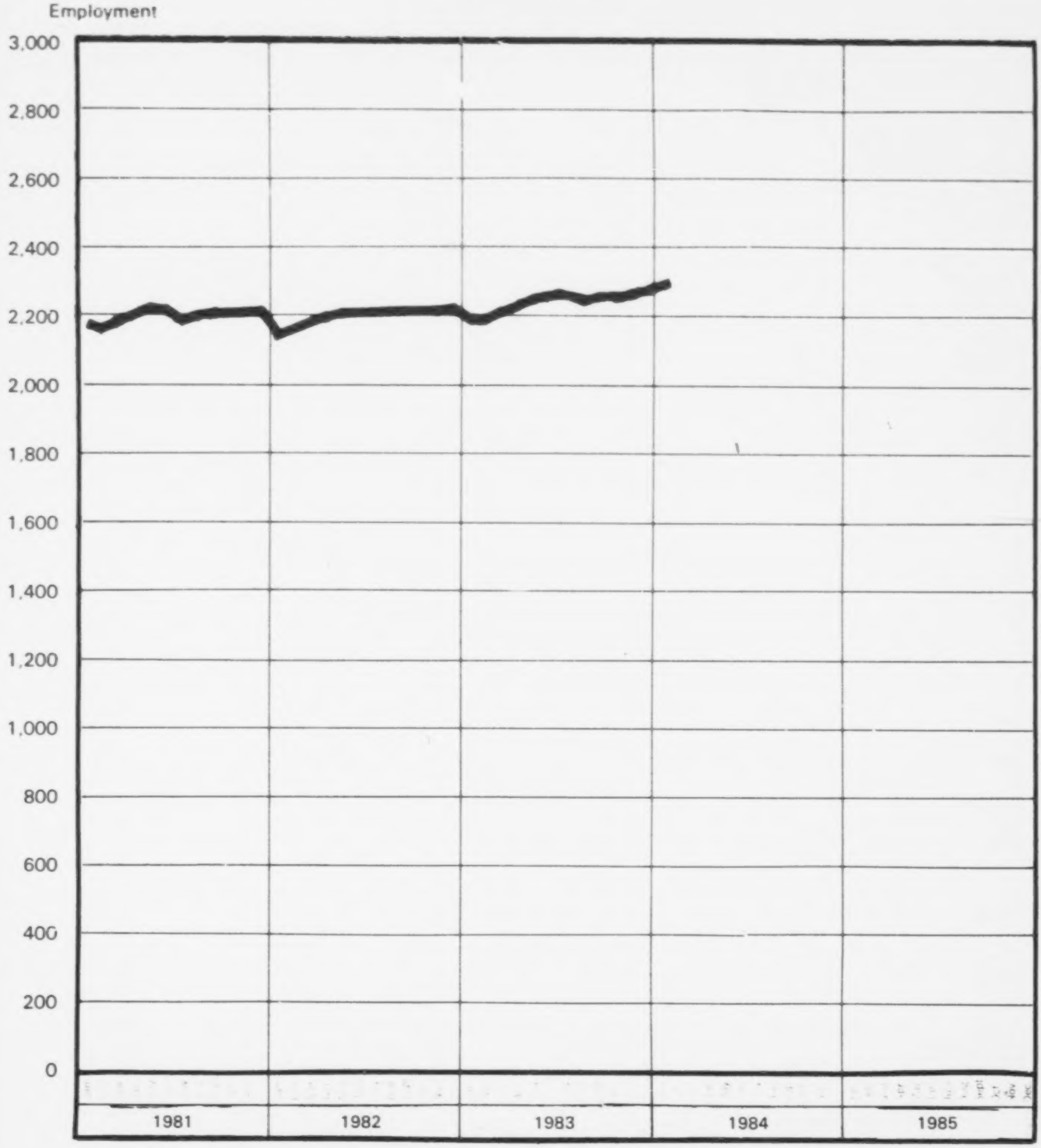


construction costs, and high interest rates. Although down from the 6.3 percent of 1973 to 4.9 in 1983, the division's share of jobs has been almost unchanged over the past five years.

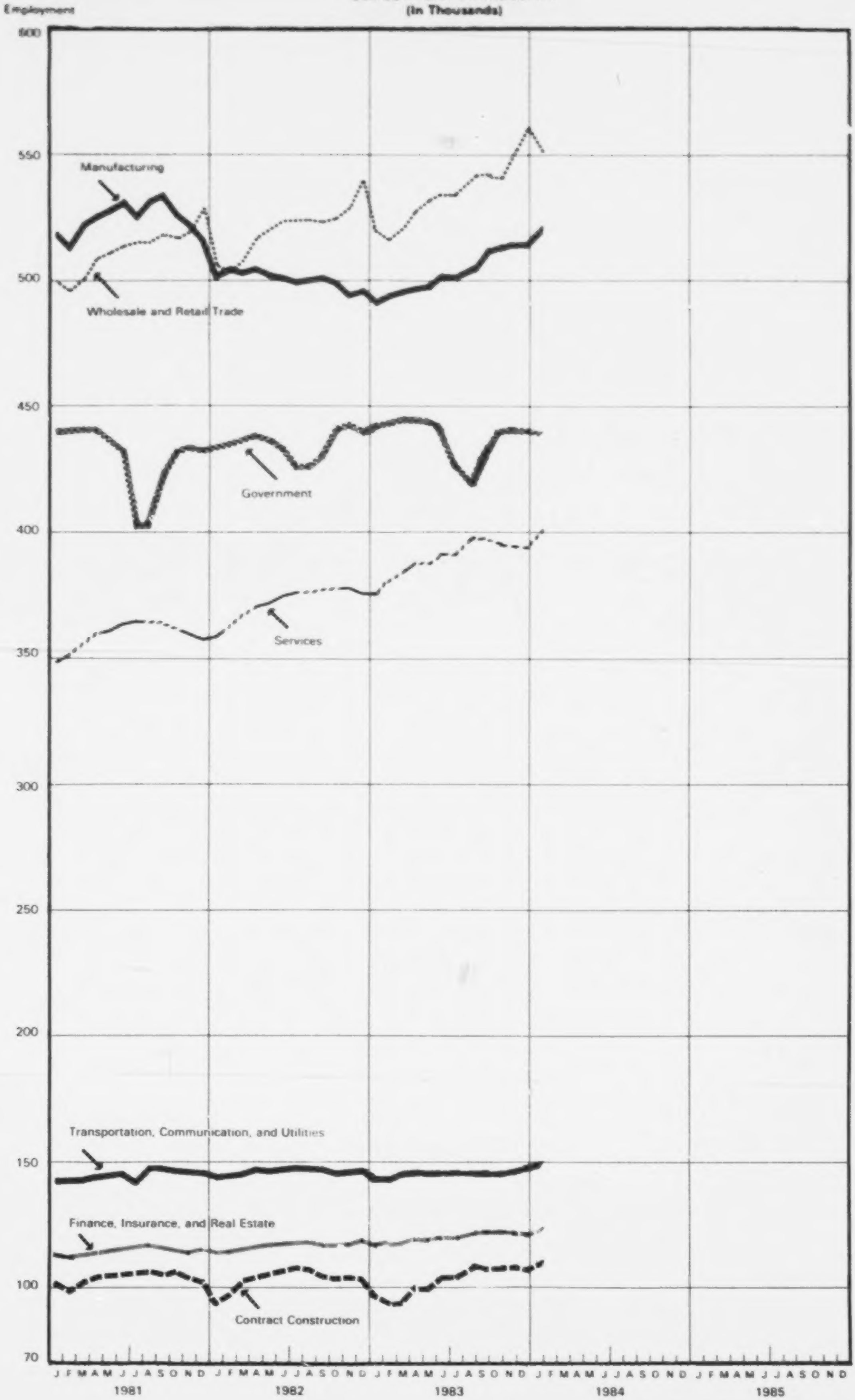
The remaining divisions show little change. Mining and transportation, communications, and public utilities declined 0.1 percent each, and finance, insurance, and real estate increased by the same amount.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,308.8	2,341.3	2,192.3	-32.5	116.5
Manufacturing	300005	521.6	522.0	489.3	-.4	32.3
Durable Goods	300025	191.7	191.9	174.8	-.2	16.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	31.0	31.1	28.4	-.1	2.6
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.5	14.5	13.5	.0	1.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	10.1	10.1	9.7	.0	.4
Household Furniture	325105	6.4	6.4	6.1	.0	.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	17.1	17.3	16.3	-.2	.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.7	15.7	15.2	.0	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.0	20.1	17.8	-.1	2.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	21.8	21.8	19.7	.0	2.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	26.6	26.5	23.2	.1	3.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	37.3	37.0	32.9	.3	4.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.2	12.3	11.7	-.1	.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	329.8	330.2	314.5	-.4	15.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	57.5	58.7	56.5	-1.2	1.0
Meat Products	420105	20.6	21.2	20.2	-.6	.4
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.6	15.9	15.1	-.3	.5
Dairy Products	420205	4.1	4.2	4.1	-.1	.0
Bakery Products	420505	9.2	9.4	8.9	-.2	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	106.2	105.8	99.4	.4	6.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.5	22.8	22.7	-.3	-.2
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
Knitting Mills	422505	9.1	9.1	8.8	.0	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	30.6	30.1	26.7	.5	3.9
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	22.0	22.2	20.7	-.2	1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	71.3	70.5	67.3	.8	4.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.9	39.2	37.5	.7	2.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.8	21.6	20.7	.2	1.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.2	28.2	27.5	.0	.7
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.4	13.3	13.1	.1	.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	7.0	6.8	-.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.8	26.9	25.6	-.1	1.2
Commercial Printing	427505	10.3	10.4	10.1	-.1	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	18.3	18.1	17.3	.2	1.0
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.5	2.4	2.5	.1	.0
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.6	19.9	18.9	-.3	.7
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,787.2	1,819.2	1,703.0	-32.0	84.2
Mining	100005	7.6	7.6	7.1	.0	.5
Contract Construction	200005	110.9	117.0	97.0	-6.1	13.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	150.0	152.0	144.2	-2.0	5.8
Transportation	500015	87.8	89.9	84.1	-2.1	3.7
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	39.0	39.0	37.9	.0	1.1
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.2	23.2	22.1	.0	1.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	556.6	577.3	522.7	-20.7	33.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	172.4	173.0	162.4	-.6	10.0
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	105.7	105.8	99.0	-.1	6.7
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	66.7	67.2	63.4	-.5	3.3
Retail Trade	652005	384.2	404.3	360.3	-20.1	23.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	122.5	122.6	118.0	-.1	4.5
Finance	760025	54.4	54.3	51.3	.1	3.1
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	43.0	42.9	42.9	.1	.1
Real Estate	765075	25.1	25.4	23.9	-.3	1.2
Services	800005	400.7	402.9	375.2	-2.2	25.5
Government	998008	439.0	439.8	438.7	-.8	.3
Federal	998011	86.9	86.5	85.5	.4	1.4
State and Local	998509	352.0	353.3	353.1	-1.3	-1.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	392.8	393.0	372.1	-.2	20.7
Durable Goods	300025	140.5	140.8	129.8	-.3	10.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	252.3	252.2	242.3	.1	10.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.7	41.6	38.7	-.9	2.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	88.0	87.5	84.1	.5	3.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.6	19.8	20.2	-.2	-.6
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	2.9	2.9	2.7	.0	.2
Knitting Mills	422505	7.7	7.7	7.4	.0	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	24.8	24.2	21.6	.6	3.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.5	18.7	17.5	-.2	1.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.5	59.7	57.5	.8	3.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.2	33.5	32.2	.7	2.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.4	18.2	17.7	.2	.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	24.3	24.4	23.0	-.1	1.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.1	8.1	8.2	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.9	21.8	21.4	.1	.5
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.6	10.5	10.2	.1	.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.7	10.6	10.4	.1	.3
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.3	1.4	1.6	-.1	-.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	13.5	13.7	13.0	-.2	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.2	11.3	10.7	-.1	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.4	14.5	13.5	-.1	.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	15.4	15.6	13.7	-.2	1.7
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.1	19.0	16.7	.1	2.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.2	23.9	21.3	.3	2.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$306.12	$311.75	$279.20	41.2	42.3	40.0	$ 7.43	$ 7.37	$ 6.98
Durable Goods	300025	353.58	370.24	320.90	42.6	44.5	41.3	8.30	8.32	7.77
Nondurable Goods	400015	279.57	279.07	257.68	40.4	41.1	39.4	6.92	6.79	6.54
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$277.02	$269.05	$255.57	40.5	39.8	39.5	$ 6.84	$ 6.76	$ 6.47
Textile Mill Products	422005	259.49	263.34	237.19	40.8	42.0	39.4	6.36	6.27	6.02
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	270.70	270.92	247.65	42.1	42.8	40.4	6.43	6.33	6.13
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	302.76	289.28	274.56	43.5	43.5	41.6	6.96	6.65	6.60
Knitting Mills	422505	249.35	224.07	206.03	43.9	40.3	38.8	5.68	5.56	5.31
Floor Covering Mills	422705	253.11	281.01	249.89	39.0	43.5	40.5	6.49	6.46	6.17
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	252.95	251.43	244.62	39.4	40.1	40.3	6.42	6.27	6.07
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	181.30	183.26	170.35	36.7	38.1	36.4	4.94	4.81	4.68
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	181.72	180.38	172.54	36.2	37.5	36.4	5.02	4.81	4.74
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	177.47	179.16	166.70	37.6	38.2	36.8	4.72	4.69	4.53
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	235.66	244.51	230.45	41.2	43.2	41.3	5.72	5.66	5.58
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	224.13	242.21	206.00	41.2	47.4	41.7	5.44	5.11	4.94
Paper and Allied Products	426005	487.68	489.13	456.73	44.7	45.5	44.3	10.91	10.75	10.31
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	575.51	572.40	511.21	46.6	47.7	45.2	12.35	12.00	11.31
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	404.12	402.04	355.31	43.5	43.7	41.9	9.29	9.20	8.48
Leather and Leather Products	431005	143.72	142.27	148.42	35.4	34.7	36.2	4.06	4.10	4.10
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	329.33	338.26	323.18	41.9	43.2	41.7	7.86	7.83	7.75
Primary Metal Industries	333005	401.72	398.82	346.71	41.5	41.2	39.0	9.68	9.68	8.89
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	312.56	370.04	293.15	42.7	46.9	41.0	7.32	7.89	7.15
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	388.08	420.96	371.45	47.5	49.7	46.9	8.17	8.47	7.92
Transportation Equipment	337005	545.69	578.56	488.01	42.9	45.2	40.6	12.72	12.80	12.02

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SEASONAL DOWNTURN IN ATLANTA'S JANUARY EMPLOYMENT

A decrease of 15,200 jobs from December in the Atlanta area was primarily because of post-holiday season layoffs in the trade industries. A decline in services, cutbacks in manufacturing, and less activity in construction accounted for the remainder of the downturn. Transportation and public utilities; finance, insurance and real estate; and government recorded very slight changes.

In manufacturing, both durable and nondurable goods industries experienced losses, with the nondurables accounting for 80 percent of the drop. Small gains in the durable goods sector by lumber and wood products, primary metals, and transportation equipment were more than offset by losses in stone, clay, and glass products; fabricated metal products; and nonelectrical machinery. All industries in nondurables declined except textile mill products and chemicals. Food and kindred products, printing and publishing, and "other nondurable goods" accounted for 80 percent of the loss.

From the same month last year, manufacturing rose 8,200. Almost 80 percent of this increase was in the durable goods sector as all industries posted gains. Among the nondurable goods industries, only food and kindred products and textile mill products failed to exhibit increases.

For the current month, nonmanufacturing declined 13,100 from December, but rose 57,000 from January 1983. Construction, trade, and services experienced the greatest declines for the month, but posted the greatest increases over the year.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Atlanta Area's Newest Mall Opens

Gwinnett Place, located at the intersection of Interstate 85 and Pleasant Hill Road, opened February 1. Hudgens, Cadillac Fairview and Corporate Property Investors of New York were joint-venture partners on the mall, which they estimate cost over $100 million to build.

The lure of one of the nation's fastest growing counties, with a young and affluent citizenry and an abundance of fashion conscious youngsters, has attracted Rich's, Davison's, Sears, and a mixture of smaller stores ranging from specialty shops to restaurants. Usually, Rich's and Davison's build moderate-size stores in new areas, leaving room to expand later, but both department store chains built full-size units at Gwinnett Place, attesting to their confidence in the new market.

The new mall will employ approximately 2,000 people, the vast majority from Gwinnett County. *(The Atlanta Constitution,* 1/30/84)

Air Atlanta Launches Service

Early in February, Air Atlanta, the first jet airline to be founded in Atlanta this decade, launched its business-oriented carrier service to Memphis and to New York's Kennedy International Airport with specially reconfigured Boeing 727-100's. *(The Atlanta Constitution,* 1/30/84)

Companies to Build in Atlanta Industrial Park Enterprise Zone

The Atlanta Economic Development Corporation announced on January 31 that seven companies have decided to build new facilities at the Atlanta Industrial Park enterprise zone. The AEDC says the commitments will create 1,100 jobs. *(The Atlanta Constitution,* 1/30/84)

Ground Breaking for Marquis One

Ground breaking ceremonies were held February 3 for the Peachtree Center Marquis One, a 30-story structure to be developed by architect John Portman. The building is scheduled for completion late next year. *(The Atlanta Constitution,* 1/30/84)

Addition to Merchandise Mart Under Construction

A 600,000-square-foot addition to the Merchandise Mart is under construction at Spring Street and International Boulevard across from the Westin Peachtree Plaza Hotel. The 22-story structure, designed by architect-developer John Portman, is scheduled to open in January 1986.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,078.7	1,093.9	1,013.6	-15.2	65.1
Manufacturing	300005	148.4	150.3	140.2	-1.9	8.2
Durable Goods	300025	77.0	77.4	70.5	-.4	6.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	3.0	2.9	2.8	.1	.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.2	4.2	3.8	.0	.4
Household Furniture	325105	2.2	2.2	1.9	.0	.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	8.0	8.2	7.2	-.2	.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.0	4.9	4.8	.1	.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.7	9.0	7.3	-.3	1.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.6	7.9	7.3	-.3	.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	12.0	12.0	11.5	.0	.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.4	23.2	20.9	.2	2.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.1	5.1	4.9	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	71.4	72.9	69.7	-1.5	1.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.1	19.5	19.1	-.4	.0
Meat Products	420105	5.1	5.4	5.4	-.3	-.3
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.6	3.5	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.0	4.0	4.2	.0	-.2
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.1	1.1	1.4	.0	-.3
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.0	9.2	8.8	-.2	.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.7	3.8	3.7	-.1	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.2	8.3	7.7	-.1	.5
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.2	4.3	4.0	-.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.9	17.4	16.2	-.5	.7
Commercial Printing	427505	7.4	7.6	7.4	-.2	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.9	7.8	7.7	.1	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.6	6.0	-.3	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	930.4	943.5	873.4	-13.1	57.0
Contract Construction	200005	53.9	55.9	43.0	-2.0	10.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	94.9	94.8	90.5	.1	4.4
Transportation	500015	60.8	60.7	57.1	.1	3.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	305.2	313.6	285.6	-8.4	19.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	112.3	112.9	107.2	-.6	5.1
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	74.7	74.9	72.0	-.2	2.7
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	37.6	38.0	35.2	-.4	2.4
Retail Trade	652005	192.9	200.7	178.4	-7.8	14.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	76.1	76.2	73.5	-.1	2.6
Finance	760025	30.3	30.1	28.0	.2	2.3
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	28.2	28.3	28.4	-.1	-.2
Services	800055	235.2	237.5	215.9	-2.3	19.3
Government	998008	165.1	165.4	164.9	-.3	.2
Federal	998011	34.4	33.7	33.7	.7	.7
State and Local	998509	130.7	131.7	131.2	-1.0	-.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	102.4	103.9	98.2	-1.5	4.2
Durable Goods	300025	55.3	55.7	51.7	-.4	3.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	47.1	48.2	46.5	-1.1	.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	12.1	12.5	12.2	-.4	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.3	3.5	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.0	7.2	7.1	-.2	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.3	3.4	3.3	-.1	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.3	2.2	2.4	.1	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.2	3.3	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.2	5.9	-.1	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.9	3.0	2.7	-.1	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.2	4.1	3.8	.1	.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.4	6.6	5.8	-.2	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.2	3.2	2.9	.0	.3
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.4	5.5	5.2	-.1	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.5	5.9	5.3	-.4	.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.9	14.6	13.1	.3	1.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$356.73	$367.79	$324.26	40.4	41.7	39.4	$ 8.83	$ 8.82	$ 8.23
Durable Goods	300025	392.23	414.07	355.21	40.9	42.6	39.6	9.59	9.72	8.97
Nondurable Goods	400015	314.42	314.20	290.08	39.8	40.7	39.2	7.90	7.72	7.40
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$308.90	$310.49	$282.30	39.2	40.8	40.1	$ 7.88	$ 7.61	$ 7.04
Textile Mill Products	422005	247.81	240.12	212.91	42.8	42.2	38.5	5.79	5.69	5.53
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	168.80	173.54	165.49	34.1	35.2	33.5	4.95	4.93	4.94
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	153.19	163.02	170.50	31.2	33.0	34.1	4.91	4.94	5.00
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	181.22	173.68	158.93	36.1	35.3	32.5	5.02	4.92	4.89
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	220.13	233.19	208.50	37.5	38.8	37.1	5.87	6.01	5.62
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	238.56	258.72	228.76	42.0	48.0	42.6	5.68	5.39	5.37
Paper and Allied Products	426005	379.54	390.76	377.44	41.8	42.8	42.6	9.08	9.13	8.86
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	367.50	364.00	355.28	41.2	41.6	42.6	8.92	8.75	8.34
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	386.56	375.58	343.07	41.7	41.3	40.6	9.27	9.09	8.45
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	312.40	333.33	300.93	40.0	42.9	37.9	7.81	7.77	7.94
Primary Metal Industries	333005	595.61	580.11	464.04	46.1	44.9	39.9	12.92	12.92	11.63
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	351.02	416.47	334.13	41.2	44.4	40.5	8.52	9.38	8.25
Transportation Equipment	337005	561.15	622.29	520.31	[illegible]	43.7	38.8	13.97	14.24	13.41

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 44,500, declined 600 during the month and gained 800 over the year. Most of the monthly decline was in the retail trade sector as employment returned to pre-holiday levels. During the year, an increment of 800 was estimated. Most of the gain was in trade, construction and local government.

Manufacturing, at 10,400, declined 100 during the month and was unchanged over the year. Both durable and nondurable goods were unchanged for the month despite small fluctuations within those categories. Over the year, a gain of 100 in nondurable goods was offset by a loss in durable goods.

Contract construction, at 2,000, was unchanged for the month and up 200 over the year. Officials in Albany report no appreciable change in requests for building permits over the past month. There is speculation that interest rates may be raised later in the year, which would have a negative effect on the construction industry.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,300, experienced a slight decline during the month due to a loss in transportation. Over the year, the division remained steady.

Trade, at 10,500, declined 400 over the month and gained 500 during the year. Retail trade lost 300 in January as businesses returned to normal staffing after the holidays. The retail sector gained 500 during the year. Wholesale trade declined slightly during the month and was unchanged for the year.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,000, declined 100 during the month and was unchanged over the year. The loss during the month was in the finance division.

Services, at 6,100, declined 100 over the month and year. Business services declined during the month, while health services were down for the year.

Government, at 11,200, gained 100 over the month and 300 for the year. All of the gains were in the state and local portions of the category.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst W. David Wilson (912) 439-4181

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.5	45.1	43.7	-.6	.8
Manufacturing	300005	10.4	10.5	10.4	-.1	.0
Durable Goods	300025	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.1	1.0	1.1	.1	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.5	8.5	8.4	.0	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.3	2.4	2.4	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.1	34.7	33.3	-.6	.8
Contract Construction	200005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.3	2.4	2.3	-.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.5	10.9	10.0	-.4	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.8	2.9	2.8	-.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	7.7	8.0	7.2	-.3	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.0	2.1	2.0	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	6.1	6.2	6.2	-.1	-.1
Government	998008	11.2	11.1	10.9	.1	.3
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	8.2	8.2	8.0	.0	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	55.6	54.9	53.2	.7	2.4
Manufacturing	300005	14.6	14.8	13.9	-.2	.7
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	4.9	4.6	.0	.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.1	.0	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.7	9.8	9.4	-.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.8	2.9	-.1	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.5	2.2	-.1	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.5	3.4	3.1	.1	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.0	40.1	39.3	.9	1.7
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.8	1.4	-.1	.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.6	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.5	10.6	10.2	-.1	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	8.4	8.6	8.2	-.2	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.5	7.3	7.0	.2	.5
Government	998008	18.1	17.2	17.4	.9	.7
Federal	998011	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
State and Local	998009	16.0	15.2	15.4	.8	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area dropped 1,600 over the month to 126,300, but rose 2,200 over the year. The monthly decline was primarily seasonal, reflecting after-Christmas layoffs in retail trade, services, construction, and manufacturing. A decrease in government also occurred. Annually, manufacturing, trade, finance, insurance, and real estate, and government recorded gains. Construction lost considerably with the completion of projects in Richmond County.

Manufacturing, at 33,500, dropped 300 over the month with declines in nondurables. Annually, manufacturing climbed 1,000, resulting from a moderate turnaround in the economy.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year because of more activity in building construction. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,300, climbed 100 over the month and 500 over the year for the same reason. Metals and machinery, at 2,600, remained the same over the month, but recorded an increment of 400 annually with more business in machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,500, also was unchanged monthly, but recorded a rise of 100

(Continued on the following page)

over the year with scattered increments.

Food and kindred products, at 2,900, dropped 100 due to exceedingly cold weather in some market areas, but rose 200 over the year with increments through most of the division. Textile mill products, at 6,000, was unchanged over the month, but decreased 600 over the year because more efficient machines replaced some older equipment. Apparel, at 2,000, was steady over the month and over the year. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, was unchanged over the month, but rose 300 annually because of more business in commercial printing. Cyclical movements in this segment are reflected in services due to contract agreements. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,500, dropped 100 monthly, but rose 200 annually as most components reflected positive trends. The monthly decrement was concentrated in paper.

Construction, at 6,500, dropped 100 over the month and 900 over the year because of project completion. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, was unchanged monthly and annually. Trade, at 24,800, experienced a drop of 600 because of the usual after-Christmas downturn in retail sales from the December peak. This division rose 1,100 annually as existing firms expanded and others were established. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,700, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 annually. Services and mining, at 19,300, dropped 400 over the month as some health institutions declined in patient load over the holidays. This division recorded no change over the year. Government, at 33,200, dropped 200 monthly, but reported an increase of 700 over the year. The monthly decline was in the state and local sector while the annual increment was shared by all segments of government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	C00000	126.3	127.9	124.1	-1.6	2.2
Manufacturing	300005	33.5	33.8	32.5	-.3	1.0
Durable Goods	300025	9.0	9.0	8.1	.0	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.3	3.2	2.8	.1	.5
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.2	.0	.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.5	24.7	24.4	-.2	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	3.0	2.7	-.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.0	6.0	6.6	.0	-.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	.9	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.5	12.6	12.3	-.1	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	92.7	94.1	91.5	-1.4	1.2
Contract Construction	200005	6.5	6.6	7.4	-.1	-.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.8	25.4	23.7	-.6	1.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.1	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	20.5	21.2	19.6	-.7	.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	19.3	19.7	19.3	-.4	.0
Government	998008	33.2	33.4	32.5	-.2	.7
Federal	998011	8.2	8.2	7.9	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	25.0	25.2	24.5	-.2	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 82,400, declined 600 from the December estimate. Manufacturing employment remained steady from December, while nonmanufacturing employment lost 700. Employment increased 3,600 from January 1983 as manufacturing and nonmanufacturing shared the gain equally.

Manufacturing employment, at 21,100, remained the same as December and revealed a gain of 1,800 from one year ago. Over the year, metals and machinery gained 600 workers, while textile mill products increased by 400 workers. The remainder of the increase was shared by stone, clay, and glass products, "other durable goods," food and kindred products, apparel and other finished textile products, and "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 61,300, declined by 700 from last month's estimate. A gain of 1,800 was noted from January 1983 when 59,500 were employed. Contract construction employment, at 4,700, rose 100 from last month and increased 1,000 from one year ago. Trade employment dropped 800 workers from December, 700 of whom were in retail trade. Over the year, trade gained 500 workers including 100 in wholesale and 400 in retail. Finance, insurance, and real estate remained the same from December and rose 100 from last year. Services and miscellaneous remained constant from the previous month and increased 100 from one year ago. Government employment increased 100 from December and rose 200 from last year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	82.4	83.0	78.8	-.6	3.6
Manufacturing	300005	21.1	21.1	19.3	.0	1.8
Durable Goods	300025	5.1	5.1	4.0	.0	1.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.4	.0	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.5	3.5	2.9	.0	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	.6	.6	.4	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	16.1	16.0	15.3	.1	.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	4.0	3.8	-.1	.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.9	8.8	8.5	.1	.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.7	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.2	1.1	-.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	61.3	62.0	59.5	-.7	1.8
Contract Construction	200005	4.7	4.6	3.7	.1	1.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.8	17.6	16.3	-.8	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.8	2.6	-.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	14.1	14.8	13.7	-.7	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.4	5.4	5.3	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.8	11.8	11.7	.0	.1
Government	998008	19.6	19.5	19.4	.1	.2
Federal	998011	6.5	6.5	6.4	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	13.1	13.1	13.1	.0	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 103,000 in January, up 300 from December and up 3,200 from January 1983. During the month, manufacturing added 200, with durable goods being unchanged and nondurable goods rising 200. Nonmanufacturing rose 200 with gains in transportation and public utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and government. Construction and trade registered declines.

Manufacturing, at 16,700, was up 200 from last month and up 500 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was unchanged with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods advanced 200 with gains in food and apparel. Annually, durable goods increased 400 with most of the gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods added 100, with gains in food, textiles, and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by declines in apparel and paper. Chemicals was unchanged during the year.

Nonmanufacturing, at 86,300, was up 200 from December and up 2,700 from January 1983. During the month, increases in transportation and public utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and government were partially offset by declines in construction and trade. Gains in services and government were mostly in education, while the drop in trade was because of layoffs of temporary employees hired for the holiday season. Annually, construction rose 500 with increases in general construction and special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities dropped 100, and trade registered an increase of 900. Wholesale trade accounted for one-third of the increase. Finance, insurance, and real estate added 200, and services was up 500. The increase in services occurred in private education and other services. The advance in government was in all segments.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G Matthews, (912) 744-6170

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	103.0	102.7	99.8	.3	3.2
Manufacturing	300005	16.7	16.5	16.2	.2	.5
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.4	5.0	.0	.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.6	3.6	3.1	.0	.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.3	11.1	11.2	.2	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.4	2.4	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.4	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.8	2.0	.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	86.3	86.1	83.6	.2	2.7
Contract Construction	200005	4.5	4.7	4.0	-.2	.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.3	4.5	.1	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.7	22.6	20.8	-.9	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	3.8	.0	.3
Retail Trade	652005	17.6	18.5	17.0	-.9	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.4	6.3	6.2	.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	18.3	17.5	17.8	.8	.5
Government	998008	31.0	30.7	30.2	.3	.8
Federal	948011	17.3	17.3	16.9	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	13.7	13.4	13.3	.3	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA dropped to 91,000 in January. Manufacturing employment remained stable over the month. Nonmanufacturing employment declined 1,000, most of it seasonal; employment should return to normal within the next few months.

Manufacturing employment remained stable over the month. Although there were a few fluctuations in various sectors, none were significant.

Nonmanufacturing employment declined 1,000 over the month. Contract construction remained stable overall; however, heavy construction gained 200 over the month while building construction and special trade contractors each lost 100.

Marine cargo handling declined 300 over the month. January is usually a very slow month for the shipping industry. During February and March this sector should return to normal or slightly above normal levels as the economy improves. Motor freight and shipping services combined made up the remainder of the loss in this sector.

Wholesale and retail trade lost approximately 500 over the month. Although the drop is significant, it is seasonal. Retail department stores, restaurants and miscellaneous retail establishments accounted for the majority of the loss. The only sector to record a gain was food stores.

It is interesting to note that employment trends in Savannah were similar to national trends. The exception was construction which declined nationally while remaining stable in Savannah.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	91.0	92.0	87.8	-1.0	3.2
Manufacturing	300005	16.8	16.8	15.5	.0	1.3
Durable Goods	300025	7.6	7.7	6.9	-.1	.7
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.1	4.1	3.6	.0	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.1	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.1	9.2	8.6	-.1	.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.4	4.4	4.1	.0	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	74.2	75.2	72.3	-1.0	1.9
Contract Construction	200005	5.2	5.2	4.8	.0	.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	10.1	10.5	9.4	-.4	.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.1	21.6	20.8	-.5	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.2	4.3	-.1	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.0	17.4	16.5	-.4	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	3.9	.0	.3
Services and Mining	800055	17.6	17.5	17.0	.1	.6
Government	998008	16.1	16.1	16.5	.0	-.4
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.5	13.5	13.9	.0	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.9	11.8	10.7	.1	1.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.9	5.7	5.1	.2	.8
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.0	6.0	5.5	.0	.5
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.0	.9	1.0	.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.1	3.1	2.9	.0	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.0	1.1	.9	-.1	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.7	3.6	2.5	.1	1.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$415.34	$424.59	$374.82	43.4	44.6	41.6	$ 9.57	$ 9.52	$ 9.01
Durable Goods	300025	372.20	387.64	330.91	42.2	44.0	39.3	8.82	8.81	8.42
Nondurable Goods	400015	458.04	458.67	415.66	44.6	45.1	43.8	10.27	10.17	9.49
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$304.48	$317.03	$261.04	46.7	49.0	41.7	$ 6.52	$ 6.47	$ 6.26
Paper and Allied Products	426005	541.38	555.98	503.57	47.2	48.6	46.8	11.47	11.44	10.76
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	356.18	369.37	313.07	40.8	42.9	40.5	8.73	8.61	7.73
Transportation Equipment	337005	407.95	415.27	416.81	42.1	42.9	44.2	9.69	9.68	9.43

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1984	REVISED DEC. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1983
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	112,215,000	113,824,000	112,344,000	-1,609,000	-129,000
Employed	103,190,000	104,629,000	100,821,000	-1,439,000	2,369,000
Unemployed	9,026,000	9,195,000	11,523,000	-169,000	-2,497,000
Rate	8.0	8.1	10.3	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	111,025,000	111,795,000	109,779,000	770,000	1,246,000
Employed	101,270,000	102,803,000	97,262,000	-1,533,000	4,008,000
Unemployed	9,755,000	8,992,000	12,517,000	763,000	-2,762,000
Rate	8.8	8.0	11.4	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,655,870	2,722,238	2,625,727	-66,368	30,143
Employed	2,482,834	2,552,901	2,400,557	-70,067	82,277
Unemployed	173,036	169,337	225,170	3,699	-52,134
Rate	6.5	6.2	8.6	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,179	53,230	52,786	-1,051	-607
Employed	47,303	48,648	47,436	-1,345	-133
Unemployed	4,876	4,582	5,350	294	-474
Rate	9.3	8.6	10.1	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	65,897	67,878	65,593	-1,981	304
Employed	62,242	64,291	60,636	-2,049	1,606
Unemployed	3,655	3,587	4,957	68	-1,302
Rate	5.5	5.3	7.6	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,122,495	1,151,370	1,096,703	-28,875	25,792
Employed	1,063,233	1,091,306	1,017,692	-28,073	45,541
Unemployed	59,262	60,064	79,011	-802	-19,749
Rate	5.3	5.2	7.2	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,257	137,061	137,570	-2,804	-3,313
Employed	123,852	126,638	123,454	-2,786	398
Unemployed	10,405	10,423	14,116	-18	-3,711
Rate	7.8	7.6	10.3	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,114	89,552	87,431	-438	1,683
Employed	81,405	82,887	78,623	-1,482	2,782
Unemployed	7,709	6,665	8,808	1,044	-1,099
Rate	8.7	7.4	10.1	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,007	110,448	108,534	-1,441	473
Employed	101,211	102,944	99,846	-1,733	1,365
Unemployed	7,796	7,504	8,688	292	-892
Rate	7.2	6.8	8.0	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,180	99,582	97,924	-2,402	-744
Employed	90,289	92,492	88,728	-2,203	1,561
Unemployed	6,891	7,090	9,196	-199	-2,305
Rate	7.1	7.1	9.4	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1984	REVISED DEC. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED DEC. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,257	137,061	137,570	-2,804	-3,313
Employed	123,852	126,638	123,454	-2,786	398
Unemployed	10,405	10,423	14,116	-18	-3,711
Rate	7.8	7.6	10.3	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,857	92,187	91,562	-2,330	-1,705
Employed	83,655	85,750	83,711	-2,095	-56
Unemployed	6,202	6,437	7,851	-235	-1,649
Rate	6.9	7.0	8.6	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	44,400	44,874	46,008	-474	-1,608
Employed	40,197	40,888	39,743	-691	454
Unemployed	4,203	3,986	6,265	217	-2,062
Rate	9.5	8.9	13.6	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1984	REVISED DEC. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED DEC. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,114	89,552	87,431	-438	1,683
Employed	81,405	82,887	78,623	-1,482	2,782
Unemployed	7,709	6,665	8,808	1,044	-1,099
Rate	8.7	7.4	10.1	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,654	71,346	69,190	-1,692	464
Employed	65,390	66,778	63,584	-1,388	1,806
Unemployed	4,264	4,568	5,606	-304	-1,342
Rate	6.1	6.4	8.1	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	19,460	18,206	18,241	1,254	1,219
Employed	16,015	16,109	15,039	-94	976
Unemployed	3,445	2,097	3,202	1,348	243
Rate	17.7	11.5	17.6	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1984	REVISED DEC. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1983
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,655,870	2,722,238	2,625,727	-66,368	30,143
Employed	2,482,834	2,552,901	2,400,557	-70,067	82,277
Unemployed	173,036	169,337	225,170	3,699	-52,134
Rate	6.5	6.2	8.6	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,652,445	1,692,636	1,629,722	-40,191	22,723
Employed	1,556,071	1,595,811	1,504,444	-39,740	51,627
Unemployed	96,374	96,825	125,278	-451	-28,904
Rate	5.8	5.7	7.7	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,003,425	1,029,602	996,005	-26,177	7,420
Employed	926,763	957,090	896,113	-30,327	30,650
Unemployed	76,662	72,512	99,892	4,150	-23,230
Rate	7.6	7.0	10.0	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $243.53
Quantity 1,400

5/15/84 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
IMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

VOLUME X, NUMBER 3

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(March 1984 Data)

THE JUNE GRADUATE AND THE JOB MARKET

June traditionally brings an influx of new entrants into the labor force, the majority of them newly graduated high school and college students. Some of them are seeking only summer jobs before returning to school, but thousands of others are beginning their full-time careers.

Jobs that can be filled by a person with no experience are classed as entry-level jobs. Within that general category, however, lies a broad range of occupations requiring vastly different levels of formal preparation. In this sense, they may provide entry to the work force in general or entry to a career ladder.

Many beginning workers will find jobs in the ever-expanding clerical field as secretaries, data entry clerks, bank tellers, cashiers, receptionists, computer operators, medical or insurance clerks, or in any of several other occupations. Employers may require that applicants for these jobs have only a high school diploma (or not even that), or they may require varying amounts of formal training and/or experience. Generally, the successful applicant will have some word processing skills and some familiarity with computer terminals. The ambitious job-seeker will add business education and accounting to his or her curriculum.

Greater longevity, more sophisticated medical equipment, and greater emphasis on personal health combine to create a demand for health professionals, paraprofessionals, technicians and technologists, and medical and dental assistants. More stringent Medicare regulations have led to more in-home care for the elderly, much of which is provided by a new category of worker, the home health aide. The Georgia Department of Labor estimates almost 2,000 annual job openings in this category alone.

The evolution of the so-called high-tech (an as-yet poorly defined term) industries have excited considerable interest in various technical occupations. Indications are, however, that these industries will not create large numbers of new jobs, and competition will be keen for the openings which do occur. For example, the Department of Labor projects the demand for electrical and electronic technicians at only 418 per year and for drafters at fewer than 300.

The sales field will provide a substantial number of job openings, partly because of the growing importance of trade in the economy and partly because of the high turnover rate in retail establishments. These jobs have a wide range of skill and education requirements and earnings potential. Sales clerks, as a

(Continued on the following page)

rule, have low earnings and little room for advancement, while commissioned sales representatives' earnings are limited only by their ability to sell the company's product.

The rapidly growing services industries will provide more new jobs in the next decade than any other sector of the economy. Service occupations are many and varied. Some, such as food service, require little or no formal preparation and are marked by extremely high turnover rates. These are often beginning jobs for teenagers just entering the labor market, but because of low pay and little room for advancement, they are regarded as permanent jobs by few. Other service workers, such as butchers and meat cutters, require more training and have much higher earnings potential.

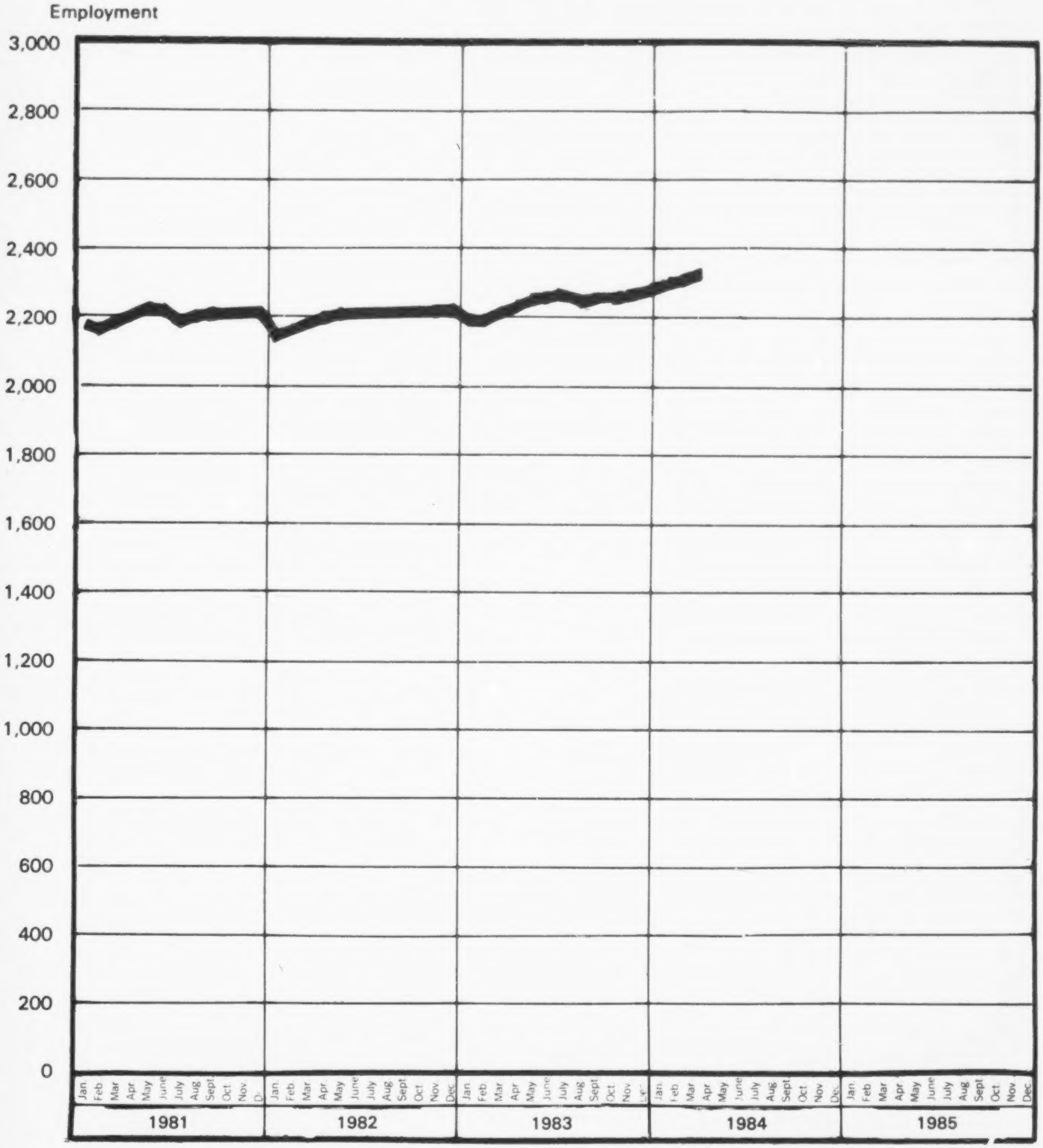
Under the common classification "blue collar workers" lie most crafts and operative jobs. These include mechanics and repairers of many types; the demand is good for those who are knowledgeable and skilled. The demand for operatives is less, and so, usually, is the skill level.

As always, employment in construction occupations will depend heavily on the state of the economy, and it is highly seasonal as well. People choosing this line of work should be prepared to relocate often, for even experienced workers with skills in demand are not always able to work regularly in one locale.

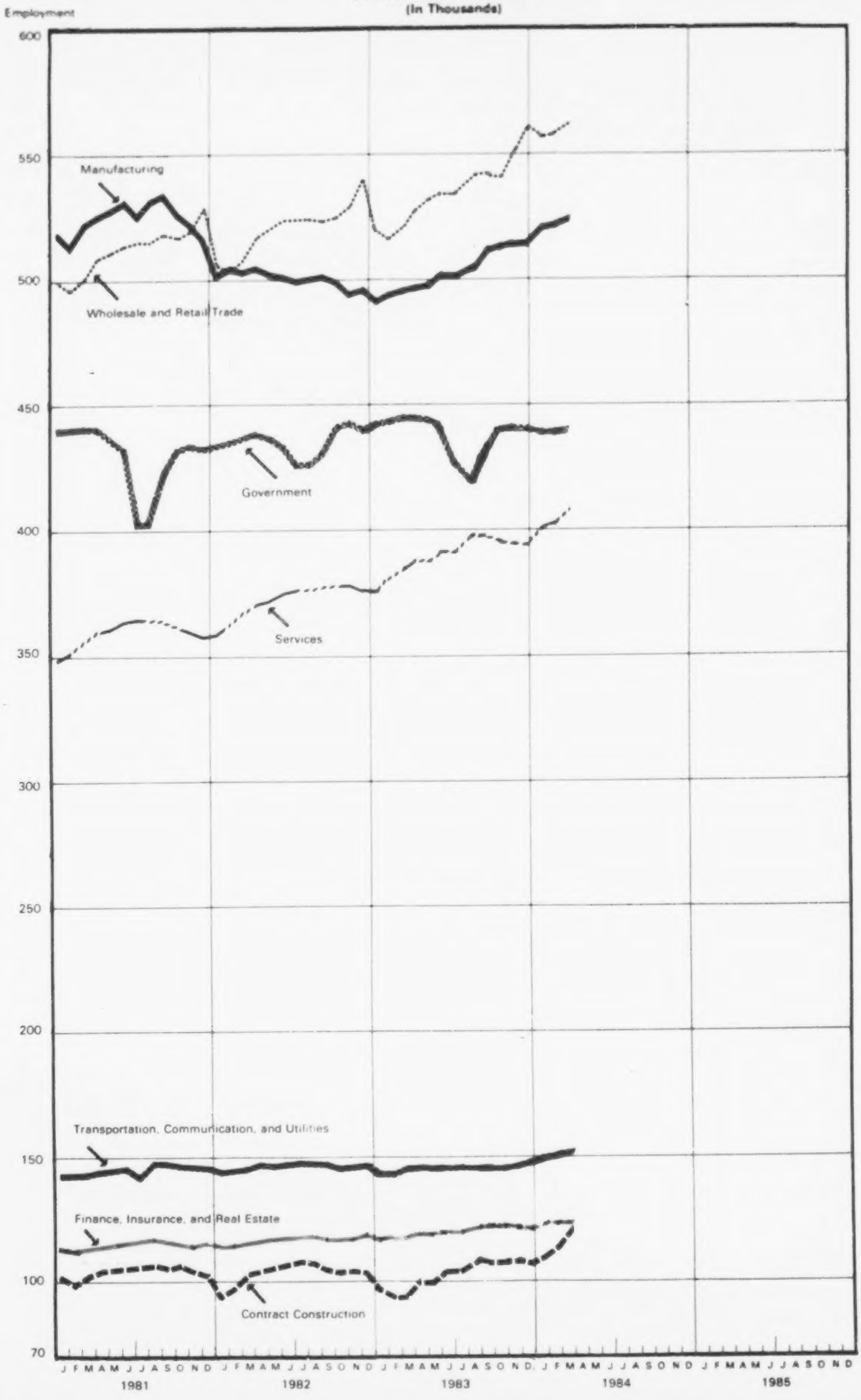
Generally, this year's graduates will have an easier time finding that first job than have graduates for the past three or four years simply because the economy is better and more jobs are available. As always, much will depend on the individual's initiative, preparation for the labor market, and skill at convincing an interviewer that he or she is not only able to do the job, but able to do it better than the other applicants.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,343.4	2,318.2	2,219.2	25.2	124.2
Manufacturing	300005	524.5	521.8	496.6	2.7	27.9
Durable Goods	300025	195.3	193.2	178.9	2.1	16.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	31.8	31.2	29.0	.6	2.8
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.8	14.5	13.7	.3	1.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	10.0	10.0	9.7	.0	.3
Household Furniture	325105	6.2	6.2	6.0	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	17.0	17.0	16.8	.0	.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.7	15.5	15.1	.2	.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.1	20.0	18.0	.1	2.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	22.6	22.2	20.3	.4	2.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	27.1	26.7	23.5	.4	3.6
Transportation Equipment	337005	38.8	38.4	34.8	.4	4.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.2	12.2	11.8	.0	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	329.2	328.6	317.7	.6	11.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	56.9	56.8	56.5	.1	.4
Meat Products	420105	20.7	20.5	20.2	.2	.5
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.7	15.4	15.1	.3	.6
Dairy Products	420205	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	9.2	9.3	9.0	-.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	105.7	105.4	100.8	.3	4.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	21.8	22.4	23.1	-.6	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.5	3.6	3.2	-.1	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	9.0	9.0	8.9	.0	.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	30.9	30.3	27.2	.6	3.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.8	21.7	20.7	.1	1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	71.1	71.0	68.0	.1	3.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.9	39.7	37.9	.2	2.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	22.0	21.9	21.0	.1	1.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.2	28.3	27.6	-.1	.6
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.3	13.2	12.9	.1	.4
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	7.0	7.0	6.9	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	27.1	27.0	26.3	.1	.8
Commercial Printing	427505	10.3	10.3	10.3	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	18.6	18.6	17.5	.0	1.1
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.0	1.9	1.9	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.5	19.6	19.0	-.1	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,819.0	1,796.4	1,722.6	22.6	96.4
Mining	100005	7.8	7.7	7.2	.1	.6
Contract Construction	200005	121.5	115.8	99.7	5.7	21.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	151.1	150.0	145.2	1.1	5.9
Transportation	500015	89.2	88.2	85.4	1.0	3.8
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.6	38.5	37.6	.1	1.0
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.3	23.2	22.2	.1	1.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	564.3	556.5	524.5	7.8	39.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	174.5	173.2	163.5	1.3	11.0
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	106.9	106.4	99.6	.5	7.3
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	67.7	66.8	63.9	.9	3.8
Retail Trade	652005	389.8	383.3	361.0	6.5	28.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	124.3	123.2	118.9	1.1	5.4
Finance	760025	55.2	54.8	51.6	.4	3.6
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	43.5	43.2	43.1	.3	.4
Real Estate	765075	25.6	25.2	24.2	.4	1.4
Services	800005	409.9	403.0	385.0	6.9	24.9
Government	998008	440.0	440.1	442.1	-.1	-2.1
Federal	998011	87.5	87.1	86.4	.4	1.1
State and Local	998509	352.5	353.0	355.7	-.5	-3.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	394.9	393.0	377.8	1.9	17.1
Durable Goods	300025	143.5	142.0	133.0	1.5	10.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	251.4	251.0	244.8	.4	6.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	39.8	39.9	38.8	-.1	1.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	87.3	87.1	85.2	.2	2.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	18.9	19.4	20.6	-.5	-1.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.0	3.0	2.7	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.4	7.5	7.4	-.1	.0
Floor Covering Mills	422705	25.0	24.5	22.0	.5	3.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.3	18.3	17.5	.0	.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.5	60.3	58.1	.2	2.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.3	34.1	32.6	.2	1.7
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.6	18.5	18.0	.1	.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	25.1	24.7	23.4	.4	1.7
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.0	8.1	8.2	-.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.9	22.0	21.5	-.1	.4
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.6	10.6	10.1	.0	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	11.0	11.0	10.5	.0	.5
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.3	1.6	.1	-.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	13.3	13.3	13.4	.0	-.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.3	11.2	10.6	.1	.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.7	14.5	13.7	.2	1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	16.0	15.8	14.2	.2	1.8
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.4	19.1	17.0	.3	2.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.3	25.1	22.7	.2	2.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$308.51	$301.84	$286.53	41.3	40.9	40.3	$ 7.47	$ 7.38	$ 7.11
Durable Goods	300025	359.52	346.88	336.38	42.8	42.2	42.1	8.40	8.22	7.99
Nondurable Goods	400015	279.16	276.29	259.38	40.4	40.1	39.3	6.91	6.89	6.60
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$268.88	$276.06	$255.71	39.6	40.3	39.1	$ 6.79	$ 6.85	$ 6.54
Textile Mill Products	422005	264.36	253.08	245.01	41.5	40.3	40.1	6.37	6.28	6.11
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	265.68	273.00	252.75	41.0	42.0	40.7	6.48	6.50	6.21
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	293.57	305.81	272.83	41.7	43.5	41.4	7.04	7.03	6.59
Knitting Mills	422505	219.96	210.86	218.00	37.6	36.8	40.0	5.85	5.73	5.45
Floor Covering Mills	422705	284.48	258.45	267.33	43.3	40.7	42.5	6.57	6.35	6.29
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	244.34	230.99	241.35	38.6	36.9	39.5	6.33	6.26	6.11
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	182.65	178.49	166.25	37.2	36.5	35.0	4.91	4.89	4.75
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	182.66	179.82	166.25	36.9	36.4	35.0	4.95	4.94	4.75
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	178.22	176.25	162.51	37.6	37.5	35.1	4.74	4.70	4.63
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	231.90	238.37	229.45	40.4	41.6	40.9	5.74	5.73	5.61
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	253.80	249.48	228.82	47.0	46.2	45.4	5.40	5.40	5.04
Paper and Allied Products	426005	492.15	496.86	455.24	44.7	45.5	44.5	11.01	10.92	10.23
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	557.64	560.13	530.82	45.3	45.8	46.4	12.31	12.23	11.44
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	396.80	390.96	369.80	43.7	43.2	43.0	9.08	9.05	8.60
Leather and Leather Products	431005	170.85	158.05	151.84	40.2	37.1	36.5	4.25	4.26	4.16
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	335.98	339.89	322.67	42.8	42.7	41.0	7.85	7.96	7.87
Primary Metal Industries	333005	415.25	396.32	367.69	42.2	40.4	40.9	9.84	9.81	8.99
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	314.08	310.59	298.70	41.6	42.2	41.2	7.55	7.36	7.25
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	377.27	378.94	344.21	45.4	45.6	44.3	8.31	8.31	7.77
Transportation Equipment	337005	593.95	528.24	557.14	45.9	42.6	44.5	12.94	12.40	12.52

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT UP 8,400 IN MARCH

Employment in the Atlanta area rose 8,400 in March to an estimated level of 1,093,200. Manufacturing and nonmanufacturing were up, with nonmanufacturing accounting for 95 percent of the gain. More than one-half of the nonmanufacturing increase occurred in the service industry group because of the opening of amusement and recreational facilities. Sizable gains were also made in construction, trade, and government.

Manufacturing, at 150,400, was up 500 for the month. In the durable goods sector, nonelectrical machinery, transportation equipment, and "other durable goods" provided all the increase. Nondurable goods manufacturing dropped 200 as very small declines were registered by food and kindred products, chemicals, and "other nondurables." The remaining industries in the group remained unchanged from the previous month. Some temporary partial layoffs were reported during the month in food and kindred products; in apparel and other textile products; in chemicals and allied products; and in stone, clay, and glass products.

From the same month last year, manufacturing rose 7,700, with both durable and nondurable goods contributing to the increase. Approximately 80 percent of this gain was provided by the durable goods category, due mainly to substantial gains in fabricated metals and transportation equipment. Lumber and wood products in durable goods and food and kindred products and textile mill products in nondurable goods experienced a drop over the year.

Nonmanufacturing, at 942,800, advanced 8,000 for the month, with all major industry divisions contributing to the increase.

Over the year, nonmanufacturing rose 56,100. Trade, services, and construction accounted for 87 percent of the new jobs.

Georgia Tech releases survey on high-technology industries in Georgia

The first detailed survey of high-technology industry in Georgia has identified 780 companies and 60,600 workers engaged in high-tech manufacturing, distribution, and development.

The 188-page study, released January 24 by Georgia Tech's Advanced Technology Development Center, revealed that companies involved in aerospace, electronics, computer software, instruments, and biological and chemical technology employ between 2 and 3 percent of the state's 2.5 million employees.

An ATDC spokesman said approximately 140 of the companies moved to or built plants in Georgia during the past five years. About a third of the total are Georgia-based, he said.

The highest concentration, 80 percent, of high-tech industry is in metropolitan Atlanta. Cobb County has the most high-tech jobs, followed by DeKalb, Fulton, and Gwinnett.

Aircraft, space vehicles, and missiles account for the largest portion, 31 percent, of high-tech employment in Georgia. The second largest high-tech sector is electrical and electronic equipment, components, and supplies, which accounted for 18,276 jobs, or 30 percent of the total.

About 300 software and data processing companies do business in metro Atlanta alone, making this the biggest category in number of firms. However, because of low manpower requirements, only 15,000 people—25 percent of the high-tech total—are employed. Companies that produce measuring and instrument devices provide 7 percent of high-tech employment. The remaining 7 percent of employment in high-tech is in biological products and chemicals, electronic computing equipment, and research and development laboratories. *(The Atlanta Constitution,* 1/25/84)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,093.2	1,084.8	1,029.4	8.4	63.8
Manufacturing	300005	150.4	149.9	142.7	.5	7.7
Durable Goods	300025	78.8	78.1	72.7	.7	6.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
Household Furniture	325105	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.9	7.9	7.5	.0	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.1	5.1	4.6	.0	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.7	8.7	7.4	.0	1.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.1	7.8	7.6	.3	.5
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.9	12.0	11.7	-.1	.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.8	24.2	22.1	.6	2.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.4	5.3	5.0	.1	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	71.6	71.8	70.0	-.2	1.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.8	19.0	18.9	-.2	-.1
Meat Products	420105	5.1	5.1	5.4	.0	-.3
Bakery Products	420505	3.4	3.5	3.4	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.1	9.1	8.8	.0	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.7	3.8	3.7	-.1	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.2	3.2	3.1	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.2	8.2	7.9	.0	.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.3	4.3	4.1	.0	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.1	17.1	16.4	.0	.7
Commercial Printing	427505	7.3	7.4	7.4	-.1	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	8.0	8.1	7.8	-.1	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.4	6.0	-.1	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	942.8	934.8	886.7	8.0	56.1
Contract Construction	200005	54.3	53.1	45.1	1.2	9.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	94.6	94.4	91.1	.2	3.5
Transportation	500015	60.9	60.7	58.0	.2	2.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	308.0	307.2	286.8	.8	21.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	113.7	112.2	107.7	1.5	6.0
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	75.4	74.8	72.2	.6	3.2
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	38.3	37.4	35.5	.9	2.8
Retail Trade	652005	194.3	195.0	179.0	-.7	15.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	77.0	76.4	74.2	.6	2.8
Finance	760025	31.0	30.7	28.3	.3	2.7
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	28.7	28.3	28.6	.4	.1
Services	800055	241.8	237.6	223.4	4.2	18.4
Government	998008	167.0	166.2	166.2	.8	.8
Federal	998011	34.9	34.6	34.2	.3	.7
State and Local	998509	132.1	131.5	132.1	.6	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	104.1	104.0	100.1	.1	4.0
Durable Goods	300025	56.8	56.5	53.4	.3	3.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	47.2	47.5	46.8	-.3	.4
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.8	12.0	12.1	-.2	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.2	3.4	.1	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.1	7.1	7.1	.0	.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.3	3.4	3.3	-.1	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.4	2.3	2.4	.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.2	3.3	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	6.0	.0	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.3	4.4	3.9	-.1	.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.3	6.4	6.0	-.1	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.3	3.2	2.7	.1	.6
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.5	5.4	5.2	.1	.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.9	5.8	5.6	.1	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	15.8	15.5	14.0	.3	1.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$371.36	$358.22	$344.25	41.4	40.8	40.5	$ 8.97	$ 8.78	$ 8.50
Durable Goods	300025	417.50	387.73	385.63	42.3	40.6	41.2	9.87	9.55	9.36
Nondurable Goods	400015	315.95	322.67	297.35	40.3	41.0	39.7	7.84	7.87	7.49
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$298.50	$318.93	$282.30	39.8	41.8	39.1	$ 7.50	$ 7.63	$ 7.22
Textile Mill Products	422005	258.57	251.66	233.04	43.9	42.8	41.1	5.89	5.88	5.67
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	189.58	176.15	170.66	37.1	35.3	34.9	5.11	4.99	4.89
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	187.95	173.45	158.42	35.8	34.9	32.2	5.25	4.97	4.92
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	201.68	181.86	189.05	39.7	36.3	38.9	5.08	5.01	4.86
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	236.19	209.79	213.16	39.3	35.8	37.2	6.01	5.86	5.73
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	281.88	269.58	242.72	48.6	46.4	44.7	5.80	5.81	5.43
Paper and Allied Products	426005	396.76	417.65	384.50	42.8	45.2	43.3	9.27	9.24	8.88
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	380.45	385.20	370.06	41.9	42.8	42.1	9.08	9.00	8.79
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	379.20	386.14	378.88	41.9	41.7	43.6	9.05	9.26	8.69
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	305.63	324.06	331.28	39.9	41.6	41.0	7.66	7.79	8.08
Primary Metal Industries	333005	582,31	553.76	499.48	45.6	43.5	42.8	12.77	12.73	11.67
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	361.96	366.34	322.43	41.7	42.4	38.8	8.68	8.64	8.31
Transportation Equipment	337005	655.34	559.22	601.78	45.7	40.7	43.2	14.34	13.74	13.93

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 44,600, declined 200 over the month and gained 1,000 during the year. Most of the monthly loss was in nonmanufacturing, as was most of the annual change.

Manufacturing, at 10,300, was unchanged over the month and down 100 for the year. A loss of 100 in "other durable goods" was offset by a gain in the food products segment of nondurable goods over the month. During the year, the loss was primarily in the "other durable goods" segment. A slight gain was recorded in "other nondurable goods" for the year.

Nonmanufacturing rose 100 from February and 900 from March 1983. Contract construction, at 1,700, declined 100 over the month and year. Most of the loss was in the special trades contracting portion of the industry. Future changes in the industry will be contingent on changes in loan interest rates. Transportation, communication, and utilities, at 2,300, was unchanged over both the month and year. Services, at 6,200, was also unchanged over the month and the year. Trade, at 11,000, gained 200 for the month and 1,000 over the year. Wholesale trade gained 100 for the month and 200 for the year, while retail trade gained 100 and 900 respectively. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,100, gained 100 over the month and year. The gains were in the finance and real estate segments. Government, at 11,000, was unchanged from both reference periods.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.6	44.4	43.6	.2	1.0
Manufacturing	300005	10.3	10.3	10.4	.0	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.9	.9	-.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.5	8.4	8.4	.1	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.3	2.4	.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.2	34.1	33.3	.1	.9
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.8	1.8	-.1	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.0	10.8	10.0	.2	1.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.0	2.9	2.8	.1	.2
Retail Trade	652005	8.0	7.9	7.1	.1	.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.2	6.2	6.2	.0	.0
Government	998008	11.0	11.0	11.0	.0	.0
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	8.1	8.1	8.0	.0	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	55.8	55.6	54.1	.2	1.7
Manufacturing	300005	14.5	14.5	14.1	.0	.4
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	4.8	4.6	.1	.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.3	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.6	9.5	.0	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.7	2.9	-.1	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.4	2.4	.1	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.4	3.5	3.2	-.1	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.3	41.2	40.1	.1	1.2
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.9	1.4	.0	.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.6	10.4	10.5	.2	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	8.5	8.4	8.4	.1	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.4	7.4	7.2	.0	.2
Government	998008	18.1	18.2	17.8	-.1	.3
Federal	998011	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	16.0	16.1	15.8	-.1	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Augusta area rose to 127,000, reflecting an increase of 1,100 over the month and 1,800 over the year. The monthly increment was primarily attributable to more business in nonmanufacturing industries. Over the year, all divisions recorded an increase, with one exception, contract construction.

Manufacturing, at 33,500, rose 100 over the month and 400 over the year. Durable goods accounted for the monthly gains as well as the annual increment. Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year, triggered by more housing construction. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,400, was also unchanged, but climbed 500 over the year, resulting partly from increased business in glass products. Metals and machinery, at 2,600, remained the same over the month, but recorded an increment of 300 over the year because of more activity in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,500, was unchanged from February, but rose 100 over the year because of scattered increments. Food and kindred products, at 2,800, lost 100 in bakery goods over the month,

(Continued on the following page)

but was unchanged over the year. Textile mill products, at 6,000, was unchanged from February, but dropped 900 over the year because of higher technology. Apparel and other textile products, at 2,000, recorded no change over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, was unchanged over the month, but recorded a gain of 200 over the year, mostly in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,400, posted an increase of 100 over the month and over the year because of more activity in chemicals.

Construction, at 7,300, rose 500 over the month, but dropped 100 over the year. The monthly rise was attributable mostly to favorable weather, while the annual decline was caused by the completion of projects. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, recorded no change. Trade, at 24,200, was up 200 over the month because of increased retail activity. This division climbed 400 over the year as new establishments opened. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,700, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year, with increments through most of the division. Services and mining, at 19,700, rose 300 over the month and 200 over the year. Protective services triggered the monthly rise, while new businesses precipitated the annual increases. Government, at 33,400, rose 100 over the month in the federal sector. This division gained 800 over the year, mostly because of increments in the state and local subdivision.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	127.0	125.9	125.2	1.1	1.8
Manufacturing	300005	33.5	33.4	33.1	.1	.4
Durable Goods	300025	9.2	9.1	8.2	.1	1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.4	3.4	2.9	.0	.5
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.3	.0	.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.3	24.3	24.9	.0	-.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.9	2.8	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.0	6.0	6.9	.0	-.9
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.4	12.3	12.3	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	93.6	92.4	92.1	1.2	1.5
Contract Construction	200005	7.3	6.8	7.4	.5	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.2	24.0	23.8	.2	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.3	20.0	19.7	.3	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	19.7	19.4	19.5	.3	.2
Government	998008	33.4	33.3	32.6	.1	.8
Federal	998011	8.2	8.1	8.0	.1	.2
State and Local	998509	25.2	25.2	24.7	.0	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 200 from the February estimate. The current estimate at 83,000, is 3,500 more than one year ago. The gain from last month was shared equally by manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. The over-the-year increase was largely due to gains in nonmanufacturing industries, which increased 2,100, while manufacturing industries rose 1,400.

Manufacturing employment totalled 21,100 in March, a gain of 100 from last month and 1,400 more than one year ago. An increase in the metals and machinery group was responsible for the gain from February and largely responsible for the annual gain. Other industry groups contributing to the rise in employment from last year were "other durable goods"; food and kindred products; textile mill products; and printing, publishing, and allied industries.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 61,900, increased 100 from last month and rose 2,100 from March 1983. Contract construction; trade; and finance, insurance, and real estate shared in the gain from last month. Over-the-year increases were shared by contract construction; trade, finance, insurance, and real estate; and federal government. Losses were noted in services and miscellaneous; in state and local government; and in transportation, communication, and public utilities.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	83.0	82.8	79.5	.2	3.5
Manufacturing	300005	21.1	21.0	19.7	.1	1.4
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.1	4.2	.1	1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.5	2.9	.1	.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	.6	.6	.4	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.9	15.9	15.5	.0	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.9	3.8	.0	.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.8	8.8	8.5	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	61.9	61.8	59.8	.1	2.1
Contract Construction	200005	5.0	4.9	3.7	.1	1.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.2	17.1	16.3	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	14.4	14.3	13.6	.1	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.6	5.5	5.3	.1	.3
Services and Mining	800055	11.7	11.7	11.9	.0	-.2
Government	998008	19.4	19.5	19.5	-.1	-.1
Federal	998011	6.5	6.5	6.4	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.9	13.1	.0	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 102,400 in March, unchanged from last month and up 2,100 from March 1983. During the month, a slight rise in manufacturing was offset by a small drop in nonmanufacturing employment.

Manufacturing employment, at 16,600, was up 100 from February and up 200 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined 100, with most of the loss in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods added 200, with increased employment at a cookie and cracker manufacturer and seasonal hiring at a canning plant. Annually, gains in durable goods occurred in lumber and wood products and "other durable goods." Stone, clay, and glass declined slightly and nonelectrical machinery was unchanged. Nondurable goods remained unchanged, with a small increase in textiles being offset by declines in paper products and food. Apparel, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged during the year.

Nonmanufacturing, at 85,800, was down 100 from last month and up 1,900 from a year ago. During the month, construction; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services recorded losses which were partially offset by a small increase in transportation and public utilities. Trade was unchanged during the month. Annually, construction rose 400, with most of the gain in general construction and special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities declined, with most of the loss in transportation. Trade climbed 700, with more hiring in the wholesale and retail sectors. Finance, insurance, and real estate was unchanged, and services added 200. Government recorded an increase of 800, with the federal segment increasing 500 and the state and local segment gaining 200.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	102.4	102.4	100.3	.0	2.1
Manufacturing	300005	16.6	16.5	16.4	.1	.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.4	5.1	-.1	.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.5	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.5	3.5	3.1	.0	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.3	11.1	11.3	.2	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.4	2.5	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	85.8	85.9	83.9	-.1	1.9
Contract Construction	200005	4.4	4.5	4.0	-.1	.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.2	4.6	.1	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.4	21.4	20.7	.0	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	3.8	.0	.3
Retail Trade	652005	17.3	17.4	16.8	-.1	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.3	6.4	6.3	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	18.3	18.4	18.1	-.1	.2
Government	998008	31.0	31.0	30.2	.0	.8
Federal	948011	17.4	17.4	16.9	.0	.5
State and Local	998509	13.5	13.6	13.3	-.1	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased by an estimated 300 over the month. Manufacturing employment declined 200, and nonmanufacturing increased 500. Overall, employment in the Savannah area has increased 3,700 over the year. All sectors except state and local government have either remained stable or have experienced an increase over the year.

The only significant change occurring in manufacturing was in transportation equipment. The shipbuilding and repairing sector experienced a loss of approximately 200 over the month. However, this sector is subject to quick variations in employment and does not reflect any economic trend in the industry. The remainder of the manufacturing sector has remained fairly stable over the month.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 500 over the month. Transportation and public utilities gained 300 as a result of increased marine shipping and cargo handling. The only other significant increase occurred in the retail sector, which recorded an estimated growth in employment of 300.

The overall employment situation in the Savannah SMSA is one of gradual increases occurring in seasonal industries. All other sectors appear to be stable.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	91.8	91.5	88.1	.3	3.7
Manufacturing	300005	16.7	16.9	15.8	-.2	.9
Durable Goods	300025	7.6	7.8	7.3	-.2	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.0	4.2	3.9	-.2	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.3	2.2	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.1	9.1	8.5	.0	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.3	4.3	4.0	.0	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.7	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	75.1	74.6	72.3	.5	2.8
Contract Construction	200005	5.4	5.5	4.6	-.1	.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	10.3	10.0	9.4	.3	.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	21.0	20.6	.3	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	16.8	16.4	.3	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.3	4.3	4.0	.0	.3
Services and Mining	800055	17.7	17.6	17.2	.1	.5
Government	998008	16.2	16.2	16.6	.0	-.4
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	13.5	13.5	14.0	.0	-.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.9	12.2	10.9	-.3	1.0
Durable Goods	300025	5.9	6.2	5.4	-.3	.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.0	6.0	5.5	.0	.5
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	1.0	1.0	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.1	3.1	2.8	.0	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.7	4.1	2.7	-.4	1.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAR. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$423.20	$413.69	$382.05	44.5	43.5	41.8	$ 9.51	$ 9.51	$ 9.14
Durable Goods	300025	394.71	377.32	329.61	44.3	42.3	39.1	8.91	8.92	8.43
Nondurable Goods	400015	450.01	450.58	432.90	44.6	44.7	44.4	10.09	10.08	9.75
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$315.58	$275.31	$289.51	48.7	43.7	46.1	$ 6.48	$ 6.30	$ 6.28
Paper and Allied Products	426005	545.20	539.77	528.75	47.0	47.1	47.0	11.60	11.46	11.25
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	369.60	348.15	317.89	44.8	42.2	41.5	8.25	8.25	7.66
Transportation Equipment	337005	432.28	424.95	418.08	44.2	43.9	45.1	9.78	9.68	9.27

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

Cost $382.57
Quantity 1,400

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1983
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	112,912,000	112,693,000	112,399,000	219,000	513,000
Employed	104,140,000	103,892,000	100,980,000	248,000	3,160,000
Unemployed	8,772,000	8,801,000	11,419,000	-29,000	-2,647,000
Rate	7.8	7.8	10.2	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	111,828,000	111,368,000	109,873,000	460,000	1,955,000
Employed	102,770,000	101,961,000	97,994,000	809,000	4,776,000
Unemployed	9,057,000	9,407,000	11,879,000	-350,000	-2,822,000
Rate	8.1	8.4	10.8	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,711,961	2,683,246	2,653,038	28,715	58,923
Employed	2,543,060	2,504,958	2,431,041	38,102	112,019
Unemployed	168,901	178,288	221,997	-9,387	-53,096
Rate	6.2	6.6	8.4	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,325	52,117	52,580	208	-255
Employed	47,739	47,424	47,198	315	541
Unemployed	4,586	4,693	5,382	-107	-796
Rate	8.8	9.0	10.2	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,466	66,252	66,642	214	-176
Employed	63,014	62,560	61,756	454	1,258
Unemployed	3,452	3,692	4,886	-240	-1,434
Rate	5.2	5.6	7.3	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,142,060	1,135,256	1,108,633	6,804	33,427
Employed	1,084,148	1,072,512	1,030,448	11,636	53,700
Unemployed	57,912	62,744	78,185	-4,832	-20,273
Rate	5.1	5.5	7.1	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,284	134,663	138,417	1,621	-2,133
Employed	126,051	124,200	124,369	1,851	1,682
Unemployed	10,233	10,463	14,048	-230	-3,815
Rate	7.5	7.8	10.1	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,229	89,739	88,150	-510	1,079
Employed	82,608	82,116	79,474	492	3,134
Unemployed	6,621	7,623	8,676	-1,002	-2,055
Rate	7.4	8.5	9.8	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,311	108,915	108,922	396	389
Employed	101,246	100,887	100,126	359	1,120
Unemployed	8,065	8,028	8,796	37	-731
Rate	7.4	7.4	8.1	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,923	98,500	98,013	423	910
Employed	91,667	91,116	88,836	551	2,831
Unemployed	7,256	7,384	9,177	-128	-1,921
Rate	7.3	7.5	9.4	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information System.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED FEB. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAR. 1983
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,284	134,663	138,417	1,621	-2,133
Employed	126,051	124,200	124,369	1,851	1,682
Unemployed	10,233	10,463	14,048	-230	-3,815
Rate	7.5	7.8	10.1	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,136	90,128	91,691	1,008	-555
Employed	84,696	83,650	84,344	1,046	352
Unemployed	6,440	6,478	7,347	-38	-907
Rate	7.1	7.2	8.0	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,148	44,535	46,726	613	-1,578
Employed	41,355	40,550	40,025	805	1,330
Unemployed	3,793	3,985	6,701	-192	-2,908
Rate	8.4	8.9	14.3	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED FEB. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAR. 1983
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,229	89,739	88,150	-510	1,079
Employed	82,608	82,116	79,474	492	3,134
Unemployed	6,621	7,623	8,676	-1,002	-2,055
Rate	7.4	8.5	9.8	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,745	70,857	69,738	-112	1,007
Employed	66,293	65,940	64,062	353	2,231
Unemployed	4,452	4,917	5,676	-465	-1,224
Rate	6.3	6.9	8.1	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,484	18,882	18,412	-398	72
Employed	16,315	16,176	15,412	139	903
Unemployed	2,169	2,706	3,000	-537	-831
Rate	11.7	14.3	16.3	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1984	REVISED FEB. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED FEB. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAR. 1983
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,711,961	2,683,246	2,653,038	28,715	58,923
Employed	2,543,060	2,504,958	2,431,041	38,102	112,019
Unemployed	168,901	178,288	221,997	-9,387	-53,096
Rate	6.2	6.6	8.4	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,676,985	1,668,932	1,643,227	8,053	33,758
Employed	1,581,695	1,567,810	1,519,576	13,885	62,119
Unemployed	95,290	101,122	123,651	-5,832	-28,361
Rate	5.7	6.1	7.5	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,034,976	1,014,314	1,009,811	20,662	25,165
Employed	961,365	937,148	911,465	24,217	49,900
Unemployed	73,611	77,166	98,346	-3,555	-24,735
Rate	7.1	7.6	9.7	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

6/12/84 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR VOLUME X, NUMBER 4 LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(April 1984 Data)

GEORGIA RECORDS THIRD LARGEST INCREASE IN PER CAPITA INCOME

According to figures recently released by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), Georgia's per capita income rose 7.4 percent from 1982 to 1983. Only New Hampshire and Massachusetts had larger increases. Nationally, per capita personal income rose 5.2 percent. In the Southeast, the gain was 5.7 percent.

Despite the state's progress last year, Georgia ranks 35th among the states in per capita income, $1,392 below the national average. The state's total personal income in 1983 was $58,944,000,000, or 2.2 percent of national personal income.

BEA divides the nation into eight regions. The Southeast, of which Georgia is a part, again recorded the lowest per capita income of any area. At $10,121, it was $1,554, or 13 percent, below the national average. The Far West, which includes the states of California, Nevada, Washington, and Oregon, was first, with $12,878, equal to 110 percent of the national average. The states of Alaska and Hawaii, which rank first and thirteenth, respectively, are not included in the eight BEA regions, which encompass only the 48 contiguous states.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME 1982-1983

Area	1982	1983	Percent change 1982-1983	Percent of national average 1983
United States	11,100	11,675	5.2	100
Southeast*	9,572	10,121	5.7	87
Georgia	9,573	10,283	7.4	88

*Includes states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(Continued on the following page)

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME IN THE SOUTHEAST
1983

State	Amount (dollars)	Percent of national average	Dollar difference from national average	Rank in U.S.
Virginia	11,835	101	160	16
Florida	11,592	99	-83	20
Louisiana	10,406	89	-1,269	34
Georgia	10,283	88	-1,392	35
North Carolina	9,656	83	-2,019	39
Tennessee	9,362	80	-2,313	42
Alabama	9,235	79	-2,440	44
Kentucky	9,162	78	-2,513	45
Arkansas	9,040	77	-2,635	46
South Carolina	8,954	77	-2,721	48
West Virginia	8,937	77	-2,738	49
Mississippi	8,072	69	-3,603	50

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Tatung Company of America to locate in Marietta

Tatung Company of America, a Taiwan-based electronics manufacturer, has announced plans to build a facility on a 27-acre site on Allgood Road in Marietta. The 140,000-square-foot building, which will cost $5 million, is expected to be completed by the end of this year. The company will manufacture color television sets and electric fans at the new plant. About 150 people will be employed initially.

Freshvale Warehouse Grocery opens in Forest Park

The Alabama-based Freshvale food chain has opened a 62,000-square-foot warehouse grocery store in Forest Park. The store, which carries an inventory of over 17,000 different items, is the largest grocery in the state. It combines labor-saving features, such as bin storage, computerized checkout, and bagging by customers, with upscale amenities like a florist, deli-bakery, fresh seafood counter, and prime meat shop. The store, which is open 24 hours a day, employs about 150 people.

Chi-Chi's Mexican Restaurante comes to Morrow

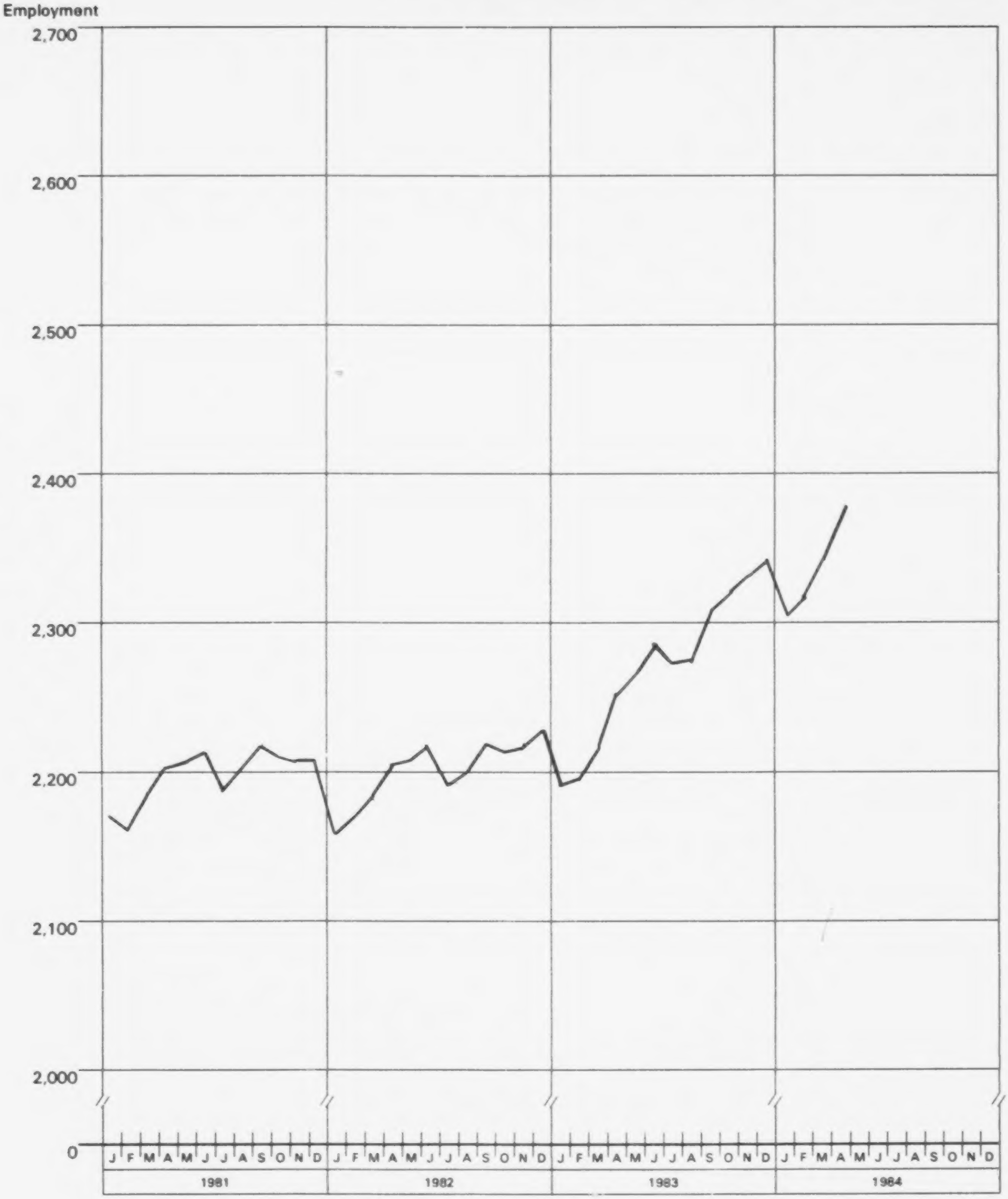
Louisville, Kentucky-based Chi-Chi's Mexican Restaurante recently opened its second restaurant in the Atlanta area. Located at Southlake Mall, the moderately priced restaurant employs 250 people in its 10,000-square-foot facility, which can seat 400.

Long-term ports contract in Savannah

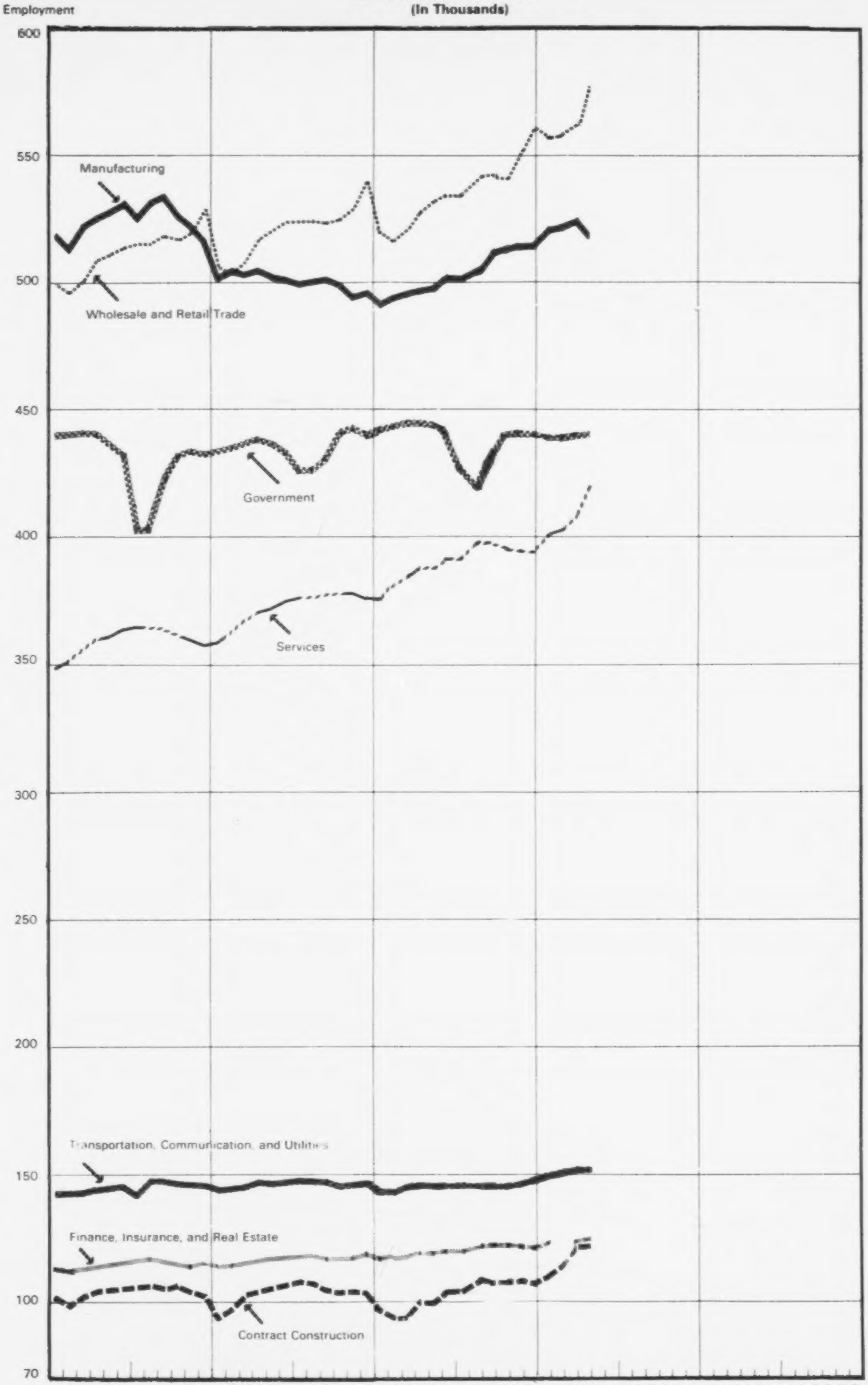
United States Lines recently announced a 21-year agreement with Georgia Ports Authority to use Savannah's port facility for its new jumbo container ships which will go into service later this year. About 250 jobs will be generated by the contract.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,378.4	2,343.7	2,253.3	34.7	125.1
Manufacturing	300005	527.6	524.9	502.2	2.7	25.4
Durable Goods	300025	197.4	195.6	182.1	1.8	15.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	32.4	31.8	29.6	.6	2.8
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.7	14.8	13.6	-.1	1.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	10.0	10.1	9.7	-.1	.3
Household Furniture	325105	6.3	6.3	6.1	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	17.0	17.0	16.9	.0	.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	16.0	15.7	15.1	.3	.9
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.4	20.3	19.0	.1	1.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	22.6	22.5	20.7	.1	1.9
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	27.2	27.1	24.4	.1	2.8
Transportation Equipment	337005	39.3	38.9	35.1	.4	4.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.4	12.2	11.7	.2	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	330.2	329.3	320.1	.9	10.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	57.2	56.9	56.7	.3	.5
Meat Products	420105	20.6	20.6	20.3	.0	.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.7	15.6	14.9	.1	.8
Dairy Products	420205	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	9.4	9.2	9.1	.2	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	106.3	105.8	101.2	.5	5.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.2	21.8	23.1	.4	-.9
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	8.9	9.0	8.9	-.1	.0
Floor Covering Mills	422705	31.2	30.9	27.5	.3	3.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.7	21.8	20.9	-.1	.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	71.5	71.2	68.3	.3	3.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	40.1	39.9	38.3	.2	1.8
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.9	22.0	20.9	-.1	1.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.9	28.2	27.8	-.3	.1
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.3	13.3	12.9	.0	.4
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.6	7.0	6.9	-.4	-.3
Printing and Publishing	427005	27.4	27.1	26.8	.3	.6
Commercial Printing	427505	10.3	10.3	10.4	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	18.6	18.6	17.9	.0	.7
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.9	2.8	2.5	.1	.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.3	19.5	19.3	-.2	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,850.8	1,818.8	1,751.1	32.0	99.7
Mining	100005	7.8	7.8	7.2	.0	.6
Contract Construction	200005	127.4	121.5	104.5	5.9	22.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	151.4	151.1	146.5	.3	4.9
Transportation	500015	89.6	89.2	86.3	.4	3.3
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.4	38.6	37.8	-.2	.6
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.4	23.3	22.5	.1	.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	578.1	564.3	536.5	13.8	41.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	177.6	174.5	166.0	3.1	11.6
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	109.0	106.9	101.3	2.1	7.7
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	68.7	67.7	64.7	1.0	4.0
Retail Trade	652005	400.5	389.7	370.5	10.8	30.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	125.5	124.3	120.2	1.2	5.3
Finance	760025	55.7	55.3	52.4	.4	3.3
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	43.4	43.4	43.0	.0	.4
Real Estate	765075	26.4	25.6	24.9	.8	1.5
Services	800005	419.6	409.6	393.1	10.0	26.5
Government	998008	440.9	440.2	443.1	.7	-2.2
Federal	998011	87.5	87.5	86.1	.0	1.4
State and Local	998509	353.4	352.7	357.0	.7	-3.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	397.0	395.2	377.1	1.8	19.9
Durable Goods	300025	144.6	143.6	133.5	1.0	11.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	252.3	251.6	243.6	.7	8.7
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.3	39.9	39.1	.4	1.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	87.9	87.4	83.8	.5	4.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.3	18.9	20.6	.4	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.0	3.0	2.7	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.3	7.4	7.4	-.1	-.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	25.2	25.0	22.1	.2	3.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.3	18.4	17.6	-.1	.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.8	60.6	58.2	.2	2.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.6	34.3	32.8	.3	1.8
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.5	18.7	18.0	-.2	.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	25.7	25.1	23.4	.6	2.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.0	8.1	8.1	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.5	21.9	21.2	-.4	.3
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.7	10.5	10.1	.2	.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.9	11.0	10.3	-.1	.6
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.5	1.4	1.5	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	13.2	13.3	13.3	-.1	-.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.5	11.3	10.6	.2	.9
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.7	14.7	13.9	.0	.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	16.0	16.0	14.5	.0	1.5
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.3	19.4	17.2	-.1	2.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.7	25.4	22.8	.3	2.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$311.17	$308.10	$286.12	41.6	41.3	40.7	$ 7.48	$ 7.46	$ 7.03
Durable Goods	300025	361.15	358.68	325.36	43.2	42.7	41.5	8.36	8.40	7.84
Nondurable Goods	400015	282.87	279.45	264.11	40.7	40.5	40.2	6.95	6.90	6.57
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$276.21	$269.89	$252.59	39.8	39.4	39.1	$ 6.94	$ 6.85	$ 6.46
Textile Mill Products	422005	265.85	263.30	253.57	41.8	41.4	41.5	6.36	6.36	6.11
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	271.09	267.21	248.86	41.9	41.3	40.4	6.47	6.47	6.16
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	292.99	293.57	274.90	41.5	41.7	41.4	7.06	7.04	6.64
Knitting Mills	422505	221.76	219.96	216.37	38.3	37.6	39.7	5.79	5.85	5.45
Floor Covering Mills	422705	279.93	282.31	276.25	43.4	43.1	43.3	6.45	6.55	6.38
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	254.87	242.06	250.88	39.7	38.3	41.4	6.42	6.32	6.06
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	180.93	181.79	172.65	36.7	37.1	36.5	4.93	4.90	4.73
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	184.76	182.66	173.74	37.1	36.9	36.5	4.98	4.95	4.76
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	171.81	177.85	164.88	36.4	37.6	36.0	4.72	4.73	4.58
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	243.86	234.36	233.66	41.9	40.9	41.8	5.82	5.73	5.59
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	219.91	228.46	224.91	42.7	43.6	44.1	5.15	5.24	5.10
Paper and Allied Products	426005	515.27	492.48	463.05	46.8	45.6	45.0	11.01	10.80	10.29
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	572.64	559.32	534.50	48.0	47.2	46.6	11.93	11.85	11.47
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	406.23	395.42	366.74	44.3	43.5	42.3	9.17	9.09	8.67
Leather and Leather Products	431005	170.28	170.85	151.37	39.6	40.2	35.7	4.30	4.25	4.24
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	346.77	334.77	329.33	43.4	42.7	41.9	7.99	7.84	7.86
Primary Metal Industries	333005	417.32	415.25	364.99	41.9	42.2	40.6	9.96	9.84	8.99
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	330.50	312.91	294.79	42.7	41.5	41.0	7.74	7.54	7.19
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	366.61	376.77	344.54	44.6	44.8	44.4	8.22	8.41	7.76
Transportation Equipment	337005	585.57	593.49	490.45	46.4	45.9	40.3	12.62	12.93	12.17

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S NONFARM EMPLOYMENT INCREASED 4,500 IN APRIL

Atlanta's nonfarm wage and salary employment, except domestics, rose 4,500 to an estimated 1,097,600 for April. Both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing rose. Trade and services accounted for practically all the gain in nonmanufacturing. Other major industry divisions recorded moderate gains.

Manufacturing rose 600 for the month. Very small changes occurred in both the durable and nondurable goods categories. Gains of one and two hundred were registered by many industries in the durable goods group. Fabricated metals declined by 100 and furniture and fixtures, nonelectrical machinery, and electric and electronic equipment remained unchanged.

Compared to the same month last year, manufacturing was up 6,500, with the durable goods sector providing 5,700 of this increase. Lumber and wood products, food and kindred products, and textile mill products were the only industries to exhibit downturns from April of last year.

During April, nonmanufacturing rose 4,000, primarily due to increases in the trade and service industries. Fluctuations among the remaining major industry groups were insignificant. Small gains by construction and finance, insurance, and real estate were offset by equal declines in transportation, communications, and public utilities; and government.

Over the year, nonmanufacturing advanced by 43,000. The three industry divisions accounting for the major portion of this increase were construction, trade, and services, with gains of 7,000, 17,300, and 15,200 respectively. Government, down 500, was the only division to decline; the loss occurred in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5864.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,097.6	1,093.1	1,048.1	4.5	49.5
Manufacturing	300005	151.3	150.7	144.8	.6	6.5
Durable Goods	300025	79.6	79.0	73.9	.6	5.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	3.0	2.9	3.1	.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.2	4.2	3.8	.0	.4
Household Furniture	325105	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	8.0	7.9	7.7	.1	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.3	5.1	4.6	.2	.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.6	8.7	8.3	-.1	.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.1	8.1	7.7	.0	.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.9	11.9	11.6	.0	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.9	24.8	22.2	.1	2.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.5	5.4	4.9	.1	.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	71.7	71.7	70.9	.0	.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.7	18.9	19.2	-.2	-.5
Meat Products	420105	5.1	5.1	5.4	.0	-.3
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.4	3.5	.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.1	4.0	4.2	.1	-.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.1	1.4	.1	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.3	9.2	8.7	.1	.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.8	3.8	3.6	.0	.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.2	8.2	8.1	.0	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.3	4.3	4.1	.0	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.1	17.2	16.8	-.1	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	7.3	7.3	7.4	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	8.0	8.0	7.7	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	5.2	6.3	6.2	-.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	946.3	942.3	903.3	4.0	43.0
Contract Construction	200005	54.5	54.2	47.5	.3	7.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	94.6	94.7	92.0	-.1	2.6
Transportation	500015	60.8	61.0	58.7	-.2	2.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	310.0	308.5	292.7	1.5	17.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	114.0	113.7	109.2	.3	4.8
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	76.1	75.4	73.6	.7	2.5
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	38.0	38.3	35.6	-.3	2.4
Retail Trade	652005	195.9	194.8	183.4	1.1	12.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	76.5	76.4	75.2	.1	1.3
Finance	760025	31.1	31.0	29.0	.1	2.1
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	28.2	28.1	28.6	.1	-.4
Services	100055	244.0	241.4	228.8	2.6	15.2
Government	998008	166.7	167.0	167.2	-.3	-.5
Federal	998011	34.6	34.8	34.1	-.2	.5
State and Local	998509	132.1	132.2	133.1	-.1	-1.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	104.6	104.2	100.2	.4	4.4
Durable Goods	300025	57.5	57.1	53.5	.4	4.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	47.1	47.1	46.7	.0	.4
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.7	11.7	12.2	.0	-.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.2	7.0	6.9	.2	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.3	2.2	2.3	.1	.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.3	3.2	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	5.9	.0	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.3	4.3	3.9	.0	.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.4	6.3	6.1	.1	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.4	3.3	2.8	.1	.6
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.5	5.5	5.2	.0	.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	6.0	6.0	5.7	.0	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	15.9	15.8	14.1	.1	1.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$364.27	$368.33	$332.69	41.3	41.2	39.7	$ 8.82	$ 8.94	$ 8.38
Durable Goods	300025	399.36	412.44	363.65	41.6	42.0	39.7	9.60	9.82	9.16
Nondurable Goods	400015	321.47	314.77	297.35	40.9	40.2	39.7	7.86	7.83	7.49
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$317.05	$301.29	$277.54	42.5	39.8	39.2	$ 7.46	$ 7.57	$ 7.08
Textile Mill Products	422005	248.40	258.57	228.42	43.2	43.9	40.5	5.75	5.89	5.64
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	171.00	181.30	168.03	34.2	35.9	35.6	5.00	5.05	4.72
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	175.74	175.74	159.87	34.8	34.8	33.1	5.05	5.05	4.83
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	156.80	195.46	169.65	32.0	38.4	37.7	4.90	5.09	4.50
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	231.21	235.41	212.28	38.6	39.3	36.6	5.99	5.99	5.80
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	207.02	239.12	232.40	37.3	42.7	42.8	5.55	5.60	5.43
Paper and Allied Products	426005	402.05	397.68	396.39	43.0	42.9	43.8	9.35	9.27	9.05
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	39[illegible].85	383.60	382.97	42.3	42.2	42.6	9.24	9.09	8.99
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	405.15	378.78	365.06	43.8	41.9	42.4	9.25	9.04	8.61
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	330.79	309.54	339.02	41.4	40.2	41.7	7.99	7.70	8.13
Primary Metal Industries	333005	582.40	582.31	470.84	45.5	45.6	39.7	12.80	12.77	11.86
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	360.12	359.35	341.91	40.6	41.4	39.3	8.87	8.68	8.70
Transportation Equipment	337005	597.56	655.34	521.26	44.	45.7	38.3	13.55	14.34	13.61

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 44,500, declined 100 during the month and gained 400 over the year. A loss of 200 in the nonmanufacturing division was partially offset by a gain in manufacturing for the month. Most of the gain for the year was in the trade portion of nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 10,400, gained 100 over the month and was unchanged for the year. The monthly gain was in the "other nondurable goods" segment and was primarily caused by an increase in production force by one large manufacturer. Over the year, a gain of 100 in nondurable goods was offset by a loss of 100 in durable goods.

Construction employment, at 1,900, gained 200 for the month and 100 over the year. Finance industry forecasters, however, predict that mortgage interest rates will rise to fifteen percent this year, which will decrease the availability of funds for construction.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,400, gained 100 during the month and 100 over the year. Most of the gain was in the transportation segment of this division.

Wholesale and retail trade, at 10,900, declined 100 over the month, but was up 600 for the year. Both wholesale and retail segments showed some decline over the month. During the year, most of the gains were made in retail trade.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,100, was unchanged over the month. The industry also has been relatively stable during the year.

Services, at 6,100, showed losses of 100 for the month and 200 over the year. Losses were spread throughout the industry, and no single segment declined substantially.

Government, at 10,700, declined 300 over the month and 200 for the year. Most of the decline was in state and local government employment.

NOTE *Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181*

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.5	44.6	44.1	-.1	.4
Manufacturing	300005	10.4	10.3	10.4	.1	.0
Durable Goods	300025	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	.9	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.5	8.5	8.4	.0	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.3	4.2	4.1	.1	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.1	34.3	33.7	-.2	.4
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.7	1.8	.2	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.4	2.3	2.3	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.9	11.0	10.3	-.1	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.0	8.0	7.4	.0	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	6.1	6.2	6.3	-.1	-.2
Government	998008	10.7	11.0	10.9	-.3	-.2
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	7.8	8.1	7.9	-.3	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	56.0	55.7	54.1	.3	1.9
Manufacturing	300005	14.6	14.6	13.9	.0	.7
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	4.9	4.6	.0	.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.2	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.7	9.6	9.3	.1	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.6	2.8	.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.4	2.4	.1	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.4	3.5	3.0	-.1	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.4	41.2	40.2	.2	1.2
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	2.0	1.5	-.1	.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.6	1.5	-.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.7	10.4	10.6	.3	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.2	2.1	2.1	.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.5	8.3	8.5	.2	.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.4	7.5	7.1	-.1	.3
Government	998008	18.1	18.0	17.9	.1	.2
Federal	998011	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	16.0	16.0	15.8	.0	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area remained at 126,600, reflecting no monthly change at the total level. An increment of 700 jobs over the year occurred because of more business in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 33,200, posted a loss of 300 jobs over the month, 100 in durables and 200 in nondurable goods manufacturing. Over the year, an increase of 400 was recorded because of more activity in durable goods.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increases. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,300, lost 100 over the month because of less business in structural clay products. This segment rose 400 over the year. Metals and machinery, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year with scattered increments. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, dropped 100 over the month because of less business in transportation equipment. This segment remained unchanged over the year.

Food and kindred products, at 2,800, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Textile mill products, at 6,000, was also unchanged over the month, but dropped 500 over the year. Apparel and other finished textile products, at 2,000, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, was also unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,200, dropped 200 in paper, triggered by the need to lower inventories. This segment recorded a loss of 100 over the year.

Construction, at 7,300, rose 200 over the month as building construction surged ahead. This division dropped 200 over the year as projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Trade, at 23,900, lost 200 over the month and over the year. The loss was shared by both wholesale and retail firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,800, gained 100 over the month in financial institutions and insurance firms. This division posted a gain of 300 over the year with scattered increments. Services and mining, at 19,800, rose 100 over the month because of more activity in business services and hospitals. This division dropped 200 over the year with scattered declines.

Government, at 33,200, remained unchanged over the month, but gained 500 over the year, mostly as a result of more activity in the state and local sector.

NOTE: *Narrative written by Augusta Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131*

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	126.6	126.6	125.9	.0	.7
Manufacturing	300005	33.2	33.5	32.8	-.3	.4
Durable Goods	300025	9.1	9.2	8.3	-.1	.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.3	3.4	2.9	-.1	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.5	2.4	-.1	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.1	24.3	24.5	-.2	-.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.0	6.0	6.5	.0	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.2	12.4	12.3	-.2	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	93.3	93.1	93.1	.2	.2
Contract Construction	200005	7.3	7.1	7.5	.2	-.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	23.9	24.1	24.1	-.2	-.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.8	3.9	4.0	-.1	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	20.1	20.2	20.2	-.1	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.8	4.7	4.5	.1	.3
Services and Mining	800055	19.8	19.7	20.0	.1	-.2
Government	998008	33.2	33.2	32.7	.0	.5
Federal	998011	8.2	8.2	8.1	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	25.0	25.0	24.6	.0	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 83,400 in April, rose from the March total of 83,100. In April 1983, the total was 79,700. Gains from March and from one year ago were shared by both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries.

Manufacturing employment, which totalled 21,200 in April, revealed a small gain from the March total of 21,100 and rose 1,300 from one year ago. The monthly gain was shared by food and kindred products, apparel and other finished textile products, and "other durable goods." Over the year, metals and machinery increased 500, followed by "other durable goods" with an increase of 300. Textile mill products rose 200, and stone, clay, and glass products; food and kindred products; apparel and other finished textile products; and printing and publishing gained 100 each.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 62,200, was 200 more than the March estimate. Increases in trade and in services and mining were partially offset by losses in contract construction and in government. A gain of 2,400 from a year ago was due to increases in contract construction; trade; and finance, insurance, and real estate.

NOTE: *Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.*

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	83.4	83.1	79.7	.3	3.7
Manufacturing	300005	21.2	21.1	19.9	.1	1.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.1	4.3	.1	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.4	.0	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.6	3.1	.0	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	.7	.6	.4	.1	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	16.0	15.9	15.6	.1	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.8	8.8	8.6	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.9	.8	.8	.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	62.2	62.0	59.8	.2	2.4
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	5.0	3.7	-.1	1.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.5	17.2	16.4	.3	1.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.8	2.7	2.6	.1	.2
Retail Trade	652005	14.8	14.5	13.8	.3	1.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.6	5.6	5.4	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	11.8	11.7	11.8	.1	.0
Government	998008	19.4	19.5	19.4	-.1	.0
Federal	998011	6.5	6.5	6.3	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.9	13.0	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 102,900 in April. The current estimate is up 300 from March and up 2,000 from April 1983. During all reporting periods, manufacturing was unchanged; nonmanufacturing accounted for the monthly and annual increases.

Manufacturing, at 16,600, was unchanged from last month and from a year ago. During the month, small offsetting fluctuations occurred in both durable and nondurable goods. Annually, durable goods rose 200, with a gain in "other durable goods" being partially offset by a loss in stone, clay, and glass. Nondurable goods fell 200, with a rise in textiles partially offsetting declines in apparel and paper. Food, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" held steady during the year.

Nonmanufacturing, at 86,300, was up 300 from March and up 2,000 from a year ago. During the month, gains were recorded in trade, services, and government. Annually, construction added 200, with most of the increase in general construction. Transportation and public utilities dropped 300, with most of the loss occurring in motor freight transportation and warehousing. Trade advanced 900, with wholesale trade gaining 200 and retail trade increasing 700. Finance, insurance, and real estate rose 100. Services added 300, with most of the gain in "other covered services." Government rose 800, with the federal segment adding 600 and the state and local segment gaining 200.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6288.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	102.9	102.6	100.9	.3	2.0
Manufacturing	300005	16.6	16.6	16.6	.0	.0
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.3	5.2	.1	.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.2	11.3	11.4	-.1	-.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.8	1.9	1.9	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	86.3	86.0	84.3	.3	2.0
Contract Construction	200005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.6	.0	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.7	21.6	20.8	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.6	17.5	16.9	.1	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.4	6.4	6.3	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	18.5	18.4	18.2	.1	.3
Government	998008	31.1	31.0	30.3	.1	.8
Federal	948011	17.5	17.4	16.9	.1	.6
State and Local	998509	13.6	13.6	13.4	.0	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased by 600 over the month. Manufacturing gained 200, and nonmanufacturing increased 500.

Manufacturing employment increased by 200 over the month. Almost every sector was affected, but only two were of any statistical significance. Transportation equipment rose an estimated 100 over the month as a result of increased demand for tractor trailers. Paper and allied products increased seasonally by 100. Overall, manufacturing employment has experienced a gradual return to normal levels of employment. Over the year, employment has gradually increased by 1,200. Employment in this area ought to remain fairly constant for the remainder of the year.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 500 over the month. Contract construction gained approximately 300 over the month and 700 over the year. Because of the construction of the new federal building, employment in the special trades should pick up slightly and remain at a higher level for the remainder of the year. Transportation and public utilities decreased 500 over the month and 100 over the year. Motor freight transportation is down slightly because of decreases in the marine shipping area. It is expected to return to normal levels as shipping picks up. Marine cargo handling is down approximately 400 over the month. Although this sector has no set seasonal pattern, it is not uncommon for it to fluctuate during the year. Wholesale and retail trade rose 500 over the month, a seasonal increase. The remainder of the major industry divisions have remained fairly stable.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA should increase only slightly over the next few months. Unemployment will increase slightly as schools close for summer vacations.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	92.3	91.7	89.2	.6	3.1
Manufacturing	300005	16.9	16.7	15.7	.2	1.2
Durable Goods	300025	7.7	7.6	7.3	.1	.4
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.1	4.0	4.0	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.1	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.2	9.1	8.4	.1	.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.8	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.4	4.3	3.9	.1	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.7	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	75.5	75.0	73.5	.5	2.0
Contract Construction	200005	5.6	5.3	4.9	.3	.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.7	10.2	9.8	-.5	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.5	21.0	20.9	.5	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.2	4.3	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	17.2	16.8	16.6	.4	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.5	4.4	4.0	.1	.5
Services and Mining	800055	17.9	17.8	17.3	.1	.6
Government	998008	16.2	16.2	16.6	.0	-.4
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	13.6	13.6	14.0	.0	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	12.2	12.0	10.2	.2	2.0
Durable Goods	300025	6.2	6.0	4.8	.2	1.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.0	6.0	5.4	.0	.6
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.0	1.0	.9	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.1	3.1	2.8	.0	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.0	1.1	.9	-.1	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.9	3.8	2.8	.1	1.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH APR. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$436.16	$423.64	$398.64	46.4	45.7	44.0	$ 9.40	$ 9.27	$ 9.06
Durable Goods	300025	397.80	391.17	361.61	44.2	44.2	43.1	9.00	8.85	8.39
Nondurable Goods	400015	477.26	456.42	432.39	48.8	47.2	44.9	9.78	9.67	9.63
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$305.24	$316.22	$266.48	45.9	48.8	43.4	$ 6.65	$ 6.48	$ 6.14
Paper and Allied Products	426005	575.13	555.78	534.96	53.5	51.7	48.5	10.75	10.75	11.03
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	379.50	369.60	331.43	44.7	44.8	41.9	8.49	8.25	7.91
Transportation Equipment	337005	434.14	425.92	401.94	44.3	44.0	43.5	9.80	9.68	9.24

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

Cost $271.53
Quantity 1,350

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY APR. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	113,245,000	112,912,000	112,646,000	333,000	599,000
Employed	104,402,000	104,140,000	101,277,000	262,000	3,125,000
Unemployed	8,843,000	8,772,000	11,369,000	71,000	-2,526,000
Rate	7.8	7.8	10.1	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	112,152,000	111,828,000	109,875,000	324,000	2,277,000
Employed	103,628,000	102,770,000	98,840,000	858,000	4,788,000
Unemployed	8,525,000	9,057,000	11,035,000	-532,000	-2,510,000
Rate	7.6	8.1	10.0	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,754,051	2,713,571	2,674,754	40,480	79,297
Employed	2,592,946	2,543,256	2,465,754	49,690	127,192
Unemployed	161,105	170,315	209,000	-9,210	-47,895
Rate	5.8	6.3	7.8	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,393	52,328	52,794	65	-401
Employed	47,942	47,768	47,607	174	335
Unemployed	4,451	4,560	5,187	-109	-736
Rate	8.5	8.7	9.8	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,019	66,421	66,324	598	695
Employed	63,571	62,948	61,636	623	1,935
Unemployed	3,448	3,473	4,688	-25	-1,240
Rate	5.1	5.2	7.1	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,147,385	1,142,485	1,119,237	4,900	28,148
Employed	1,092,013	1,084,296	1,046,462	7,717	45,551
Unemployed	55,372	58,189	72,775	-2,817	-17,403
Rate	4.8	5.1	6.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,444	135,937	138,337	507	-1,893
Employed	126,464	125,654	124,870	810	1,594
Unemployed	9,980	10,283	13,467	-303	-3,487
Rate	7.3	7.6	9.7	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,113	89,381	87,839	732	2,274
Employed	83,515	82,691	79,653	824	3,862
Unemployed	6,598	6,690	8,186	-92	-1,588
Rate	7.3	7.5	9.3	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,109	109,459	108,919	-350	190
Employed	102,132	101,472	100,518	660	1,614
Unemployed	6,977	7,987	8,401	-1,010	-1,424
Rate	6.4	7.3	7.7	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,656	98,834	98,312	822	1,344
Employed	92,564	91,575	89,735	989	2,829
Unemployed	7,092	7,259	8,577	-167	-1,485
Rate	7.1	7.3	8.7	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY APR. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,444	135,937	138,337	507	-1,893
Employed	126,464	125,654	124,870	810	1,594
Unemployed	9,980	10,283	13,467	-303	-3,487
Rate	7.3	7.6	9.7	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,890	90,899	92,029	-9	-1,139
Employed	84,767	84,433	84,695	334	72
Unemployed	6,123	6,466	7,334	-343	-1,211
Rate	6.7	7.1	8.0	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,554	45,038	46,308	516	-754
Employed	41,697	41,221	40,175	476	1,522
Unemployed	3,857	3,817	6,133	40	-2,276
Rate	8.5	8.5	13.2	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY APR. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,113	89,381	87,839	732	2,274
Employed	83,515	82,691	79,653	824	3,862
Unemployed	6,598	6,690	8,186	-92	-1,588
Rate	7.3	7.5	9.3	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	71,425	70,822	69,645	603	1,780
Employed	66,983	66,369	64,123	614	2,860
Unemployed	4,442	4,453	5,522	-11	-1,080
Rate	6.2	6.3	7.9	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,688	18,559	18,194	129	494
Employed	16,532	16,322	15,530	210	1,002
Unemployed	2,156	2,237	2,664	-81	-508
Rate	11.5	12.1	14.6	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY APR. 1984	REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAR. 1984	REVISED APR. 1983
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,754,051	2,713,571	2,674,754	40,480	79,297
Employed	2,592,946	2,543,256	2,465,754	49,690	127,192
Unemployed	161,105	170,315	209,000	-9,210	-47,895
Rate	5.8	6.3	7.8	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,683,960	1,677,284	1,654,354	6,676	29,606
Employed	1,593,152	1,581,763	1,537,617	11,389	55,535
Unemployed	90,808	95,521	116,737	-4,713	-25,929
Rate	5.4	5.7	7.1	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,070,091	1,036,287	1,020,400	33,804	49,691
Employed	999,794	961,493	928,137	38,301	71,657
Unemployed	70,297	74,794	92,263	-4,497	-21,966
Rate	6.6	7.2	9.0	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

7/31/84 S1905-1 A

ATHENS
ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
UMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

JOE D. TANNER, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR VOLUME X, NUMBER 5 *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(May 1984 Data)

LEGISLATION AIDS HANDICAPPED EMPLOYABILITY

Although our society is far removed from the time when many physically handicapped people had no choice but to become beggars and when the taunting of mental patients was a means of entertainment, it was not until recent years that we began to regard the disabled as citizens with the same rights as everyone else. In the late 1960's and throughout the 1970's laws were passed requiring both the public and the private sectors to remove certain barriers to full participation in society by the handicapped. Some of the most important pieces of legislation affecting the disabled were:

- •Architectural Barriers Act (1968), which required that new or remodeled federal buildings be free of physical barriers.
- •Urban Mass Transportation Act (amended 1970), which required that mass transportation facilities be accessible to the elderly and handicapped.
- •Rehabilitation Act (1973), which provided that otherwise qualified individuals may not be excluded from programs and activities receiving federal funding and that government contractors must actively recruit such persons.
- •Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights (1975), which created a system of advocacy units in the states to seek legal and administrative remedies for many of the problems of the mentally retarded, epileptics, autistics, and persons with cerebral palsy.
- •Education of All Handicapped Children Act (1975), which required that handicapped children be placed in the least restrictive environment possible and that individual programs and services be designed for and provided for them (Goldman, Charles E., Esq., "Advocacy in the '80s," *Disabled USA*, 1984/1, p. 22).

Because of these laws and complementary state and local statutes, many disabled persons are now full and active participants in facets of life previously closed to them, including the job market. Reliable statistics dealing with the status of the handicapped are extremely sketchy, but the 1980 census shows that of the 360,534 Georgians 16 years of age or older who have permanent or long-term physical or mental disabilities, 125,246, or 34.7 percent are active in the labor force.

(Continued on the following page)

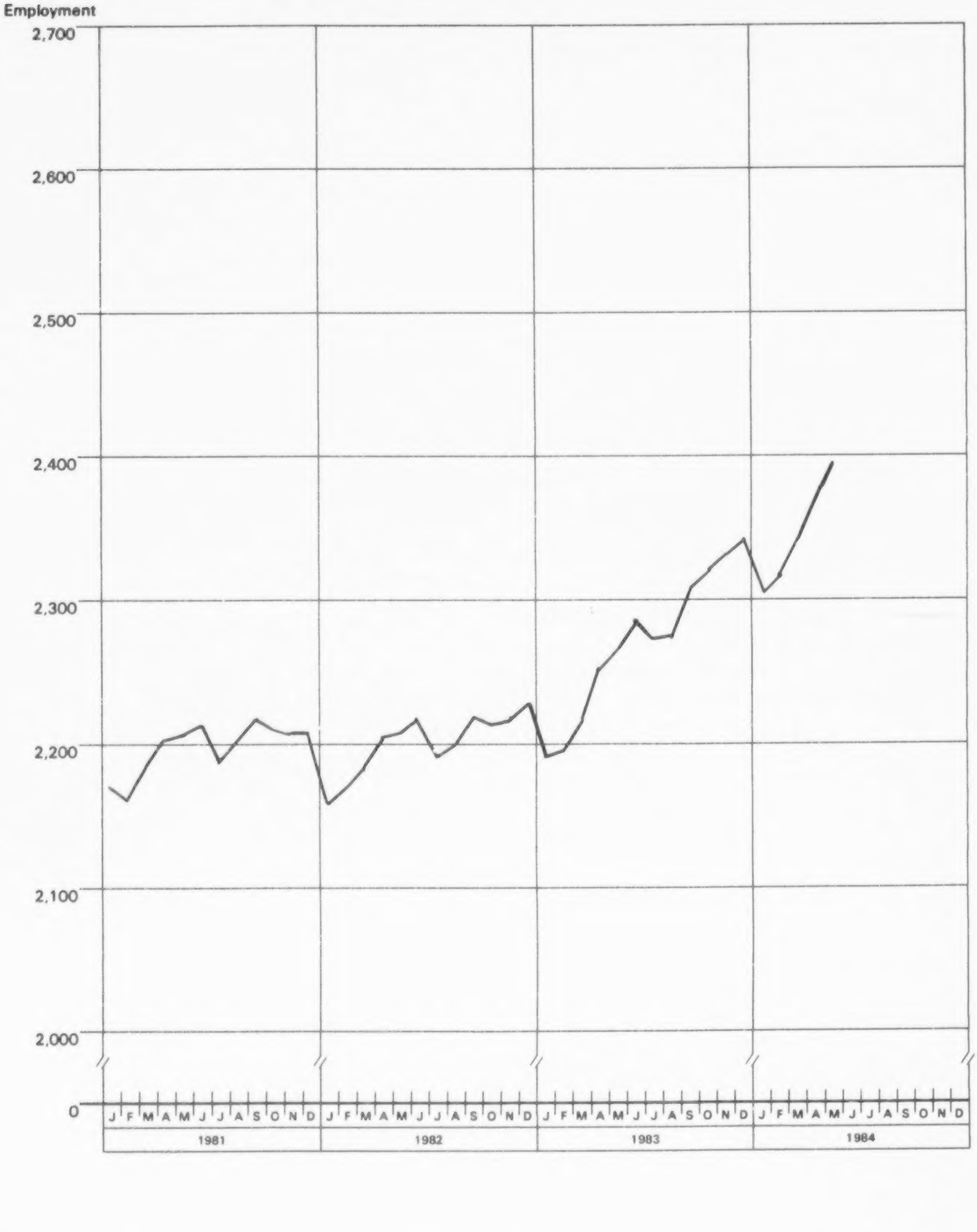
In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Careful planning and job analysis seems to be the key to successful utilization of disabled people in the workplace. For example, a Kentucky jobs program began under the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) and continued under the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) began by training only the educable mentally retarded to work in a delicatessen purchased by the program operators and serving the public just as a privately owned business would. Running out of educable mentally retarded trainees, they accepted moderately and severely retarded people and subsequently discovered that little extra planning and training was required to teach them the necessary job skills. The workers have repaid the effort with a high degree of conscientiousness. West Virginia's Project HELP (Handicapped Employment in Libraries) is a cooperative effort among several agencies to place physically handicapped people on jobs. The state's library commission, public employment service, and vocational rehabilitation staffs discovered that the library system had many sedentary jobs which could easily be adapted to the special needs of disabled people. Today, the handicapped represent 13.5 percent of the library staff. Employees have such varied disabilities as blindness, paraplegia, hearing impairment, and dyslexia.

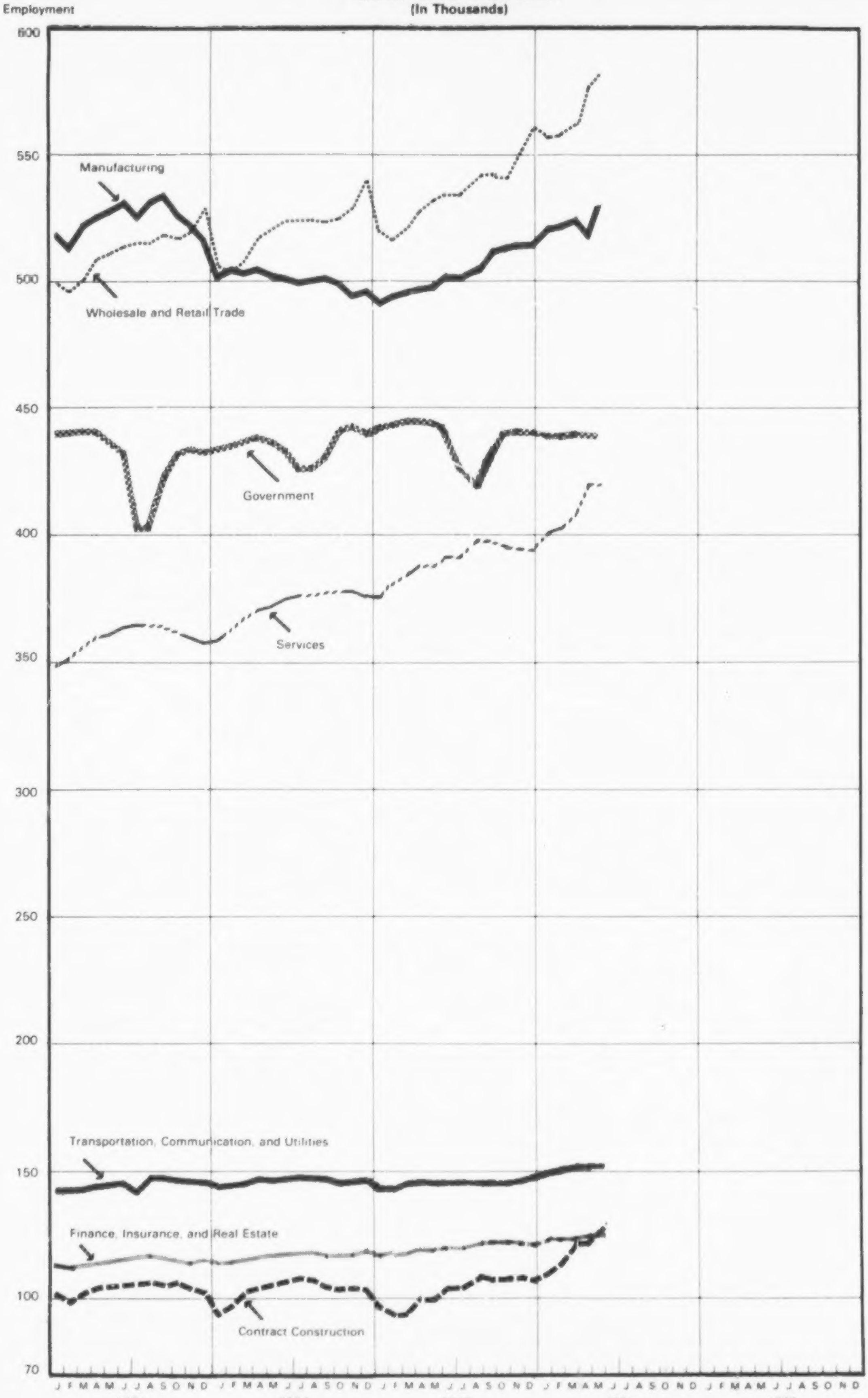
None of this is to say that the outlook for the handicapped is unremittingly optimistic. They continue to face obstacles to full participation in the job market well beyond those experienced by most of the population. Concern over the budget deficit has led to cutbacks in many existing programs and will doubtless make it more difficult to begin new ones. As competition for limited social welfare dollars becomes keener, programs will have to be successful in economic as well as human terms if tney are to survive.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,387.8	2,375.9	2,266.3	11.9	121.5
Manufacturing	300005	530.6	527.9	505.9	2.7	24.7
Durable Goods	300025	199.9	197.8	183.6	2.1	16.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	32.8	32.4	30.4	.4	2.4
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.9	14.7	14.0	.2	.9
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	10.1	10.0	9.7	.1	.4
Household Furniture	325105	6.3	6.3	6.2	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	17.5	17.1	17.1	.4	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	16.0	16.0	14.9	.0	1.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.3	20.4	19.1	-.1	1.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	22.9	22.6	20.7	.3	2.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	27.3	27.3	24.6	.0	2.7
Transportation Equipment	337005	40.5	39.6	35.3	.9	5.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.5	12.4	11.8	.1	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	330.7	330.1	322.2	.6	8.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	57.0	57.1	57.6	-.1	-.6
Meat Products	420105	20.3	20.5	20.6	-.2	-.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.4	15.5	15.3	-.1	.1
Dairy Products	420205	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	9.3	9.4	9.1	-.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	106.2	106.5	102.1	-.3	4.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.2	22.2	23.0	.0	-.8
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	9.1	9.0	9.0	.1	.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	31.1	31.2	27.9	-.1	3.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.7	21.8	21.1	-.1	.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	72.0	71.4	68.5	.6	3.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	40.4	40.0	38.4	.4	2.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	22.3	21.9	20.9	.4	1.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.7	27.8	28.0	-.1	-.3
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.3	13.3	13.0	.0	.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.6	6.6	7.0	.0	-.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	27.5	27.4	26.9	.1	.6
Commercial Printing	427505	10.3	10.3	10.4	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	18.7	18.6	17.8	.1	.9
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.9	2.9	2.5	.0	.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.4	19.3	19.3	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,857.2	1,848.0	1,760.4	9.2	96.8
Mining	100005	7.8	7.8	7.3	.0	.5
Contract Construction	200005	130.4	126.2	108.9	4.2	21.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	152.0	151.4	147.3	.6	4.7
Transportation	500015	90.3	89.6	86.9	.7	3.4
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.3	38.5	38.0	-.2	.3
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.4	23.4	22.4	.0	1.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	581.6	578.0	540.2	3.6	41.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	178.0	177.6	166.5	.4	11.5
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	109.4	109.0	101.6	.4	7.8
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	68.7	68.7	64.9	.0	3.8
Retail Trade	652005	403.6	400.4	373.8	3.2	29.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	126.1	125.4	120.8	.7	5.3
Finance	760025	55.7	55.6	52.4	.1	3.3
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	43.6	43.4	43.1	.2	.5
Real Estate	765075	26.8	26.4	25.2	.4	1.6
Services	800005	419.4	418.3	392.7	1.1	26.7
Government	998008	439.8	440.9	443.3	-1.1	-3.5
Federal	998011	86.2	87.5	86.3	-1.3	-.1
State and Local	998509	353.6	353.3	357.1	.3	-3.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	399.5	397.1	379.9	2.4	19.6
Durable Goods	300025	146.6	144.9	134.6	1.7	12.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	252.9	252.2	245.3	.7	7.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.2	40.2	40.3	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	87.5	87.8	84.5	-.3	3.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.3	19.3	20.6	.0	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.0	3.0	2.7	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.5	7.4	7.6	.1	-.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	25.0	25.1	22.3	-.1	2.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.1	18.3	17.8	-.2	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	61.6	60.8	58.2	.8	3.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.9	34.5	32.9	.4	2.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.9	18.6	17.8	.3	1.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	26.0	25.6	24.0	.4	2.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.1	8.0	7.9	.1	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.5	21.5	21.4	.0	.1
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.6	10.6	10.1	.0	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	11.1	10.9	10.3	.2	.8
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.7	1.5	1.3	.2	.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	13.6	13.4	13.6	.2	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.5	11.5	10.4	.0	1.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.8	14.7	14.1	.1	.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	16.2	15.9	14.6	.3	1.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.3	19.3	17.4	.0	1.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	26.6	26.0	22.8	.6	3.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$309.48	$312.98	$286.82	41.1	41.4	40.8	$ 7.53	$ 7.56	$ 7.03
Durable Goods	300025	354.43	361.22	327.02	42.6	42.9	41.5	8.32	8.42	7.88
Nondurable Goods	400015	283.01	285.12	265.68	40.2	40.5	40.5	7.04	7.04	6.56
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$285.31	$277.90	$257.80	40.7	39.7	39.6	$ 7.01	$ 7.00	$ 6.51
Textile Mill Products	422005	266.79	271.34	253.26	40.3	41.3	42.0	6.62	6.57	6.03
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	311.19	311.82	250.10	41.0	41.3	40.6	7.59	7.55	6.16
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	289.05	292.58	281.35	41.0	41.5	42.5	7.05	7.05	6.62
Knitting Mills	422505	229.86	218.83	217.59	39.7	37.6	40.9	5.79	5.82	5.32
Floor Covering Mills	422705	268.69	270.94	262.28	41.4	42.6	42.1	6.49	6.36	6.23
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	245.85	252.80	251.45	38.9	39.5	41.7	6.32	6.40	6.03
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	183.89	182.16	171.81	37.3	36.8	36.4	4.93	4.95	4.72
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	184.76	186.50	171.34	37.4	37.3	36.3	4.94	5.00	4.72
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	176.70	171.44	166.16	37.2	36.4	36.2	4.75	4.71	4.59
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	254.76	244.86	232.11	43.4	42.0	41.3	5.87	5.83	5.62
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	223.84	221.40	228.96	42.8	41.0	44.2	5.23	5.40	5.18
Paper and Allied Products	426005	507.12	516.32	471.38	45.4	46.1	45.5	11.17	11.20	10.36
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	592.62	579.38	530.98	47.6	46.8	46.7	12.45	12.38	11.37
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	401.51	407.59	372.34	43.5	44.4	42.7	9.23	9.18	8.72
Leather and Leather Products	431005	163.97	170.28	151.23	38.4	39.6	35.5	4.27	4.30	4.26
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	344.44	348.13	337.82	41.7	42.3	43.2	8.26	8.23	7.82
Primary Metal Industries	333005	387.31	418.32	364.10	38.5	42.0	40.5	10.06	9.96	8.99
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	327.00	328.42	302.63	43.6	43.1	41.8	7.50	7.62	7.24
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	366.74	370.87	310.42	44.4	44.9	38.9	8.26	8.26	7.98
Transportation Equipment	337005	544.67	581.95	508.67	43.4	45.5	41.9	12.55	12.79	12.14

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA NONFARM EMPLOYMENT CLIMBS 6,700 IN MAY

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment for May, estimated at 1,115,400, rose 6,700 from last month's level. Gains were recorded in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing. Annually, nonfarm employment was up 62,000 with manufacturing industries accounting for 7,200 of the increase.

Manufacturing, at 153,200, rose 1,500 over the month. Durable goods provided all of the increase of which 57 percent was recorded by the transportation equipment industry due to the recall of workers at one automobile assembly plant. In addition, stone, clay, and glass products and nonelectrical machinery contributed gains of 200 each. Nondurable goods gained 200 during the month with increases in printing and publishing and in chemicals

Almost all the over-the-year advance of 7,200 in manufacturing occurred in the durable goods sector. More than one-half of the increase was recorded by transportation equipment due to the resurgence of the automobile assembly plants in the area. Besides transportation equipment, stone, clay, and glass products; primary metal industries; fabricated metal products; nonelectrical machinery; and "other durable goods" supplied the remainder of the annual increase with employment gains ranging from 400 to 700.

Nonmanufacturing rose 5,200 in May to an estimated level of 962,200. Contract construction, trade, and services contributed almost equally to the increase.

Construction registered increases in all the segments with special trades contracting providing one-half of the 2,000 gains. Transportation, communications, and public utilities rose 200 and was confined to the transportation sector with gains in trucking and warehousing and a small increment in transportation services. These gains were partially offset by a small drop in airline employment.

Trade rose 2,200 during the month. The advance was attributed to the retail sector with more activity reported by food stores, eating and drinking places, miscellaneous retail stores, and mail order houses. Department stores, automobile dealerships, and service stations experienced slight declines. Wholesale trade accounted for a gain of 100, all in the wholesale durable goods category. Finance, insurance, and real estate remained the same as the previous month.

The service industries, up 2,000, reported moderate gains in personal, business, medical, and social services and membership organizations. Private education registered a slight drop in employment.

The monthly decline of 1,100 in government was confined to the federal sector and was due to the seasonal reduction in work force by the Internal Revenue Sevice.

Nonmanufacturing was up 54,900 from the same month last year. All major industry divisions experienced gains with the exception of government which was down 1,100 for the year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,115.4	1,108.7	1,053.4	6.7	62.0
Manufacturing	300005	153.2	151.7	146.0	1.5	7.2
Durable Goods	300025	81.2	79.8	74.4	1.4	6.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	3.0	2.9	3.1	.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
Household Furniture	325105	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	8.2	8.0	7.7	.2	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.2	5.3	4.5	-.1	.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.7	8.6	8.3	.1	.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.3	8.1	7.8	.2	.5
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.9	11.9	11.8	.0	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	26.1	25.3	22.4	.8	3.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.6	5.5	4.9	.1	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	72.0	71.8	71.6	.2	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.9	19.0	19.4	-.1	-.5
Meat Products	420105	5.3	5.3	5.4	.0	-.1
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	-.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.3	9.3	9.0	.0	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.9	3.8	3.7	.1	.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.2	8.2	8.2	.0	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.3	4.3	4.2	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.2	17.1	16.9	.1	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	7.3	7.3	7.4	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	8.1	8.0	7.7	.1	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.2	6.2	6.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	962.2	957.0	907.3	5.2	54.9
Contract Construction	200005	59.1	57.1	49.1	2.0	10.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	94.9	94.7	92.3	.2	2.6
Transportation	500015	61.1	60.9	58.9	.2	2.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	317.2	315.0	249.0	2.2	23.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	115.8	115.7	109.4	.1	6.4
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	77.0	76.8	73.8	.2	3.2
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	38.8	38.8	35.6	.0	3.2
Retail Trade	652005	201.4	199.3	184.6	2.1	16.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	76.4	76.4	75.1	.0	1.3
Finance	760025	31.0	30.9	28.9	.1	2.1
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	28.2	28.2	28.5	.0	-.3
Services	100055	249.0	247.0	230.0	2.0	19.0
Government	998008	165.7	166.8	166.8	-1.1	-1.1
Federal	998011	33.5	34.7	34.0	-1.2	-.5
State and Local	998509	132.2	132.1	132.8	.1	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	105.8	104.8	100.4	1.0	5.4
Durable Goods	300025	58.6	57.6	53.6	1.0	5.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	47.2	47.2	46.9	.0	.3
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.7	11.8	12.2	-.1	-.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.2	7.1	7.1	.1	.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.3	2.3	2.4	.0	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.3	2.2	2.3	.1	.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.1	3.2	.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	6.0	.0	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.4	4.3	3.8	.1	.6
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.5	6.4	6.2	.1	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.3	3.4	2.7	-.1	.6
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.4	5.5	5.1	-.1	.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	6.1	6.0	5.8	.1	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	16.9	16.1	14.0	.8	2.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH MAY 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH MAY 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$363.80	$369.98	$338.99	41.2	41.2	40.5	$ 8.83	$ 8.98	$ 8.37
Durable Goods	300025	395.11	412.15	370.68	41.2	41.8	40.6	9.59	9.86	9.13
Nondurable Goods	400015	323.87	319.14	303.35	41.1	40.5	40.5	7.88	7.88	7.49
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$320.88	$311.60	$293.56	42.0	41.0	41.0	$ 7.64	$ 7.60	$ 7.16
Textile Mill Products	422005	250.65	248.40	230.40	42.7	43.2	40.0	5.87	5.75	5.76
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	185.98	180.54	174.72	36.9	35.4	36.1	5.04	5.10	4.84
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	173.39	186.37	169.18	35.1	36.4	35.1	4.94	5.12	4.82
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	202.29	167.31	179.19	39.9	33.8	37.1	5.07	4.95	4.83
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	236.40	231.46	237.39	39.4	38.9	41.0	6.00	5.95	5.79
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	224.37	225.26	240.44	40.5	36.1	43.4	5.54	6.24	5.54
Paper and Allied Products	426005	417.93	400.69	413.13	43.9	42.9	45.7	9.52	9.34	9.04
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	403.40	390.85	398.70	43.8	42.3	44.3	9.21	9.24	9.00
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	378.84	405.59	345.63	42.0	43.8	41.0	9.02	9.26	8.43
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	325.61	330.79	354.84	40.6	41.4	42.7	8.02	7.99	8.31
Primary Metal Industries	333005	567.67	582.40	474.02	43.6	45.5	39.8	13.02	12.80	11.91
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	364.59	368.33	346.83	42.1	41.2	40.9	8.66	8.94	8.48
Transportation Equipment	337005	573.38	632.58	542.55	41.7	44.8	40.1	13.75	14.12	13.53

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA totalled 45,200 in May. The current total is up 400 from April and up 1,100 from May 1983. Gains during both reporting periods were primarily in the nonmanufacturing division. Small increments were reported in manufacturing for the month and year.

Manufacturing, at 10,600, gained 200 over the month and year. The monthly gain was due to an increment in the "other nondurable goods" segment; specifically, the rubber and plastics products industry, which has undergone expansion at existing facilities during the first part of 1984. Annually, the same factors contributed to a gain of 200 in "other nondurable goods." This was partially offset by losses in food products and "other durable goods." The latter segment includes wood, concrete, and construction materials as well as some other durable consumer goods.

Contract construction, with an employment of 1,800, was unchanged over the month and year. Some increase was reported for the month in the roofing portion of the industry because of severe weather conditions. Sources with the City of Albany report that demand for construction permits is approximately the same as last year. Uncertainty about future mortgage interest rates appears to have made many contractors hesitant about beginning large projects. Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,300, declined 100 during the month and was unchanged over the year. The monthly decrement was primarily in the transportation portion of this division. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,100, was unchanged over the month and year. Trade, at 11,100, gained 100 for the month and 900 over the year. The May gain was in the wholesale segment. Most of the yearly increase was in retail trade due to the opening of new stores in Albany. Services, at 6,200, were basically unchanged during the month. Over the year, a loss of 100 was primarily in the health services area. Government, at 11,200, gained 300 over the month and year. This gain was in the state and local sector and due to increases in college employment.

NOTE: *Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.*

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	45.2	44.8	44.1	.4	1.1
Manufacturing	300005	10.6	10.4	10.4	.2	.2
Durable Goods	300025	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	.9	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.6	8.5	8.4	.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.4	2.5	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.3	4.2	4.1	.1	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.7	34.4	33.7	.3	1.0
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.3	2.4	2.3	-.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.1	11.0	10.2	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.1	8.1	7.4	.0	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	6.2	6.2	6.3	.0	-.1
Government	998008	11.2	10.9	10.9	.3	.3
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	8.2	8.0	7.9	.2	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	56.3	56.2	54.4	.1	1.9
Manufacturing	300005	14.7	14.7	13.9	.0	.8
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	4.9	4.6	.1	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.2	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.7	9.7	9.4	.0	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.7	2.9	-.1	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.5	2.4	-.1	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.6	3.4	3.0	.2	.6
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.7	41.5	40.5	.2	1.2
Contract Construction	200005	2.1	1.9	1.5	.2	.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.6	1.5	1.5	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.8	10.8	10.6	.0	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.1	2.2	2.0	-.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.7	8.6	8.6	.1	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.4	7.4	7.1	.0	.3
Government	998008	18.1	18.1	18.0	.0	.1
Federal	998011	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	16.1	16.0	16.0	.1	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 127,400, reflecting more activity in nonmanufacturing. This estimate represented a gain of 800 jobs over the year with more business in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 33,100, lost 200 over the month in nondurable goods. Over the year, an increase of 100 was concentrated in durable goods.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,400, rose 100 over the month and 500 over the year. This monthly rise was attributable to more activity in nonmetallic mineral products, while the annual increment was scattered throughout the segment. Metals and machinery, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 over the year with scattered increments. "Other durable goods," at 2,500, remained unchanged but climbed 200 over the year because of scattered gains.

Food and kindred products, at 2,700, lost 100 over the month and over the year because of less business in baking products. Textile mill

(Continued on the following page)

products, at 5,900, lost 100 over the month in broad woven fabrics. This segment lost 600 over the year because of modernization triggered by international competition. Apparel, at 2,000, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered gains. Printing and publishing, at 1,200 remained unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,200, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year. The annual loss was scattered throughout the segment.

Construction, at 7,300, dropped 100 over the month with less activity in general construction. This division dropped 1,100 over the year because of the completion of projects in the area. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, gained 100 over the month because of more activity in motor freight transportation and passenger transportation. This division rose 200 over the year with more business throughout the division.Trade, at 24,500, gained 300 over the month because of more activity in wholesale firms. This division rose 600 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,700, dropped 100 over the month because of less activity in insurance and financial institutions. This division recorded a gain of 100 over the year with scattered increments. Services and mining, at 20,100, climbed 300 over the month and over the year because of more activity in protective services and hospitals.

Government, at 33,200, was unchanged over the month but rose 500 over the year. The annual increase was concentrated in the state and local sector.

NOTE: *Narrative written by Augusta Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.*

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	127.4	126.9	126.6	.5	.8
Manufacturing	300005	33.1	33.3	33.0	-.2	.1
Durable Goods	300025	9.2	9.1	8.3	.1	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.4	3.3	2.9	.1	.5
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.3	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.0	24.1	24.7	-.1	-.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.8	2.8	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	5.9	6.0	6.5	-.1	-.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.2	12.2	12.4	.0	-.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	94.2	93.6	93.6	.6	.6
Contract Construction	200005	7.3	7.4	8.4	-.1	-1.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.3	4.2	.1	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.5	24.2	23.9	.3	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	3.8	3.9	.3	.2
Retail Trade	652005	20.5	20.4	20.0	.1	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.7	4.8	4.6	-.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	20.1	19.8	19.8	.3	.3
Government	998008	33.2	33.2	32.7	.0	.5
Federal	998011	8.2	8.2	8.2	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	24.9	25.0	24.5	-.1	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in May, at 83,700, remained unchanged from April and increased 3,400 from one year ago. Manufacturing employment remained the same as April and rose 1,300 from May 1983.

Manufacturing employment remained the same as the previous month because losses in "other durable goods" and food and kindred products offset the gain in apparel and other finished textile products. Over-the-year increases totalled 1,300 with gains in metals and machinery, "other durable goods," textile mill products, and apparel and other finished textile products.

Nonmanufacturing employment rose 100 from last month and increased 2,100 from a year earlier. Gains in services and miscellaneous employment and in government employment were partially offset by losses in contract construction, in trade, and in transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services employment. The annual increment was due to more business in contract construction; trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and government. Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services lost 100 workers from last year.

Overall employment is expected to continue to increase slowly as a result of continued improvement in the national economy.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	83.7	83.7	80.3	.0	3.4
Manufacturing	300005	21.2	21.2	19.9	.0	1.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.2	4.3	.0	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.6	3.0	.0	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	.6	.7	.4	-.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	16.0	16.0	15.6	.0	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.8	3.9	3.8	-.1	.0
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.8	8.8	8.6	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.0	.9	.8	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	62.5	62.4	60.4	.1	2.1
Contract Construction	200005	4.7	4.8	3.9	-.1	.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.9	3.0	3.0	-.1	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.6	17.7	16.7	-.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	14.9	14.9	14.1	.0	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.6	5.6	5.4	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	12.0	11.8	12.0	.2	.0
Government	998008	19.6	19.5	19.4	.1	.2
Federal	998011	6.6	6.6	6.4	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	13.0	12.9	13.0	.1	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 102,700 in May. The current estimate is down 200 from April and up 2,000 from May 1983. During the month, manufacturing was unchanged with a small gain in nondurable goods being offset by a similar decline in durable goods. Nonmanufacturing declined with losses in construction, services, and government being partially offset by increases in transportation and public utilities and trade. Annually, manufacturing added 200 and nomanufacturing climbed 1,700.

Manufacturing employment, at 16,600, was unchanged from last month and up 200 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods dropped 100, with a loss in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods increased 100, with most of the gain in apparel. Annually, durable goods was unchanged with a loss in stone, clay, and glass being offset by a gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods rose 200 with more employment in apparel. Paper was down slightly during the year and food, textiles, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged.

Nonmanufacturing, at 86,100, was down 100 from April and up 1,700 from a year ago. During the month, small losses in construction, services, and government were partially offset by increases in transportation and public utilities and trade. Annually, construction and transportation and public utilities registered losses. Trade rose 800, with gains in the wholesale and retail sectors. Finance, insurance, and real estate and services recorded gains during the year. Government increased 900 with gains in all segments.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	102.7	102.9	100.7	-.2	2.0
Manufacturing	300005	16.6	16.6	16.4	.0	.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.4	5.3	-.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.4	3.5	3.2	-.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.3	11.2	11.1	.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.6	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.8	1.7	.1	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	86.1	86.2	84.4	-.1	1.7
Contract Construction	200005	4.2	4.3	4.3	-.1	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.2	4.5	.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.8	21.7	21.0	.1	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.7	17.6	17.1	.1	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.4	6.4	6.3	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	18.4	18.5	18.1	-.1	.3
Government	998008	31.0	31.1	30.1	-.1	.9
Federal	948011	17.5	17.5	16.9	.0	.6
State and Local	998509	13.6	13.6	13.2	.0	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Employment in the Savannah SMSA decreased 600 over the month primarily as a result of readjustments being made to fit economic expectations. Readjustments of this sort are not unusual in the upswing of the business cycle. Oftentimes, depending on the length of the cycle, readjustments are made several times in reaction to changing circumstances. The vast majority of the downward readjustments made between April and May occurred as a result of changes that occurred in interest rates, mortgage financing, and consumer spending. As a result of these changes, 83 percent of the loss in employment occurred in the nonmanufacturing sector. Contract construction declined over the month approximately 200. This may be the result of rising interest rates. Wholesale and retail trade declined an estimated 200 over the same period and may also have been affected by rising interest rates and the level of consumer purchases for the previous months.

Although employment has declined in the Savannah SMSA over the past month, it is expected that it will continue to grow. The unemployment rate will increase over the next few months as a result of summer youth and new entrants into the labor market.

NOTE: *Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.*

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	92.0	92.6	89.4	-.6	2.6
Manufacturing	300005	16.8	16.9	15.7	-.1	1.1
Durable Goods	300025	7.6	7.7	7.3	-.1	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.4	2.1	-.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.2	9.2	8.5	.0	.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.0	1.9	1.9	.1	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.3	4.4	3.9	-.1	.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.7	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	75.2	75.7	73.6	-.5	1.6
Contract Construction	200005	5.4	5.6	5.0	-.2	.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.8	9.7	9.8	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.4	21.6	21.0	-.2	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.3	4.3	-.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	17.3	16.8	-.2	.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.3	4.5	4.1	-.2	.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.9	17.9	17.2	.0	.7
Government	998008	16.4	16.4	16.6	.0	-.2
Federal	998011	2.7	2.6	2.6	.1	.1
State and Local	998509	13.7	13.8	14.0	-.1	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	12.3	12.3	10.2	.0	2.1
Durable Goods	300025	6.2	6.2	4.8	.0	1.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.1	6.1	5.5	.0	.6
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	1.0	.9	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.1	3.2	2.8	-.1	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.0	1.0	.9	.0	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.9	3.9	2.9	.0	1.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAY 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH MAY 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAY 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$446.49	$437.66	$406.60	45.7	45.4	44.1	$ 9.77	$ 9.64	$ 9.22
Durable Goods	300025	403.15	397.36	366.32	44.4	44.2	43.3	9.08	8.99	8.46
Nondurable Goods	400015	491.72	479.61	442.71	47.1	46.7	44.9	10.44	10.27	9.86
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$302.72	$305.24	$262.06	46.5	45.9	42.2	$ 6.51	$ 6.65	$ 6.21
Paper and Allied Products	426005	596.57	578.97	537.60	50.6	49.4	48.0	11.79	11.72	11.20
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	384.52	379.50	356.31	43.4	44.7	43.4	8.86	8.49	8.21
Transportation Equipment	337005	453.26	434.14	411.10	45.6	44.3	44.3	9.94	9.80	9.28

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

Cost $374.71
Quantity 1,350

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY MAY 1984	REVISED APR. 1984	REVISED MAY 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED APR. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAY 1983
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	113,803,000	113,245,000	112,619,000	558,000	1,184,000
Employed	105,288,000	104,402,000	101,431,000	886,000	3,857,000
Unemployed	8,514,000	8,843,000	11,188,000	-329,000	-2,674,000
Rate	7.5	7.8	9.9	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	113,251,000	112,152,000	110,308,000	1,099,000	2,943,000
Employed	105,096,000	103,628,000	99,543,000	1,468,000	5,553,000
Unemployed	8,154,000	8,525,000	10,765,000	-371,000	-2,611,000
Rate	7.2	7.6	9.8	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,771,911	2,752,682	2,684,785	19,229	87,126
Employed	2,609,650	2,590,775	2,476,525	18,875	133,125
Unemployed	162,261	161,907	208.260	354	-45,999
Rate	5.9	5.9	7.8	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	53,173	52,691	52,708	482	465
Employed	48,792	48,245	47,508	547	1,284
Unemployed	4,381	4,446	5,200	-65	-819
Rate	8.2	8.4	9.9	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,586	67,237	66,449	349	1,137
Employed	64,090	63,771	61,822	319	2,268
Unemployed	3,496	3,466	4,627	30	-1,131
Rate	5.2	5.2	7.0	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,169,315	1,159,445	1,122,643	9,870	46,672
Employed	1,112,180	1,103,732	1,049,658	8,448	62,522
Unemployed	57,135	55,713	72,985	1,422	-15,850
Rate	4.9	4.8	6.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,981	136,843	138,314	138	-1,333
Employed	127,419	126,862	125,251	557	2,168
Unemployed	9,562	9,981	13,063	-419	-3,501
Rate	7.0	7.3	9.4	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,633	90,431	88,378	202	2,255
Employed	84,010	83,786	80,283	224	3,727
Unemployed	6,623	6,645	8,095	-22	-1,472
Rate	7.3	7.3	9.2	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,466	109,155	108,909	311	557
Employed	102,208	102,155	100,222	53	1,986
Unemployed	7,258	7,000	8,687	258	-1,429
Rate	6.6	6.4	8.0	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99.763	100,004	98,977	-241	786
Employed	92,438	92,866	89,741	-428	2,697
Unemployed	7,325	7,138	9,236	187	-1,911
Rate	7.3	7.1	9.3	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAY 1984	REVISED APR. 1984	REVISED MAY 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED APR. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAY 1983
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,981	136,843	138,314	138	-1,333
Employed	127,419	126,862	125,251	557	2,168
Unemployed	9,562	9,981	13,063	-419	-3,501
Rate	7.0	7.3	9.4	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,339	91,145	92,386	194	-1,047
Employed	85,548	85,056	85,026	492	522
Unemployed	5,791	6,089	7,360	-298	-1,569
Rate	6.3	6.7	8.0	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,642	45,698	45,928	-56	-286
Employed	41,871	41,806	40,225	65	1,646
Unemployed	3,771	3,892	5,703	-121	-1,932
Rate	8.3	8.5	12.4	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAY 1984	REVISED APR. 1984	REVISED MAY 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED APR. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAY 1983
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,633	90,431	88,378	202	2,255
Employed	84,010	83,786	80,283	224	3,727
Unemployed	6,623	6,645	8,095	-22	-1,472
Rate	7.3	7.3	9.2	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	71,789	71,647	70,019	142	1,770
Employed	67,409	67,218	64,560	191	2,849
Unemployed	4,380	4,429	5,459	-49	-1,079
Rate	6.1	6.2	7.8	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,844	18,784	18,359	60	485
Employed	16,601	16,568	15,723	33	878
Unemployed	2,243	2,216	2,636	27	-393
Rate	11.9	11.8	14.4	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAY 1984	REVISED APR. 1984	REVISED MAY 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED APR. 1984	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAY 1983
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,771,911	2 752,682	2,684,785	19,229	87,126
Employed	2,609,650	2,590,775	2,476,525	18,875	133,125
Unemployed	162,261	161,907	208,260	354	-45,999
Rate	5.9	5.9	7.8	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,708,934	1,697,449	1,658,995	11,485	49,939
Employed	1,616,070	1,606,260	1,541,561	9,810	74,509
Unemployed	92,864	91,189	117,434	1,675	-24,570
Rate	5.4	5.4	7.1	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,062,977	1,055,233	1,025,790	7,744	37,187
Employed	993,580	984,515	934,964	9,065	58,616
Unemployed	69,397	70,718	90,826	-1,321	-21,429
Rate	6.5	6.7	8.9	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, some nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

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ATHENS
ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
UMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

JOE D. TANNER, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR VOLUME X, NUMBER 6 *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(June 1984 Data)

TESTING A MEASURE OF POTENTIAL

Testing job applicants is one of the services provided by the Employment Service Division of the Georgia Department of Labor. The tests fall into three broad categories: aptitude tests, which are considered measures of potential achievement tests, which are used to determine an individual's academic grade equivalent; and clerical skills tests, which measure job proficiency. Properly administered and interpreted, they are a valuable tool in predicting an applicant's potential for success in a specific job.

One of the most commonly used tests is the General Aptitude Test Battery (GATB), which is used to measure the vocational aptitudes of people who are at least minimally literate, but who need help in choosing an occupation. It measures nine aptitudes:

- •General learning ability
- •Verbal aptitude
- •Numerical aptitude
- •Spatial aptitude
- •Form perception
- •Clerical perception
- •Motor coordination
- •Finger dexterity
- •Manual dexterity

Specific Aptitude Test Batteries (SATB's) are combinations of sections of the GATB designed to measure aptitudes for the skills most important for success in a specific occupation. Scores of the applicants tested are compared to scores of a control group of people who were actually performing the job for which the test is designed at the time they were tested. Numerical scores are then converted to "H," "M," or "L." A score of "H" means that the individual's scores equal or exceed those of workers who were judged satisfactory in the occupation. If otherwise qualified, applicants with this score have a high probability of succeeding on the job. An "M" means that the person's scores were close to, but not quite as high as those of satisfactorily performing employees. This applicant's chances of success are somewhat less than if he were rated "H." An "L" means that the scores were similar to those of workers who have been found to be unsatisfactory. A person with such a score probably will not do well on the job for which he is being tested and should consider another for which he is better suited.

The clerical skills tests are a third frequently used group. They measure skills important in a variety of clerical occupations. The clerical skills tests are:

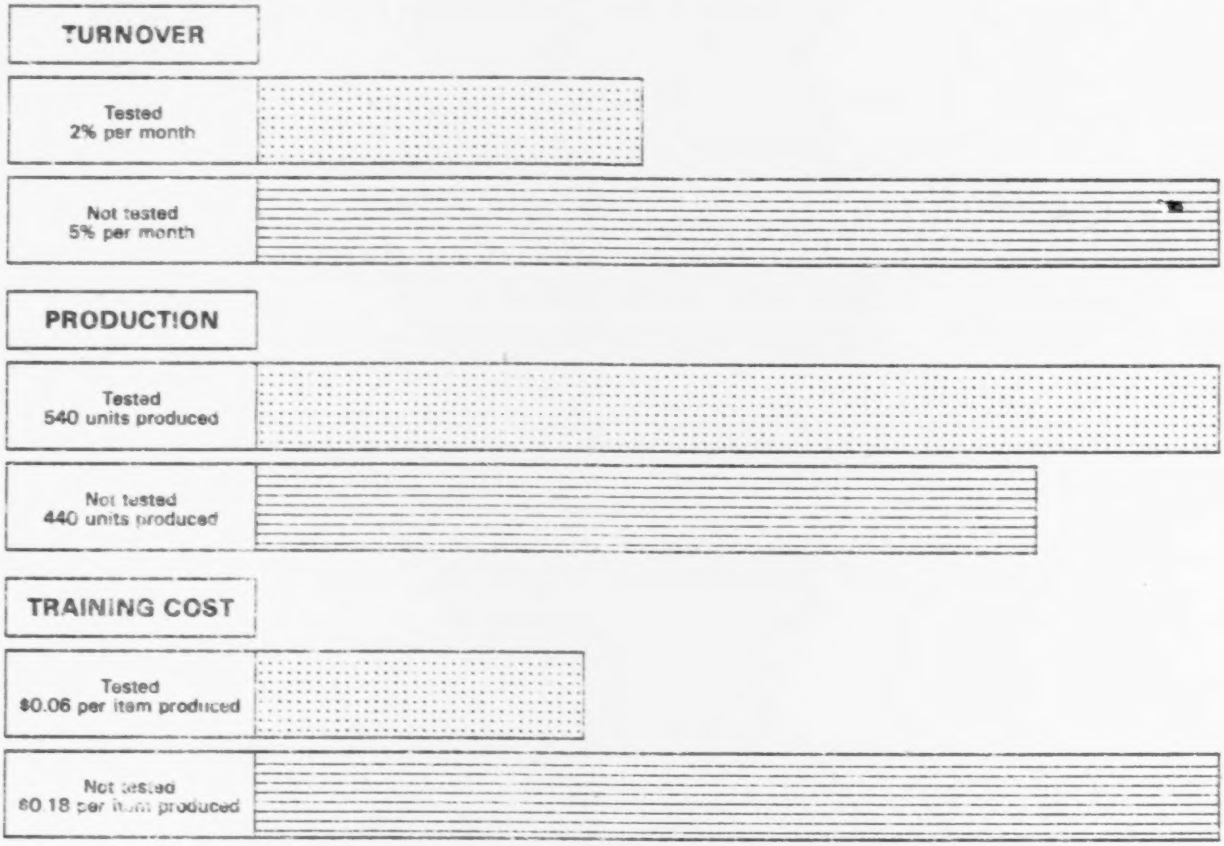
- •A plain copy typing test
- •A dictation test
- •A general spelling test
- •A statistical typing test
- •A medical spelling test
- •A legal spelling test

Several other tests are administered to applicants. The Basic Occupational Literacy Test (BOLT) measures the reading and arithmetic skills of educationally disadvantaged adults, and there are a variety of interest tests designed to guide applicants toward jobs or vocational training in which they may hope to succeed.

(Continued on the following page)

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Testing benefits both applicants and employers. Applicants are helped to realistically assess their aptitudes and skills and make responsible decisions about their future employment. Employers find that test-assisted selection of workers improves the quality of their work force, reduces training costs and labor turnover, and increases production. The following chart illustrates the differences between two groups of production workers, one group tested and the other not tested.



All tests administered by the Georgia State Employment Service have been professionally validated. They conform to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and E.E.O.C. guidelines.

More than 18,500 applicants were tested at the various Job Service offices during fiscal year 1983, and testing is increasing at an annual rate of 22 percent during this fiscal year. This service is free of charge to both the applicant and the employer.

Applicants who think they might benefit from testing should ask for an interview with a counselor. The counselor will discuss testing with the applicant and schedule it if they both determine that it is appropriate.

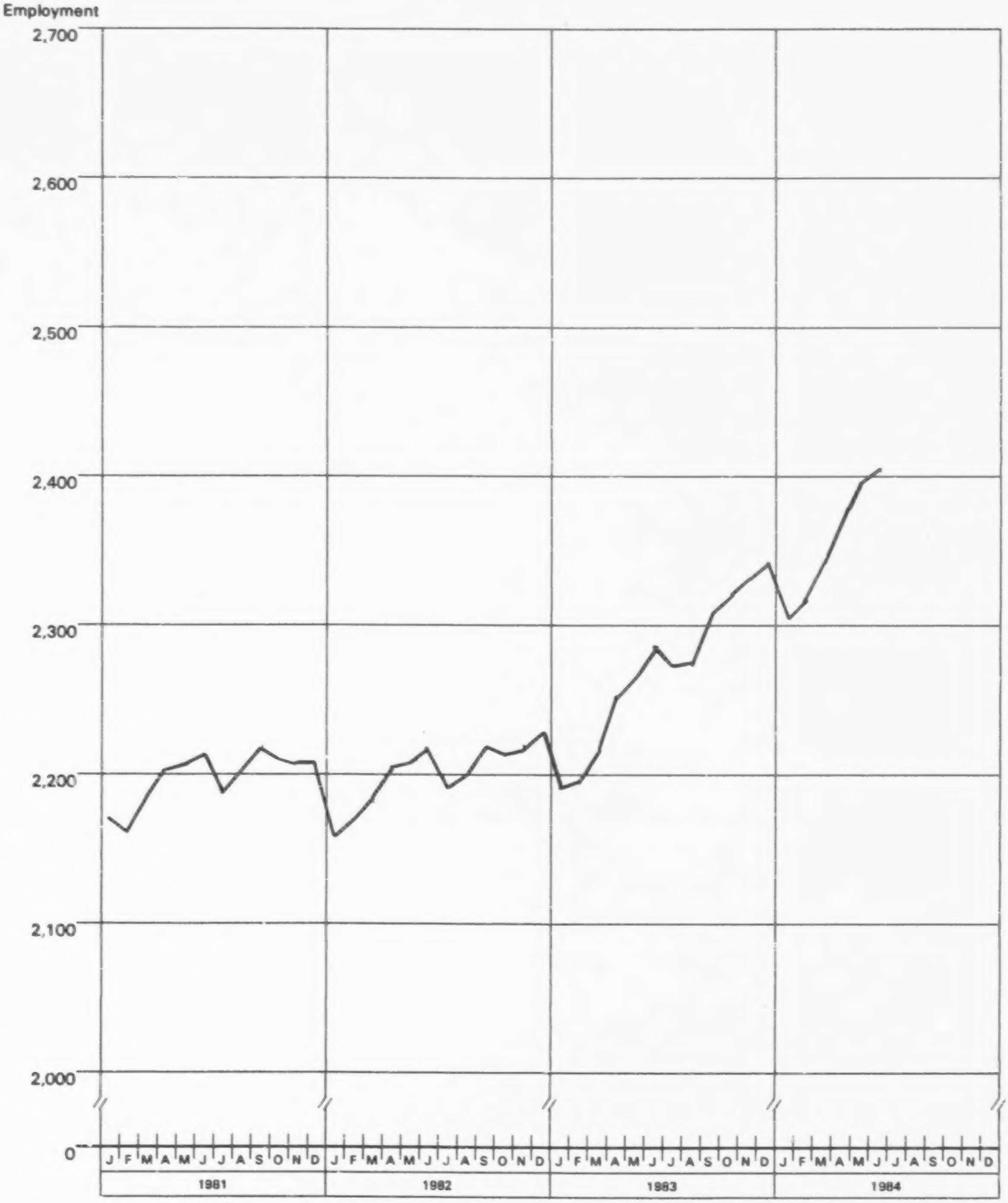
Employers may request testing when placing job orders. They will be asked for a detailed job description so that staff may determine if an appropriate test is available. If so, it will be administered to applicants, and only those who meet or exceed the employer's minimum requirements will be referred.

For further information on testing, contact:

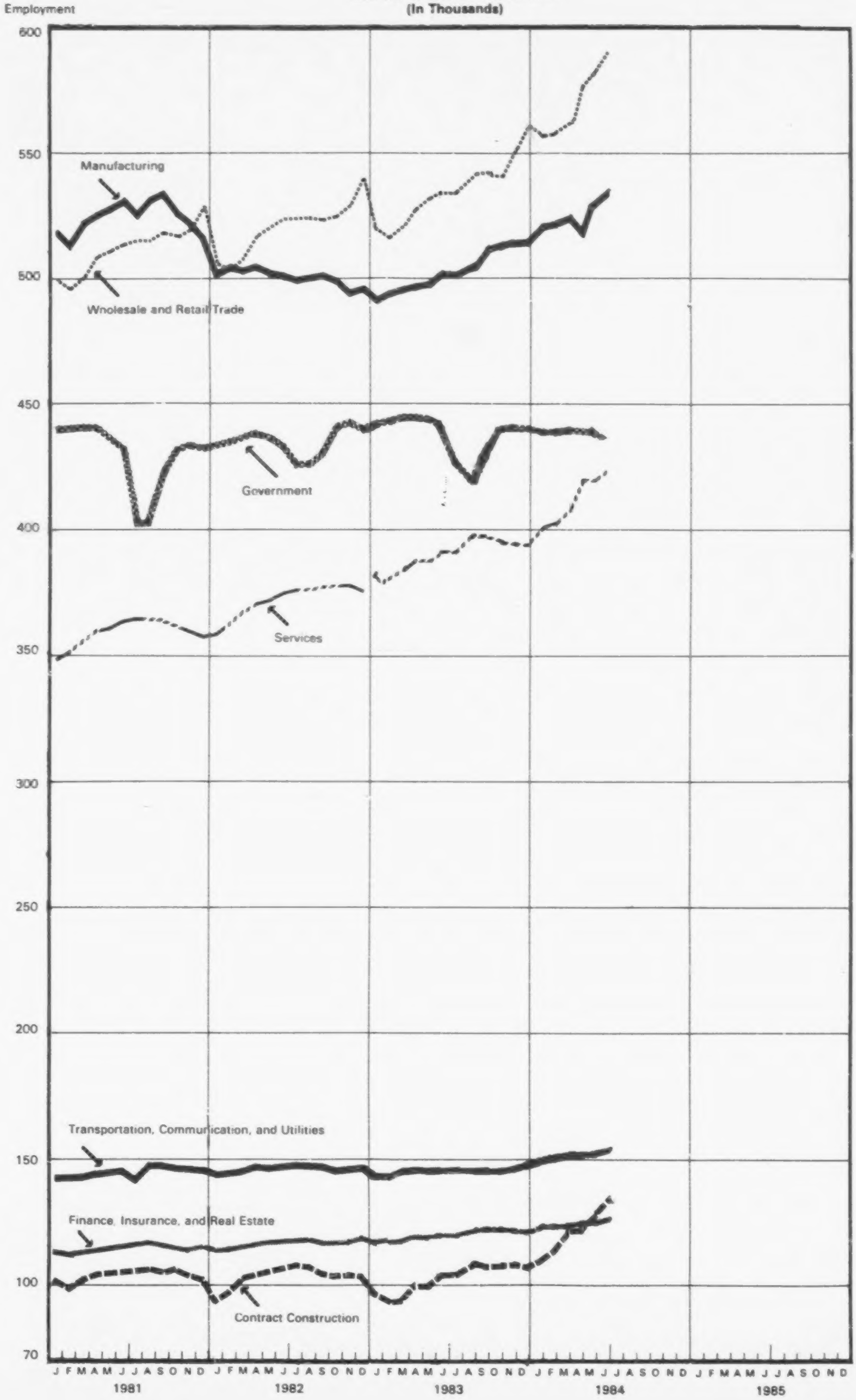
Susan Robinson, State Testing Coordinator
Georgia Department of Labor
501 Pulliam Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30312
(404) 656-6777

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,410.3	2,386.9	2,287.6	23.4	122.7
Manufacturing	300005	535.2	530.5	510.3	4.7	24.9
Durable Goods	300025	203.2	199.9	185.1	3.3	18.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	33.7	32.8	31.2	.9	2.5
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	15.2	14.9	14.3	.3	.9
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	10.1	10.1	9.9	.0	.2
Household Furniture	325105	6.3	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	17.8	17.4	17.4	.4	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.9	16.0	14.9	-.1	1.0
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.4	20.2	19.4	.2	1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	22.9	22.9	20.5	.0	2.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	27.6	27.2	24.9	.4	2.7
Transportation Equipment	337005	42.2	40.7	35.3	1.5	6.9
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.6	12.5	11.7	.1	.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	332.0	330.6	325.2	1.4	6.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	57.4	56.9	58.6	.5	-1.2
Meat Products	420105	20.3	20.2	20.7	.1	-.4
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.5	15.4	15.5	.1	.0
Dairy Products	420205	4.0	4.1	4.1	-.1	-.1
Bakery Products	420505	9.4	9.3	9.3	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	106.6	106.2	102.8	.4	3.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.1	22.2	23.0	-.1	-.9
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	9.1	9.0	9.2	.1	-.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	31.4	31.2	28.2	.2	3.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.7	21.6	21.1	.1	.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	72.4	71.9	69.5	.5	2.9
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	40.8	40.4	38.8	.4	2.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	22.3	22.2	21.4	.1	.9
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.0	27.9	27.8	.1	.2
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.5	13.3	12.9	.2	.6
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.6	6.7	7.0	-.1	-.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	27.5	27.5	27.1	.0	.4
Commercial Printing	427505	10.2	10.3	10.5	-.1	-.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	18.4	18.7	17.8	-.3	.6
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.9	2.9	2.3	.0	.6
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.6	19.4	19.6	.2	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,875.1	1,856.5	1,777.3	18.6	97.8
Mining	100005	8.0	7.8	7.2	.2	.8
Contract Construction	200005	136.1	130.4	114.2	5.7	21.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	153.6	152.6	148.8	1.0	4.8
Transportation	500015	91.3	90.6	88.1	.7	3.2
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.6	38.6	37.9	.0	.7
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.7	23.4	22.8	.3	.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	590.1	581.8	547.6	8.3	42.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	180.7	178.0	168.4	2.7	12.3
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	111.4	109.4	102.8	2.0	8.6
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	69.4	68.7	65.6	.7	3.8
Retail Trade	652005	506.4	403.7	379.2	102.7	127.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	127.2	126.1	121.7	1.1	5.5
Finance	760025	56.2	55.7	52.8	.5	3.4
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	43.5	43.6	43.0	-.1	.5
Real Estate	765075	27.5	26.8	25.9	.7	1.6
Services	800005	423.6	418.1	397.1	5.5	26.5
Government	998008	436.5	439.7	440.7	-3.2	-4.2
Federal	998011	86.5	86.4	86.8	.1	-.3
State and Local	998509	349.9	353.3	353.9	-3.4	-4.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	403.0	399.4	382.6	3.6	20.4
Durable Goods	300025	149.3	146.6	135.2	2.7	14.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	253.7	252.8	247.4	.9	6.3
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.4	40.0	41.2	.4	-.8
Textile Mill Products	422005	87.8	87.6	85.0	.2	2.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.2	19.3	20.5	-.1	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.0	3.0	2.7	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.6	7.5	7.7	.1	-.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	25.1	25.0	22.4	.1	2.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.3	18.1	17.7	.2	.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	61.8	61.5	58.8	.3	3.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	35.1	34.9	33.2	.2	1.9
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.9	18.9	18.0	.0	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	26.6	26.0	24.7	.6	1.9
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.1	8.1	7.9	.0	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.8	21.5	21.2	.3	.6
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.8	10.6	9.9	.2	.9
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.8	11.0	10.2	-.2	.6
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.7	1.7	1.4	.0	.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	14.0	13.6	13.6	.4	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.3	11.5	10.5	-.2	.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.7	14.8	14.3	-.1	.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	16.2	16.2	14.3	.0	1.9
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.5	19.3	17.5	.2	2.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	28.0	26.7	22.6	1.3	5.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$310.31	$305.11	$297.74	41.1	40.9	41.7	$ 7.55	$ 7.46	$ 7.14
Durable Goods	300025	361.64	352.77	347.11	42.1	42.4	42.8	8.59	8.32	8.11
Nondurable Goods	400015	280.55	277.89	270.85	40.6	40.1	41.1	6.91	6.93	6.59
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$282.98	$281.99	$263.31	40.6	40.4	40.2	$ 6.97	$ 6.98	$ 6.55
Textile Mill Products	422005	258.85	254.80	255.73	40.7	40.0	42.2	6.36	6.37	6.06
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	260.34	261.79	246.84	40.3	40.4	40.4	6.46	6.48	6.11
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	293.15	289.05	290.78	41.0	41.0	43.4	7.15	7.05	6.70
Knitting Mills	422505	226.18	217.74	225.30	39.2	38.0	41.8	5.77	5.73	5.39
Floor Covering Mills	422705	271.51	271.93	278.48	41.9	41.9	44.7	6.48	6.49	6.23
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	250.77	242.06	252.13	39.0	38.3	41.4	6.43	6.32	6.09
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	187.72	183.52	178.42	38.0	37.3	37.8	4.94	4.92	4.72
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	186.47	184.38	176.43	37.9	37.4	37.3	4.92	4.93	4.73
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	178.88	176.33	173.96	37.5	37.2	37.9	4.77	4.74	4.59
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	252.42	250.81	237.57	42.0	42.8	41.9	6.01	5.86	5.67
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	203.63	229.93	229.76	37.5	42.5	44.7	5.43	5.41	5.14
Paper and Allied Products	426005	508.69	499.46	490.68	45.5	45.2	47.0	11.18	11.05	10.44
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	580.00	573.97	567.24	46.4	46.4	48.9	12.50	12.37	11.60
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	379.28	395.66	380.87	43.1	43.1	41.9	8.80	9.18	9.09
Leather and Leather Products	431005	164.49	163.97	154.82	37.3	38.4	36.6	4.41	4.27	4.23
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	327.65	341.12	336.35	40.5	41.6	43.4	8.09	8.20	7.75
Primary Metal Industries	333005	390.25	389.00	372.19	38.6	38.9	40.9	10.11	10.00	9.10
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	347.65	332.76	323.85	44.8	43.9	42.5	7.76	7.58	7.62
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	366.79	366.74	362.39	43.0	44.4	43.4	8.53	8.26	8.35
Transportation Equipment	337005	566.24	535.39	573.86	44.1	42.9	45.4	12.84	12.48	12.64

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S JUNE EMPLOYMENT ROSE 11,100

The Atlanta area's estimated nonfarm wage and salary employment rose to 1,126,300 for the month of June, a gain of 11,100 over the previous month and 62,100 above June 1983. Much of the increase for the current month was provided by manufacturing, trade, and services. Contract construction; transportation and public utilities; and finance, insurance, and real estate experienced modest gains while government edged up very slightly.

Manufacturing, at 155,000, rose 1,700 over the month. Durable goods accounted for all but 100 of this increase. The continued rehiring of workers by automobile assembly plants pushed transportation equipment employment up by 1,200. Fabricated metal products and electric and electronic equipment each gained 200 while nonelectrical machinery lost 200. Lumber and wood products and primary metals remained unchanged. Furniture and fixtures dropped 100 because of less activity in the production of metal household furniture. "Other durable goods" rose 100. Nondurable goods manufacturing rose by only 100 for the month as all industries in the group remained unchanged except for apparel and "other nondurable goods."

Manufacturing increased 8,900 over the same month last year. The durable goods sector provided all the gain. The major portion of this increase, 5,200, occurred in the transportation equipment industry because of stepped up operations at automobile assembly plants. All the other industries in the durable goods category experienced substantial gains over the year except lumber and wood products and furniture and fixtures. Two industries in the nondurable goods sector experiencing sizable employment changes over the year were food and kindred products (down 700) and chemicals (up 400).

Nonmanufacturing rose 9,500 for the current month to a level of 971,300. Contract construction was up 700, primarily due to general building and heavy construction. Transportation and public utilities rose 500, mainly due to the transportation sector with increases in trucking and air transportation. Additional advances were made by radio and television broadcasting and by electric, gas, and sanitary services. Trade, both wholesale and retail, contributed to the increase of 3,600. The gain of 300 in finance, insurance, and real estate was shared by financial establishments and real estate firms. Services, up 4,400, exhibited sizable gains in business services, recreational and amusement services, medical and legal services, membership organizations, and miscellaneous services. Private education declined seasonally. Federal, state, and local governments rose slightly.

Nonmanufacturing increased 53,200 over the year with trade and services accounting for 80 percent of the gain. For the year, contract construction was up 8,800, and government was off 1,800.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,126.3	1,115.2	1,064.2	11.1	62.1
Manufacturing	300005	155.0	153.3	146.1	1.7	8.9
Durable Goods	300025	83.0	81.4	74.1	1.6	8.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.0	4.1	3.9	-.1	.1
Household Furniture	325105	2.0	2.2	2.1	-.2	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	8.4	8.2	7.6	.2	.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.2	5.2	4.5	.0	.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.9	8.7	8.4	.2	.5
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.1	8.3	7.5	-.2	.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	12.1	11.9	11.7	.2	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	27.6	26.4	22.4	1.2	5.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.7	5.6	5.0	.1	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	72.0	71.9	72.0	.1	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.9	18.9	19.6	.0	-.7
Meat Products	420105	5.3	5.3	5.4	.0	-.1
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.4	.0	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.1	9.3	9.0	-.2	.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.6	3.8	3.8	-.2	-.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.2	3.1	3.1	.1	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.2	8.2	8.2	.0	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.2	4.3	4.2	-.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.2	17.2	17.0	.0	.2
Commercial Printing	427505	7.4	7.3	7.4	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	8.1	8.1	7.7	.0	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.4	6.2	6.2	.2	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	971.3	961.8	918.1	9.5	53.2
Contract Construction	200005	60.0	59.3	51.2	.7	8.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	95.6	95.1	92.9	.5	2.7
Transportation	500015	61.5	61.2	59.3	.3	2.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	320.6	317.0	297.4	3.6	23.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	116.8	115.8	110.5	1.0	6.3
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	77.6	77.0	74.5	.6	3.1
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	39.2	38.8	36.0	.4	3.2
Retail Trade	652005	203.7	201.2	186.9	2.5	16.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	76.7	76.4	75.6	.3	1.1
Finance	760025	31.1	31.0	29.2	.1	1.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	28.1	28.3	28.3	-.2	-.2
Services	100055	252.9	248.5	233.4	4.4	19.5
Government	998008	165.7	165.6	167.5	.1	-1.8
Federal	998011	33.3	33.3	34.4	.0	-1.1
State and Local	998509	132.3	132.3	133.1	.0	-.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	107.4	106.0	100.6	1.4	6.8
Durable Goods	300025	60.2	58.8	53.3	1.4	6.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	47.2	47.2	47.3	.0	-.1
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.7	11.7	12.3	.0	-.6
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.4	3.3	3.5	.1	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.0	7.1	7.2	-.1	-.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.1	3.4	3.5	-.3	-.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.4	2.3	2.3	.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.3	2.3	2.4	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.1	3.2	3.1	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.4	4.4	3.8	.0	.6
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.8	6.6	6.2	.2	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.4	3.4	2.7	.0	.7
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.6	5.4	5.2	.2	.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.9	6.1	5.5	-.2	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	18.1	16.9	13.9	1.2	4.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$369.33	$363.74	$351.88	40.9	41.1	41.3	$ 9.03	$ 8.85	$ 8.52
Durable Goods	300025	407.54	396.48	392.70	41.0	41.3	41.6	9.94	9.60	9.44
Nondurable Goods	400015	320.31	323.90	305.52	40.7	41.0	40.9	7.87	7.90	7.47
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$305.72	$320.88	$304.26	40.6	42.0	42.2	$ 7.53	$ 7.64	$ 7.21
Textile Mill Products	422005	257.14	251.66	230.22	43.0	42.8	39.9	5.98	5.88	5.77
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	182.31	183.39	176.18	35.4	36.1	36.4	5.15	5.08	4.84
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	182.07	182.07	169.88	35.7	35.7	35.1	5.10	5.10	4.84
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	181.92	185.24	176.18	35.6	36.9	36.4	5.11	5.02	4.84
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	236.81	236.40	222.90	39.8	39.4	38.9	5.95	6.00	5.73
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	236.78	256.88	241.34	38.5	42.6	43.8	6.15	6.03	5.51
Paper and Allied Products	426005	418.30	418.88	421.29	44.5	44.0	46.5	9.40	9.52	9.06
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	435.70	403.88	409.47	46.4	43.9	45.7	9.39	9.20	8.96
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	396.40	379.05	359.68	42.9	41.7	41.2	9.24	9.09	8.73
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	331.27	328.45	339.33	41.1	40.7	42.1	8.06	8.07	8.06
Primary Metal Industries	333005	537.43	569.85	484.38	40.9	43.7	40.5	13.14	13.04	11.96
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	357.01	364.59	362.96	39.8	42.1	40.6	8.97	8.66	8.94
Transportation Equipment	337005	600.06	566.77	618.36	42.8	41.4	44.2	14.02	13.69	13.99

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 45,500, gained 400 over the month and 1,500 for the year. Increments were reported in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing divisions from both reference periods. The most significant gain over the month was in nondurable goods while the largest during the year was in retail trade.

Manufacturing, at 10,800, was up 200 during the month and 500 for the year. Most of the gain was in nondurable goods, specifically the "other nondurable goods" segment, which includes rubber and plastic products. No change was recorded in the durable goods division, because of an offsetting gain and loss in metals and "other durable goods," respectively.

Contract construction, at 1,800, was unchanged over the month and year. Concern over future mortgage interest rates is still being felt in this industry. Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,400, and finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,100, were unchanged over both reporting periods. Trade, at 11,200, remained one of the dominant employers in the area with gains of 100 over the month and 900 for the year. Increases were primarily in the retail sector. Services, at 6,200, stayed the same over the month and declined 100 for the year. Most of the fluctuation was in health services which accounts for in excess of twenty-five percent of the industry employment. Government, at 11,000, was unchanged for the month and gained 200 over the year. Most of the annual gain was in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	45.5	45.1	44.0	.4	1.5
Manufacturing	300005	10.8	10.6	10.3	.2	.5
Durable Goods	300025	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.2	1.1	1.1	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.7	.8	.9	-.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.9	8.7	8.3	.2	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.6	4.4	4.0	.2	.6
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.7	34.5	33.7	.2	1.0
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.2	11.1	10.3	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.2	8.1	7.4	.1	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	6.2	6.2	6.3	.0	-.1
Government	998008	11.0	11.0	10.8	.0	.2
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	8.1	8.1	7.8	.0	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	56.5	56.5	54.8	.0	1.7
Manufacturing	300005	14.8	14.7	14.2	.1	.6
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	4.9	4.7	.1	.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.5	2.4	2.4	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.3	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.8	9.8	9.4	.0	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.6	2.9	.0	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.6	3.6	3.2	.0	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	41.7	41.8	40.6	-.1	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	2.0	2.0	1.7	.0	.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.8	10.9	10.6	-.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	8.6	8.7	8.6	-.1	.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.5	7.5	7.1	.0	.4
Government	998008	18.2	18.2	18.1	.0	.1
Federal	998011	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	16.1	16.1	16.0	.0	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 126,800, reflecting less activity in the area's public school system. This estimate represented a gain of 1,700 jobs over the year with more business in nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 33,100, was unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year because of more activity in durable goods.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 400 over the year with more activity throughout the segment. Metals and machinery, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month but gained 200 over the year with scattered increments. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, posted a decline of 100 over the month due to moderate losses in electrical machinery. This segment rose 100 over the year with scattered increments.

Food and kindred products, at 2,700, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered decrements. Textile mill products, at 6,100, rose 200 over the month in broad woven fabrics, but dropped 300 over the year. Some of the annual loss was attributable to modernization. Apparel and other textile products, at 2,000, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered gains. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. "Other nondurable goods," at

(Continued on the following page)

12,100, dropped 100 over the month and 200 from last year because of less activity in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 7,100, dropped 200 over the month and 500 over the year because of the completion of projects in the area. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, was unchanged, but rose 100 over the year with scattered gains. Trade, at 24,900, climbed 300 over the month because of more activity in retail firms. This division posted an increase of 1,000 over the year because of the opening of new firms and general economic recovery. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,800, was up 100 over the month resulting from more activity in both financial institutions and insurance firms. This division gained 100 over the year for the same reason. Services and mining, at 20,300, rose 200 over the month and 500 from June 1983 because of more activity in miscellaneous business services and educational services.

Government, at 32,400, dropped 700 over the month in the state and local sector. This decline followed the summer layoff of non-teaching personnel in the public school system. The division rose 500 over the year. The annual gain was concentrated in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	126.8	127.3	125.1	-.5	1.7
Manufacturing	300005	33.1	33.1	33.0	.0	.1
Durable Goods	300025	9.0	9.2	8.3	-.2	.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.4	3.4	3.0	.0	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.5	2.3	-.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.0	24.0	24.6	.0	-.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.1	5.9	6.4	.2	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.1	12.2	12.3	-.1	-.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	93.8	94.2	92.1	-.4	1.7
Contract Construction	200005	7.1	7.3	7.6	-.2	-.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.2	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.9	24.6	23.9	.3	1.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	3.8	.0	.3
Retail Trade	652005	20.8	20.5	20.1	.3	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.8	4.7	4.7	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	20.3	20.1	19.8	.2	.5
Government	999008	32.4	33.1	31.9	-.7	.5
Federal	998011	8.2	8.2	8.2	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	24.2	24.9	23.7	-.7	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Columbus area totalled 84,800 in June, an increase of 700 over the previous month's estimate of 84,100. Nonmanufacturing industries were responsible for all of the increase in employment. The level of employment was up 2,700 from June 1983, as manufacturing gained 1,100 while nonmanufacturing rose 1,600.

Manufacturing employment totalled 21,200 in June, a loss of 100 from May and an increase of 1,100 from one year ago. Annual gains were noted in metals and machinery, in textile mill products, in apparel and other finished textile products, in "other durable goods," and in lumber and wood products.

Nonmanufacturing employment totalled 63,500 in June, an increase of 700 from May. Over-the-month gains reflected seasonal increases, more business, and the hiring of temporary summer help. Annually, nonmanufacturing employment rose a substantial 1,600 with contract construction and retail trade leading in the increase. Smaller increases were noted in finance, insurance, and real estate, in federal government, in services and miscellaneous, and in wholesale trade. State and local government employment declined by 700 primarily because of cuts in the budget for summer youth employment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	84.8	84.1	82.1	.7	2.7
Manufacturing	300005	21.2	21.3	20.1	-.1	1.1
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.2	4.5	.1	.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.4	.4	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.6	3.1	.0	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	.7	.6	.5	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	16.0	16.0	15.7	.0	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.8	3.9	3.9	-.1	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.8	8.8	8.6	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	63.5	62.8	61.9	.7	1.6
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	4.7	4.1	.2	.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.0	3.1	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.9	17.8	17.0	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	15.1	15.0	14.4	.1	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.7	5.6	5.4	.1	.3
Services and Mining	800055	12.2	12.0	12.1	.2	.1
Government	998008	19.9	19.7	20.2	.2	-.3
Federal	998011	6.8	6.7	6.4	.1	.4
State and Local	998509	13.1	13.0	13.8	.1	-.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 103,300 in June, up 600 from May and up 1,800 from June 1983. Annually, manufacturing increased 700 with most of the gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing climbed 1,100 with most of the increase in wholesale and retail trade.

Manufacturing, at 17,000, was up 400 from last month and up 700 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods added 100 with small increases in all segments except lumber and wood. Nondurable goods rose 300 with most of the increase in food. Seasonal hiring at a canning plant accounted for most of the gain. Annually, durable goods was up 100 with increases in nonelectrical machinery and "other durable goods" being partially offset by a drop in stone, clay, and glass products. Nondurable goods increased 600 with gains in food and apparel. Paper was down slightly and textiles, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged.

Nonmanufacturing, at 86,300, was up 200 from May and up 1,100 from June 1983. During the month, construction gained 300 with most of the increase in special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities was unchanged, and trade advanced 200 with gains in wholesale and retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate dropped slightly with most of the loss in insurance. Services increased 100, and government fell 300 with all of the decline in the state and local segment. Release of nonprofessional employees in public schools for summer vacation accounted for most of the decrease. Annually, construction increased 100 and transportation and public utilities was down 100. Trade rose 1,000, with wholesale trade advancing 200 and retail trade advancing 800. Services gained 300 with increases in mining and other services being partially offset by a drop in private education. Government declined 100 with a gain in the federal segment and a decline in the state and local segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	103.3	102.7	101.5	.6	1.8
Manufacturing	300005	17.0	16.6	16.3	.4	.7
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.3	5.3	.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.6	.5	-.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.3	.2	.2	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.6	11.3	11.0	.3	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.5	2.4	.2	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.6	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	1.6	.0	.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	86.3	86.1	85.2	.2	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	4.5	4.2	4.4	.3	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.1	21.9	21.1	.2	1.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.1	4.0	.1	.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.9	17.8	17.1	.1	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.3	6.4	6.3	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	18.4	18.3	18.1	.1	.3
Government	998008	30.7	31.0	30.8	-.3	-.1
Federal	948011	17.5	17.5	16.9	.0	.6
State and Local	998509	13.2	13.5	14.0	-.3	-.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA declined 300 over the month. The majority of the loss occurred in local education.

Manufacturing employment increased over the month. Durable goods manufacturing increased an estimated 100 from May with the majority of the gain occurring in the transportation equipment sector. Nondurable goods manufacturing experienced a slight gain in overall employment, although agricultural chemicals experienced a loss of 100 as a result of Kaiser Chemicals implementing a sharp cutback in production.

Nonmanufacturing employment experienced an overall decline of 500 jobs; the vast majority of the loss is seasonal. Discounting the seasonal drop in local education, the nonmanufacturing sector actually increased approximately 300.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA, despite the seasonal loss, is at its highest level in the previous four years. Employment in the area will continue to fluctuate as the seasonal peaks come and go.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	91.9	92.2	89.4	-.3	2.5
Manufacturing	300005	16.9	16.7	15.6	.2	1.3
Durable Goods	300025	7.6	7.5	7.2	.1	.4
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.1	4.0	3.9	.1	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.0	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.2	9.2	8.4	.0	.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.3	4.3	3.8	.0	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.5	1.4	-.1	.0
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.9	.9	.7	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	75.0	75.5	73.9	-.5	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	5.4	5.4	4.9	.0	.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	10.0	9.8	10.0	.2	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.6	21.5	21.3	.1	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.2	4.3	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	17.3	17.2	16.9	.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.5	4.5	4.1	.0	.4
Services and Mining	800055	17.9	17.8	17.3	.1	.6
Government	998008	15.6	16.4	16.3	-.8	-.7
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	13.0	13.7	13.7	-.7	-.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	13.7	12.2	10.1	1.5	3.6
Durable Goods	300025	7.6	6.1	4.7	1.5	2.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.2	6.1	5.4	.1	.8
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.0	.9	1.0	.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.1	3.1	2.6	.0	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	5.1	3.8	2.7	1.3	2.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$436.18	$444.99	$426.86	46.6	45.5	45.8	$ 9.36	$ 9.78	$ 9.32
Durable Goods	300025	380.51	400.87	388.62	45.9	44.1	45.4	8.29	9.09	8.56
Nondurable Goods	400015	503.86	489.17	460.54	47.4	46.9	46.1	10.63	10.43	9.99
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$294.31	$302.72	$290.16	45.7	46.5	46.5	$ 6.44	$ 6.51	$ 6.24
Paper and Allied Products	426005	640.25	596.57	553.78	51.8	50.6	49.8	12.36	11.79	11.12
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	375.80	384.52	368.18	42.9	43.4	41.0	8.76	8.86	8.98
Transportation Equipment	337005	420.77	451.10	426.55	48.7	45.2	44.9	8.64	9.98	9.50

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY JUN 1984	REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED JUN 1983	REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED JUN 1983
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	113,877,000	113,803,000	113,573,000	74,000	304,000
Employed	105,748,000	105,288,000	102,411,000	460,000	3,337,000
Unemployed	8,130,000	8,514,000	11,162,000	-384,000	-3,032,000
Rate	7.1	7.5	9.8	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	115,393,000	113,251,000	113,383,000	2,142,000	2,010,000
Employed	106,812,000	105,096,000	101,813,000	1,716,000	4,999,000
Unemployed	8,582,000	8,154,000	11,570,000	428,000	-2,988,000
Rate	7.4	7.2	10.2	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,812,764	2,771,881	2,714,409	40,883	98,355
Employed	2,641,462	2,608,898	2,507,924	32,564	133,538
Unemployed	171,302	162,983	206,485	8,319	-35,183
Rate	6.1	5.9	7.6	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	54,130	53,081	53,135	1,049	995
Employed	49,524	48,686	47,620	838	1,904
Unemployed	4,606	4,395	5,515	211	-909
Rate	8.5	8.3	10.4	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	68,046	67,772	66,812	274	1,234
Employed	64,508	64,269	62,554	239	1,954
Unemployed	3,538	3,503	4,258	35	-720
Rate	5.2	5.2	6.4	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,185,205	1,169,580	1,137,480	15,625	47,725
Employed	1,124,780	1,112,230	1,062,963	12,550	61,817
Unemployed	60,425	57,350	74,517	3,075	-14,092
Rate	5.1	4.9	6.6	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,151	137,000	136,866	151	285
Employed	127,564	127,414	124,092	150	3,472
Unemployed	9,587	9,586	12,774	1	-3,187
Rate	7.0	7.0	9.3	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	94,050	91,094	89,984	2,956	4,066
Employed	85,275	84,415	82,092	860	3,183
Unemployed	8,775	6,679	7,892	2,096	883
Rate	9.3	7.3	8.8	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	110,875	109,520	110,179	1,355	696
Employed	103,099	102,256	101,230	843	1,869
Unemployed	7,776	7,264	8,949	512	-1,173
Rate	7.0	6.6	8.1	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,691	100,094	98,669	-403	1,022
Employed	92,546	92,713	90,098	-167	2,448
Unemployed	7,145	7,381	8,571	-236	-1,426
Rate	7.2	7.4	8.7	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUNE 1984	REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1983
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,151	137,000	136,866	151	285
Employed	127,564	127,414	124,092	150	3,472
Unemployed	9,587	9,586	12,774	1	-3,187
Rate	7.0	7.0	9.3	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,677	91,364	91,664	313	13
Employed	85,547	85,554	84,385	-7	1,162
Unemployed	6,130	5,810	7,279	320	-1,149
Rate	6.7	6.4	7.9	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,474	45,636	45,202	-162	272
Employed	42,017	41,860	39,707	157	2,310
Unemployed	3,457	3,776	5,495	-319	-2,038
Rate	7.6	8.3	12.2	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUNE 1984	REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1983
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	94,050	91,094	89,984	2,956	4,066
Employed	85,275	84,415	82,092	860	3,183
Unemployed	8,775	6,679	7,892	2,096	883
Rate	9.3	7.3	8.8	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	73,710	72,170	71,491	1,540	2,219
Employed	68,344	67,740	66,030	604	2,314
Unemployed	5,366	4,430	5,461	936	-95
Rate	7.3	6.1	7.6	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	20,340	18,924	18,493	1,416	1,847
Employed	16,931	16,675	16,062	256	869
Unemployed	3,409	2,249	2,431	1,160	978
Rate	16.8	11.9	13.1	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUNE 1984	REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAY 1984	REVISED MAY 1983
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,812,764	2,771,881	2,714,409	40,883	98,355
Employed	2,641,462	2,608,898	2,507,924	32,564	133,538
Unemployed	171,302	162,983	206,485	8,319	-35,183
Rate	6.1	5.9	7.6	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,730,095	1,710,109	1,676,061	19,986	54,034
Employed	1,632,061	1,616,868	1,557,853	15,193	74,208
Unemployed	98,034	93,241	118,208	4,793	-20,174
Rate	5.7	5.5	7.1	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,082,669	1,061,772	1,038,348	20,897	44,321
Employed	1,009,401	992,030	950,071	17,371	59,330
Unemployed	73,268	69,742	88,277	3,526	-15,009
Rate	6.8	6.6	8.5	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, some nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $372.86
Quantity 1,350

8/21/84

S1905-1 A

ERRATA SHEET
(Corrections to Georgia Nonagricultural Employment Table on Page 5)

INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month June 84	Previous Month May 84	Current Month Year Ago June 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year Ago
Retail Trade	652005	409.4	403.7	379.2	5.7	30.2

9/5/84 S1905-1 A

ATHENS
ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
UMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

JOE D. TANNER, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR VOLUME X, NUMBER 7 LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(July 1984 Data)

SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAM CREATES JOBS

Unemployment rates among young people have historically been much higher than among adults. The reasons are many: their inexperience, lack of education and/or training, unfamiliarity with the workings of the labor market, and employers' unwillingness to hire the young and untried. The latter reason is particularly applicable during times of high adult unemployment such as we have had during recent years when older workers have competed for the jobs traditionally held by the young.

Although statistics on youth unemployment are sketchy and of questionable reliability, the accompanying tables indicate the scope of the problem and the need to help jobless youngsters become more employable.

(Continued on the following page)

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 16-19 YEARS OF AGE
(in thousands)
GEORGIA

	1983 annual averages					
	Civilian non-institutional population	Percent in labor force	Civilian labor force			
			Total	Employed	Unemployed	Rate
Both sexes						
All races	384.3	51.6%	198.3	161.2	37.1	18.7%
White	261.4	56.3	147.1	128.9	18.2	12.4
Black	120.4	42.5	51.2	32.3	18.9	37.0
Male						
All races	206.1	54.7	112.7	91.7	21.1	18.7
White	134.2	61.1	81.9	71.3	10.6	13.0
Black	70.5	43.7	30.8	20.4	10.4	33.8
Female						
All races	178.2	48.0	85.5	69.5	16.0	18.7
White	127.3	51.2	65.2	57.6	7.5	11.6
Black	49.9	40.9	20.4	11.9	8.5	41.8

NOTE: The usual definition of "youth" for programmatic purposes includes those 16-21 years of age with some programs open to 14 and 15 year-olds. Labor force statistics are not, however, readily available for this expanded group.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES AMONG 16-19 YEAR OLDS
UNITED STATES
FIRST QUARTER 1984

	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	Total	White	Black	Total	White	Black	Total	White	Black
Total United States									
Poverty areas	28.7	21.4	50.6	28.5	21.2	50.8	29.1	21.6	54.2
Nonpoverty areas	19.1	17.6	41.0	21.1	19.7	43.0	17.0	15.5	34.6
Metropolitan									
Poverty areas	38.5	24.9	55.8	41.2	26.6	57.5	35.5	23.3	55.1
Nonpoverty areas	19.2	17.4	41.3	21.0	19.3	43.0	17.2	15.5	37.4
Nonmetropolitan areas									
Poverty areas	23.3	20.1	41.5	22.5	19.7	INA	24.6	20.8	INA
Nonpoverty areas	18.9	18.2	INA	21.4	20.9	INA	16.3	15.6	INA

INA—Information not available

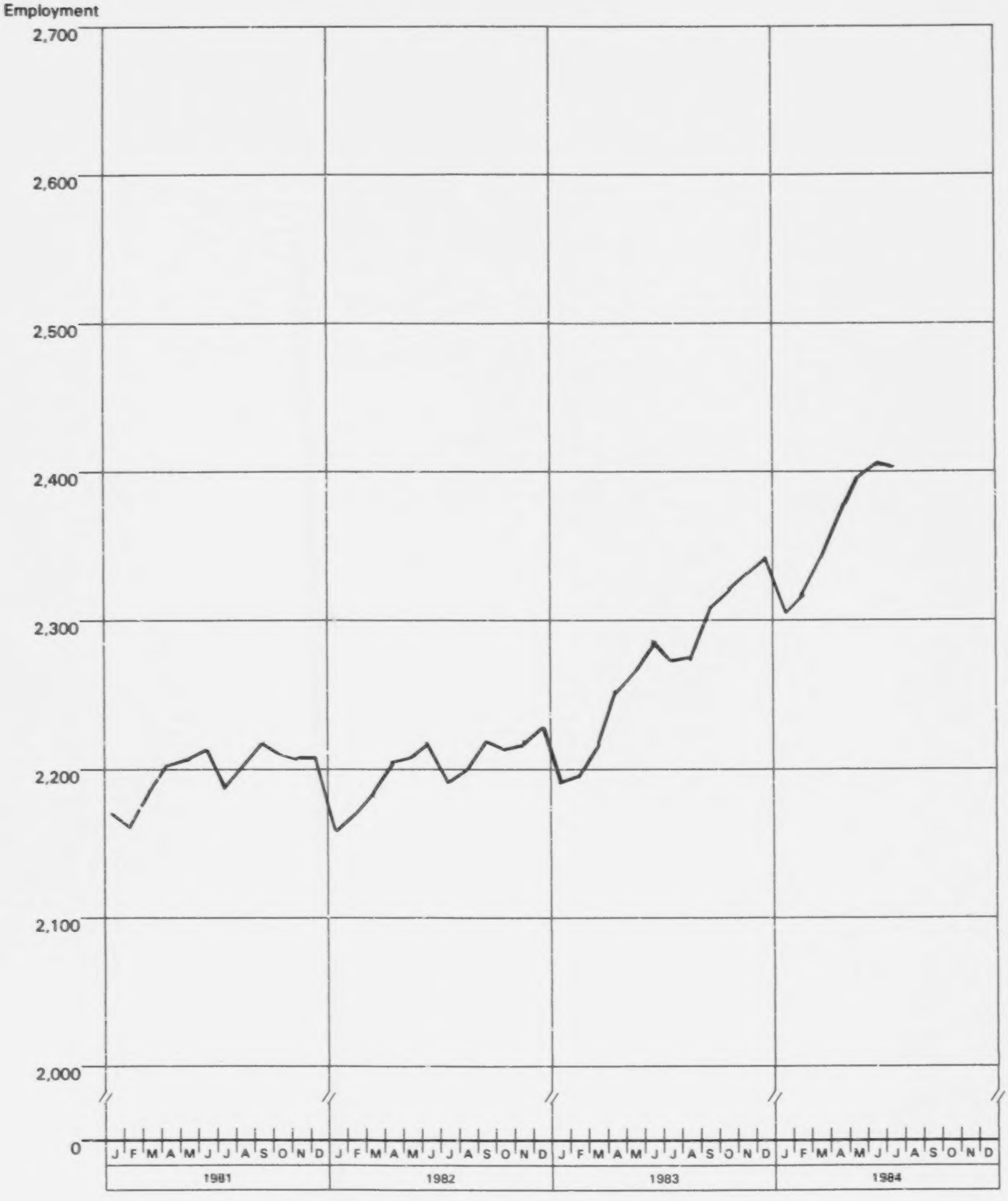
SOURCE: Employment and Earnings, *April 1984, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics*

The Georgia Summer Youth Employment and Training Program represents one attempt to alleviate the problem. Authorized by the Job Training Partnership Act, the program provides a variety of services to economically disadvantaged youth, many of whom would drop out of school, lessening still further their chances of economic success, without assistance from the summer program.

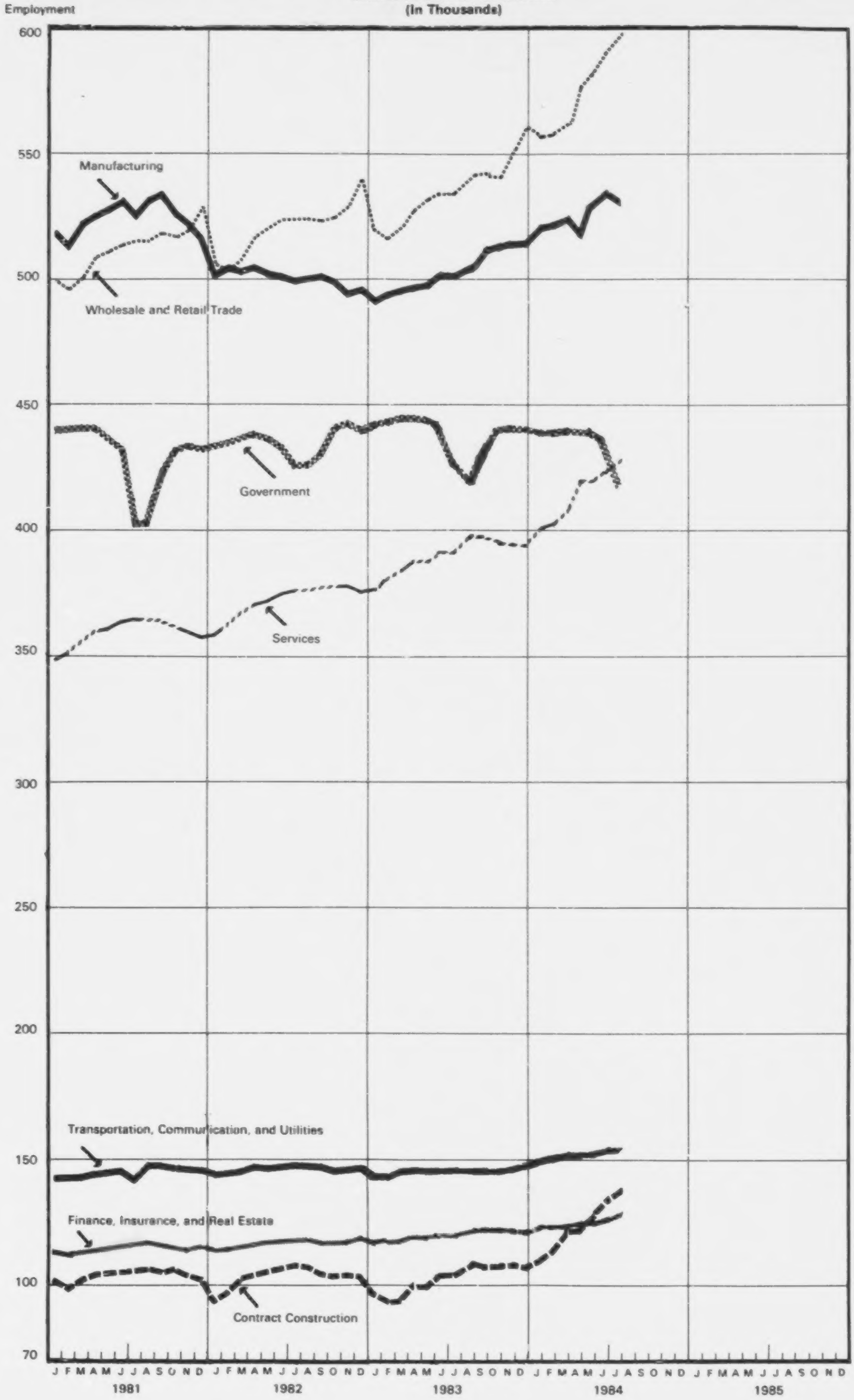
Georgia's total allocation for the 1984 summer youth program is $16,196,092 (including $2,353,000 in supplemental funds which were made available in June). A total of 12,662 economically disadvantaged youngsters had been served by the end of July. Each of the state's service delivery areas plans and operates a program designed to serve the needs of its youth population. The major activity in all programs is work experience, either in the public sector or in private nonprofit organizations. Through June 30, 7,644 summer jobs had been created. Other services offered are pre-employment skills training, labor market orientation, and basic and remedial education.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,407.5	2,411.9	2,273.2	-4.4	134.3
Manufacturing	300005	531.3	535.0	508.1	-3.7	23.2
Durable Goods	300025	200.8	202.5	184.2	-1.7	16.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	33.8	33.5	31.4	.3	2.4
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	15.3	15.1	14.5	.2	.8
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	10.1	10.1	9.8	.0	.3
Household Furniture	325105	6.3	6.3	6.1	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	17.9	17.6	17.4	.3	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.7	15.9	14.9	-.2	.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.5	20.4	19.5	.1	1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	22.9	23.0	20.3	-.1	2.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	27.6	27.6	25.0	.0	2.6
Transportation Equipment	337005	39.7	41.9	34.2	-2.2	5.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.6	12.6	11.7	.0	.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	330.5	332.5	324.0	-2.0	6.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	58.4	57.6	58.7	.8	-.3
Meat Products	420105	20.3	20.3	20.8	.0	-.5
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.4	15.5	15.5	-.1	-.1
Dairy Products	420205	4.0	4.0	4.2	.0	-.2
Bakery Products	420505	9.8	9.4	9.3	.4	.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	103.7	106.6	102.3	-2.9	1.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.0	22.1	22.7	-.1	-.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	8.3	9.2	9.1	-.9	-.8
Floor Covering Mills	422705	30.9	31.4	28.4	-.5	2.5
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.0	21.7	21.3	-.7	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	72.3	72.5	68.6	-.2	3.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	40.4	40.8	38.0	-.4	2.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	22.6	22.4	21.2	.2	1.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.0	28.1	27.7	-.1	.3
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.5	13.6	12.7	-.1	.8
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.4	6.6	7.0	-.2	-.6
Printing and Publishing	427005	27.9	27.6	27.0	.3	.9
Commercial Printing	427505	10.3	10.2	10.4	.1	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	18.3	18.4	17.7	-.1	.6
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.7	2.9	2.2	-.2	.5
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.7	19.6	19.8	.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,876.2	1,876.9	1,765.1	-.7	111.1
Mining	100005	7.9	8.0	7.4	-.1	.5
Contract Construction	200005	139.3	136.1	116.6	3.2	22.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	154.4	153.6	150.0	.8	4.4
Transportation	500015	92.0	91.2	88.9	.8	3.1
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.5	38.6	38.0	-.1	.5
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	23.9	23.7	23.1	.2	.8
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	598.0	590.6	549.0	7.4	49.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	182.9	180.7	168.7	2.2	14.2
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	113.4	111.4	104.1	2.0	9.3
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	69.5	69.4	64.6	.1	4.9
Retail Trade	652005	415.1	409.8	380.4	5.3	34.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	129.5	127.4	122.6	2.1	6.9
Finance	760025	57.8	56.4	53.6	1.4	4.2
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	43.7	43.5	42.9	.2	.8
Real Estate	765075	28.1	27.5	26.1	.6	2.0
Services	800005	428.6	424.2	398.9	4.4	29.7
Government	998008	418.5	437.2	420.6	-18.7	-2.1
Federal	998011	88.3	88.2	86.9	.1	1.4
State and Local	998509	330.1	349.0	333.6	-18.9	-3.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	397.9	402.6	379.7	-4.7	18.2
Durable Goods	300025	146.8	148.6	134.0	-1.8	12.8
Nondurable Goods	400015	251.0	254.0	245.7	-3.0	5.3
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	41.3	40.5	41.2	.8	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	84.9	87.7	84.3	-2.8	.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.0	19.2	20.3	-.2	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.0	3.0	2.7	.0	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	6.7	7.6	7.5	-.9	-.8
Floor Covering Mills	422705	24.8	25.1	22.6	-.3	2.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	17.5	18.2	18.0	-.7	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	61.0	62.0	57.9	-1.0	3.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.7	35.1	32.4	-.4	2.3
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.4	19.1	17.9	-.7	.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	26.9	26.6	24.7	.3	2.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.1	8.1	7.9	.0	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.6	21.8	21.1	-.2	.5
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.7	10.8	9.8	-.1	.9
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.6	10.8	10.1	-.2	.5
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.8	1.7	1.4	.1	.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	14.0	13.7	13.7	.3	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.1	11.3	10.5	-.2	.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.9	14.7	14.4	.2	.5
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	16.1	16.2	14.2	-.1	1.9
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.7	19.5	17.5	.2	2.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.5	27.8	21.3	-2.3	4.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$307.22	$312.23	$288.86	40.8	41.3	40.8	$ 7.53	$ 7.56	$ 7.08
Durable Goods	300025	350.70	361.67	325.56	42.0	42.3	40.9	8.35	8.55	7.96
Nondurable Goods	400015	281.20	282.58	269.28	40.0	40.6	40.8	7.03	6.96	6.60
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$288.86	$284.61	$264.80	40.8	40.6	39.7	$ 7.08	$ 7.01	$ 6.67
Textile Mill Products	422005	258.89	263.04	253.76	40.2	41.1	41.6	6.44	6.40	6.10
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	264.09	270.90	257.92	41.2	42.0	41.6	6.41	6.45	6.20
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	296.07	294.77	291.21	41.7	41.4	43.4	7.10	7.12	6.71
Knitting Mills	422505	220.20	226.69	187.56	37.9	39.7	36.0	5.81	5.71	5.21
Floor Covering Mills	422705	272.08	275.60	271.10	41.1	42.4	43.1	6.62	6.50	6.29
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	244.61	247.42	256.87	38.4	38.3	41.7	6.37	6.46	6.16
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	179.83	187.34	173.35	36.7	38.0	37.2	4.90	4.93	4.66
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	178.12	186.85	174.28	36.5	37.9	37.4	4.88	4.93	4.66
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	177.01	181.06	167.72	36.8	37.8	36.7	4.81	4.79	4.57
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	243.18	251.93	233.29	42.0	42.2	41.0	5.79	5.97	5.69
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	201.48	212.08	210.65	36.5	38.7	42.3	5.52	5.48	4.98
Paper and Allied Products	426005	510.92	512.20	467.04	44.7	44.5	45.3	11.43	11.51	10.31
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	589.16	592.85	529.45	46.1	46.1	46.2	12.78	12.86	11.46
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	398.85	384.88	401.69	43.4	43.1	43.9	9.19	8.93	9.15
Leather and Leather Products	431005	172.93	164.49	154.03	38.6	37.3	36.5	4.48	4.41	4.22
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	335.20	329.26	322.70	41.9	40.8	41.8	8.00	8.07	7.72
Primary Metal Industries	333005	418.08	390.25	367.03	39.0	38.6	40.2	10.72	10.11	9.13
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	338.43	349.65	306.06	43.5	45.0	40.7	7.78	7.77	7.52
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	412.48	371.76	326.23	48.3	44.1	39.4	8.54	8.43	8.28
Transportation Equipment	337005	512.94	568.41	513.69	41.2	44.2	41.9	12.45	12.86	12.26

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT GAIN PROVIDED BY NONMANUFACTURING

Atlanta area employment was estimated at 1,132,200 for July, up 3,000 over June. All major industry divisions gained except manufacturing, down 1,500 and government, off 2,900. Trade, the largest major industry division, gained 2,300 for the month with one-half of the increase occurring in wholesale durable goods.

Manufacturing employment declined 1,500 to an estimated 153,800. This drop was mainly due to the partial shutdown of one automobile assembly plant for retooling in connection with model changeover. Other industries in both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing experienced very minor fluctuations except for stone, clay, and glass products, up 200; food and kindred products, up 400; and paper and allied products, down 200.

Manufacturing was up 8,400 over the same month last year. Durable goods industries accounted for 7,600 of this increase with transportation equipment providing one-half of the total manufacturing gain for the year. Nondurable goods rose 800 during the year as chemicals contributed one-half of the gain in this sector of manufacturing.

Nonmanufacturing, at 978,500 for the current month, rose 4,700 over June. All three construction sectors, general building, heavy construction, and special trades contracting, shared in the gain of 1,000 in that division. Motor freight and air transportation accounted for most of the increase in transportation, communications, and public utilities. Trade rose 2,300 with moderate increases in wholesale trade, both durable and nondurable goods, and in retail trade. Wholesale durable goods provided sixty percent of the increment in trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate, up 1,100, registered gains by banks, credit agencies other than banks and personal credit, and real estate. Substantial increases in business services, amusement and recreational facilities, medical and health services, and miscellaneous services rose substantially raising the employment level of the service industry group by 2,100 over the previous month. Private education and membership organizations were the sole industries in the service group to decline. State and local education declines far exceeded the gains in state and local governments and accounted for a drop of 2,900 in government. The federal sector declined very slightly.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5855.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,132.2	1,129.2	1,061.1	3.0	71.1
Manufacturing	300005	153.8	155.3	145.4	-1.5	8.4
Durable Goods	300025	81.1	83.0	73.5	-1.9	7.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.1	4.1	3.8	.0	.3
Household Furniture	325105	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	8.6	8.4	7.9	.2	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.1	5.2	4.6	-.1	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	9.0	8.9	8.4	.1	.6
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.1	8.1	7.4	.0	.7
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	12.2	12.1	11.9	.1	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.4	27.6	21.2	-2.2	4.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.6	5.7	5.0	-.1	.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	72.7	72.4	71.9	.3	.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.5	19.1	19.4	.4	.1
Meat Products	420105	5.5	5.3	5.3	.2	.2
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.4	.0	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.3	9.3	9.0	.0	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.9	3.8	3.7	.1	.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.2	3.2	3.0	.0	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.0	8.2	8.2	-.2	-.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.1	4.2	4.2	-.1	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	17.2	17.2	17.0	.0	.2
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.4	7.3	.1	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	8.1	8.1	7.7	.0	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.5	6.4	6.4	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	978.5	973.8	915.7	4.7	62.8
Contract Construction	200005	61.0	60.0	53.3	1.0	7.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	96.8	95.7	93.4	1.1	3.4
Transportation	500015	62.3	61.5	59.7	.8	2.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	322.9	320.6	298.9	2.3	24.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	118.2	116.8	111.7	1.4	6.5
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	78.8	77.6	75.2	1.2	3.6
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	39.4	39.2	36.6	.2	2.8
Retail Trade	652005	204.6	203.8	187.2	.8	17.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	78.0	76.9	76.1	1.1	1.9
Finance	760025	32.0	31.2	29.4	.8	2.6
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	28.3	28.2	28.1	.1	.2
Services	100055	255.4	253.3	233.2	2.1	22.2
Government	998008	164.5	167.4	160.9	-2.9	3.6
Federal	998011	34.4	34.5	34.3	-.1	.1
State and Local	998509	130.1	132.9	126.6	-2.8	3.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	108.3	107.8	99.7	.5	8.6
Durable Goods	300025	61.4	60.3	52.5	1.1	8.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.9	47.5	47.2	-.6	-.3
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.4	11.9	12.3	-.5	-.9
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.3	3.5	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.0	7.2	7.1	-.2	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.3	2.4	2.2	-.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.2	2.3	2.3	-.1	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.1	3.0	.1	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.9	6.0	6.1	-.1	-.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.7	2.9	2.9	-.2	-.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.4	4.4	3.9	.0	.5
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.0	6.8	6.4	.2	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.3	3.4	2.8	-.1	.5
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.7	5.6	5.3	.1	.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.9	5.9	5.5	.0	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	15.8	18.1	12.7	-2.3	3.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$358.39	$367.93	$339.39	41.1	40.7	40.5	$ 8.72	$ 9.04	$ 8.38
Durable Goods	300025	381.10	407.54	369.55	40.2	41.0	40.3	9.48	9.94	9.17
Nondurable Goods	400015	329.87	317.16	306.06	42.4	40.3	40.7	7.78	7.87	7.52
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$331.32	$301.39	$306.91	45.2	39.5	41.7	$ 7.33	$ 7.63	$ 7.36
Textile Mill Products	422005	245.74	247.38	230.08	41.3	42.0	39.6	5.95	5.89	5.81
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	180.64	177.56	172.67	36.2	35.3	36.2	4.99	5.03	4.77
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	174.94	170.47	155.24	35.2	34.3	33.1	4.97	4.97	4.69
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	172.89	181.92	200.74	34.1	35.6	40.8	5.07	5.11	4.92
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	228.34	233.25	225.61	38.9	39.4	39.1	5.87	5.92	5.77
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	226.72	244.95	229.38	34.3	39.7	42.4	6.61	6.17	5.41
Paper and Allied Products	426005	428.26	423.90	401.80	46.0	45.0	44.3	9.31	9.42	9.07
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	421.16	436.16	381.38	44.9	46.4	42.9	9.38	9.40	8.89
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	413.60	395.11	400.01	44.0	42.9	44.2	9.40	9.21	9.05
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	341.74	331.27	333.56	42.4	41.1	41.8	8.06	8.06	7.98
Primary Metal Industries	333005	565.52	537.43	493.58	41.4	40.9	41.2	13.66	13.14	11.98
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	385.63	357.01	351.95	41.6	39.8	40.5	9.27	8.97	8.69
Transportation Equipment	337005	553.48	600.06	549.02	40.4	42.8	39.9	13.70	14.02	13.76

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at an estimated 45,200, rose 100 from the previous month's level. An annual gain of 1,300 reflected increased employment in both the manufacturing and nonmanufacturing divisions.

Manufacturing, at 11,100, gained 300 over the month. Most of the increment was in nondurable goods as a result of expansions by two major employers in the area. Less significant gains were also reported in the metals and machinery industry. The substantial over-the-year gain, estimated at 800, occurred primarily in the "other nondurable goods" segment. This category includes establishments engaged in the manufacture of rubber, plastic, paper and paperboard products. An annual gain of 200 was estimated in metals and machinery while "other durable goods," a segment consisting primarily of building products manufacturers, lost 200.

Contract construction, at 1,800, was unchanged over the month and declined 100 for the year. The loss was in the building construction portion of the industry. Special trades contracting showed a gain during the year.

Transportation, communications, and public utilities lost 100 during the month. Small decrements at several trucking and warehousing firms occasioned the decline.

Trade, at 11,100, declined 100 for the month, but rose 700 during the year. Most of the gains were in the retail sector with more employment reported by restaurants, automobile dealerships, and miscellaneous retail stores. Finance, insurance, and real estate remained at previous month levels.

Services, at 6,100, were unchanged over the month and reported minor declines for the year in health and miscellaneous services. Government, at 10,600, declined 100 over the month and was unchanged for the year. The month's decline was in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	45.2	45.1	43.9	.1	1.3
Manufacturing	300005	11.1	10.8	10.3	.3	.8
Durable Goods	300025	2.0	1.9	2.0	.1	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.7	.7	.9	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.1	8.9	8.4	.2	.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.4	2.5	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.8	4.6	4.1	.2	.7
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.1	34.3	33.6	-.2	.5
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.3	2.4	2.4	-.1	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	11.1	11.2	10.4	-.1	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.1	8.2	7.5	-.1	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	6.1	6.1	6.2	.0	-.1
Government	998008	10.6	10.7	10.6	-.1	.0
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	7.7	7.8	7.7	-.1	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	54.5	56.0	53.3	-1.5	1.2
Manufacturing	300005	14.7	14.8	14.1	-.1	.6
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	5.0	4.6	.0	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.5	2.3	-.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.6	2.5	2.4	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.7	9.8	9.5	-.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.6	2.8	-.1	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.5	3.6	3.2	-.1	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	39.8	41.2	39.2	-1.4	.6
Contract Construction	200005	2.1	2.0	1.8	.1	.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.6	10.6	10.5	.0	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	8.4	8.4	8.5	.0	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.6	7.5	7.2	.1	.4
Government	998008	16.3	17.8	16.5	-1.5	-.2
Federal	998011	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	14.2	15.7	14.4	-1.5	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Augusta area rose to 127,000, reflecting an increase of 200 jobs over the month and 2,600 over the year. The monthly increment was attributable to more business in manufacturing. Over the year, construction dropped 100 and transportation and utilities remained unchanged. All other major divisions recorded gains.

Manufacturing, at 33,400, rose 400 over the month and 500 over the year. The monthly rise was caused by more activity in nondurable goods, while the annual increase resulted from more business in durable goods.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,400, climbed 100 over the month with more activity among nonmetallic mineral products. This segment recorded a gain of 400 over the year with scattered increments. Metals and machinery, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year partly because of more business in machine tools. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year with scattered increments.

Food and kindred products, at 2,700, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year with scattered declines. Textile mill products, at 6,100, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year because of less business in broadwoven goods. Apparel, at 2,000, remained unchanged over the month,

(Continued on the following page)

but climbed 100 over the year with scattered increments. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,200, rose 100 over the month because of more activity in chemicals and paper. This division dropped 100 over the year.

Construction, at 7,000, lost 100 over the month and over the year with less activity in building construction. Transportation and public utilities lost 100 over the month with scattered declines. This division was essentially unchanged over the year. Trade, at 24,900, gained 100 over the month because of more activity among retail firms. This division registered an increase of 900 jobs over the year due to the opening of new establishments. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,800, climbed 100 over the month and over the year as a result of more activity among financial establishments. Services and mining, at 20,300, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 600 over the year with the opening of new firms.

Government, at 32,300, dropped 100 over the month as more nonteaching personnel were laid off from the public school systems in the area. This division rose 700 over the year because of more activity in the state and local sector.

Outlook: Employment will likely increase moderately through the remainder of this calendar year unless interest rates climb higher. Retail trade will probably experience considerable expansion in employment during the fall season.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	127.0	126.8	124.4	.2	2.6
Manufacturing	300005	33.4	33.0	32.9	.4	.5
Durable Goods	300025	9.1	9.0	8.4	.1	.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.4	3.3	3.0	.1	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.3	24.0	24.6	.3	-.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.7	2.9	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.1	6.1	6.3	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.2	12.1	12.3	.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	93.6	93.8	91.4	-.2	2.2
Contract Construction	200005	7.0	7.1	7.1	-.1	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	4.3	4.2	-.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.9	24.8	24.0	.1	.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.9	4.0	3.8	-.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.9	20.8	20.2	.1	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.8	4.7	4.7	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	20.3	20.3	19.7	.0	.6
Government	998008	32.3	32.4	31.6	-.1	.7
Federal	998011	8.2	8.2	8.2	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	24.1	24.2	23.4	-.1	.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 85,600, increased 900 from the June estimate of 84,700. The gain was primarily due to increases in nonmanufacturing, as manufacturing contributed only 200 toward the growth. The level of employment was up 3,100 from twelve months ago as manufacturing employment rose 1,200 and nonmanufacturing employment increased 1,900.

Manufacturing employment totalled 21,500, a net increase of 200 from the June estimate. Gains were noted in food and kindred products and in textile mill products. A loss of 100 was noted in "other durable goods." Annually, manufacturing employment rose 1,200 as metals and machinery increased 500, textile mill products gained 300, apparel and other finished textile products rose 200, and "other durable goods" increased 100.

Nonmanufacturing, with 64,100 workers employed during July, rose 800 from the previous month and increased 1,900 from one year ago. Increments from last month occurred in contract construction, trade, service and miscellaneous, and government. Annually, nonmanufacturing employment surged upward by 1,900 workers. Most of the increment took place in trade, which gained 1,600. Contract construction rose 800; service and miscellaneous and federal government gained 400 each; and finance, insurance, and real estate rose 200. All of the increases reflected results of economic improvements.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	85.6	84.7	82.5	.9	3.1
Manufacturing	300005	21.5	21.3	20.3	.2	1.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.3	4.6	.0	.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.6	3.1	.0	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	.6	.7	.5	-.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	16.3	16.0	15.7	.3	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.8	3.9	.1	.0
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.9	8.8	8.6	.1	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	64.1	63.3	62.2	.8	1.9
Contract Construction	200005	5.1	4.9	4.3	.2	.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	18.4	17.9	16.8	.5	1.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	15.6	15.2	14.2	.4	1.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.7	5.7	5.5	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	12.3	12.2	11.9	.1	.4
Government	998008	19.5	19.6	20.5	-.1	-1.0
Federal	998011	6.9	6.8	6.5	.1	.4
State and Local	998509	12.6	12.8	14.1	-.2	-1.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 103,100 in July. The current estimate is down 400 from June and up 2,100 from July 1983. During the month, manufacturing dropped 400 with losses in both durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing declined 100 with decreases in trade and government being partially offset by gains in construction and finance, insurance, and real estate. Annually, manufacturing gained 200 with most of the increase in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing advanced 1,800 with most of the rise in trade and government.

Manufacturing, at 16,600, was down 400 from last month and up 200 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods dropped 100 with small losses in lumber and wood products and "other durable goods." Less employment at a manufacturer of miscellaneous metal products accounted for most of the decline. Nondurable goods fell 200 with a gain in food partially offsetting a decrease in apparel. The loss in apparel was due to the closing of a jeans manufacturing plant. Annually, durable goods was unchanged with a loss in stone, clay, and glass being offset by a gain in nonelectrical machinery. Nondurable goods added 300 with a gain in food being partially offset by declines in apparel, paper, and "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing, at 86,400, was down 100 from June and up 1,800 from July 1983. During the month, construction added 100 with most of the gain in special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities was unchanged and trade declined 200 with most of the decrease in retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate rose 100 while services remained unchanged. Government fell 100 with most of the drop in the state and local segment. Annually, construction increased 200, and transportation and public utilities declined 100. Trade climbed 600 with gains in wholesale and retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate was unchanged, and services rose 200. Government advanced 800 with most of the increase in the federal segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	103.1	103.5	101.0	-.4	2.1
Manufacturing	300005	16.6	17.0	16.4	-.4	.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.4	5.3	-.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.6	.5	-.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.4	3.3	-.1	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.4	11.6	11.1	-.2	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.0	2.7	2.4	.3	.6
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.6	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.5	1.9	1.7	-.4	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.9	2.9	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	86.4	86.5	84.6	-.1	1.8
Contract Construction	200005	4.7	4.6	4.5	.1	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.9	22.1	21.3	-.2	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.7	17.9	17.3	-.2	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.4	6.3	6.4	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	18.4	18.4	18.2	.0	.2
Government	998008	30.7	30.8	29.9	-.1	.8
Federal	948011	17.6	17.6	17.0	.0	.6
State and Local	998509	13.1	13.2	13.0	-.1	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	91.5	92.5	89.1	-1.0	2.4
Manufacturing	300005	16.6	16.9	15.3	-.3	1.3
Durable Goods	300025	7.4	7.6	7.1	-.2	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.9	4.1	3.8	-.2	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.1	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.2	9.2	8.3	.0	.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.1	2.0	1.9	.1	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.3	4.3	3.7	.0	.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.9	.9	.7	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	74.8	75.5	73.7	-.8	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	5.7	5.5	4.9	.2	.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.6	10.0	10.5	-.4	-.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.0	21.7	21.4	.3	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.2	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.7	17.4	17.2	.3	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.3	4.3	4.1	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.7	18.0	17.3	-.3	.4
Government	998008	15.5	16.1	15.5	-.6	.0
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	12.9	13.5	12.9	-.6	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined 1,000 over the month. Over the year, employment increased 2,400.

Manufacturing declined 300 over the month, but increased 1,300 over the year. The only significant loss occurred in the transportation equipment sector, and this is seasonal in nature.

Nonmanufacturing employment declined 800 over the month and increased 1,100 over the year. Contract construction increased 200 over the month and 800 over the year. Building construction experienced a slight decline. Heavy construction and the special trades recorded gains. Transportation and public utilities declined an 400 over the month and 900 over the year. Motor freight transportation declined 100 from last month and 300 from July 1983. Marine cargo handling declined 300 over the month and 400 over the year. This particular sector moves up and down throughout the year, oftentimes without any apparent reason. However, it does have an effect on motor freight transportation and rail transportation.

Wholesale and retail trade continues to increase as the overall economy steadily improves. Over-the-year growth in employment was 600.

Services and mining declined 300 from June. The largest drop occurred in membership organizations, and there were small losses in several other segments. From July 1984, employment rose 400. Hotels and motels rose 100 over

(Continued on the following page)

the year as the result of recent increases in the number of new motels.

The hospital sector is down an estimated 100 over the year, but other medical services rose 200 over the year. Miscellaneous repair services also increased by a similar number.

Local government dropped 100 over the year. Although both state and local education are down on a seasonal basis, September will see a return to normal and possibly a small increase.

Overall employment in the Savannah SMSA remained fairly stable. Two setbacks occurred in the manufacturing sector over the past few months which will affect the manufacturing sector. Kaiser Agricultural Products furloughed approximately 40-50 people. Tuctile Iron Company of America announced that in September it will close down, affecting 190 people.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.2	11.8	10.4	-.6	.8
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	5.7	5.2	-.7	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.1	6.1	5.2	.0	.9
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	1.0	.9	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.1	3.1	2.5	.0	.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.6	3.2	3.3	-.6	-.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 84	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 83
Total Manufacturing	300005	$435.69	$434.40	$394.90	43.7	44.6	43.3	$ 9.97	$ 9.74	$ 9.12
Durable Goods	300025	367.13	367.11	374.07	40.3	42.1	43.7	9.11	8.72	8.56
Nondurable Goods	400015	491.97	497.73	415.16	46.5	47.0	42.9	10.58	10.59	9.70
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$286.14	$294.31	$284.20	42.9	45.7	45.4	$ 6.67	$ 6.44	$ 6.26
Paper and Allied Products	426005	609.84	627.09	472.61	50.4	50.9	43.2	12.10	12.32	10.94
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	369.88	375.80	361.47	41.7	42.9	41.5	8.87	8.76	8.71
Transportation Equipment	337005	435.42	421.71	403.77	41.0	43.7	43.0	10.62	9.65	9.39

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

Cost $310.33
Quantity 1,350

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JULY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983	REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,049	137,165	136,513	-116	536
Employed	127,612	127,534	123,648	78	3,964
Unemployed	9,437	9,631	12,865	-194	-3,428
Rate	6.9	7.0	9.4	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,733	91,748	92,021	-15	-288
Employed	85,702	85,530	84,347	172	1,355
Unemployed	6,031	6,218	7,674	-187	-1,643
Rate	6.6	6.8	8.3	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,316	45,417	44,492	-101	824
Employed	41,910	42,004	39,301	-94	2,609
Unemployed	3,406	3,413	5,191	-7	-1,785
Rate	7.5	7.5	11.7	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JULY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983	REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	93,460	94,039	90,454	-579	3,006
Employed	86,055	85,171	82,841	884	3,214
Unemployed	7,405	8,868	7,613	-1,463	-208
Rate	7.9	9.4	8.4	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	73,739	73,676	71,867	63	1,872
Employed	69,007	68,276	66,624	731	2,383
Unemployed	4,732	5,400	5,243	-668	-511
Rate	6.4	7.3	7.3	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	19,721	20,363	18,587	-642	1,134
Employed	17,048	16,895	16,217	153	831
Unemployed	2,673	3,468	2,370	-795	303
Rate	13.6	17.0	12.8	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY JULY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	113,938,000	113,877,000	113,489,000	61,000	449,000
Employed	105,395,000	105,748,000	102,889,000	-353,000	2,506,000
Unemployed	8,543,000	8,130,000	10,600,000	413,000	-2,057,000
Rate	7.5	7.1	9.3	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Civilian Labor Force	116,198,000	115,393,000	113,980,000	805,000	2,218,000
Employed	107,484,000	106,812,000	103,273,000	672,000	4,211,000
Unemployed	8,714,000	8,582,000	10,707,000	132,000	-1,993,000
Rate	7.5	7.4	9.4	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,818,175	2,816,662	2,710,655	1,513	107,520
Employed	2,637,535	2,643,130	2,501,887	-5,595	135,648
Unemployed	180,640	173,532	208,768	7,108	-28,128
Rate	6.4	6.2	7.7	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	54,181	53,754	53,037	427	1,144
Employed	49,129	49,133	47,747	-4	1,382
Unemployed	5,052	4,621	5,290	431	-238
Rate	9.3	8.6	10.0	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,011	67,530	65,583	-1,519	428
Employed	62,250	63,931	61,170	-1,681	1,080
Unemployed	3,761	3,599	4,413	162	-652
Rate	5.7	5.3	6.7	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,188,656	1,189,152	1,134,810	-496	53,846
Employed	1,130,965	1,128,029	1,063,978	2,936	66,987
Unemployed	57,691	61,123	70,832	-3,432	-13,141
Rate	4.9	5.1	6.2	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,049	137,165	136,513	-116	536
Employed	127,612	127,534	123,648	78	3,964
Unemployed	9,437	9,631	12,865	-194	-3,428
Rate	6.9	7.0	9.4	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	93,460	94,039	90,454	-579	3,006
Employed	86,055	85,171	82,841	884	3,214
Unemployed	7,405	8,868	7,613	-1,463	-208
Rate	7.9	9.4	8.4	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	110,504	111,131	110,217	-627	287
Employed	102,829	103,283	101,256	-454	1,573
Unemployed	7,675	7,848	8,961	-173	-1,286
Rate	6.9	7.1	8.1	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,892	100,434	99,366	-542	526
Employed	92,152	93,165	90,113	-1,013	2,039
Unemployed	7,740	7,269	9,253	471	-1,513
Rate	7.7	7.2	9.3	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JULY 1984	REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED JUNE 1984	REVISED JULY 1983
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,818,175	2,816,662	2,710,655	1,513	107,520
Employed	2,637,535	2,643,130	2,501,887	-5,595	135,648
Unemployed	180,640	173,532	208,768	7,108	-28,128
Rate	6.4	6.2	7.7	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,731,930	1,734,099	1,672,387	-2,169	59,543
Employed	1,636,040	1,634,968	1,557,278	1,072	78,762
Unemployed	95,890	99,131	115,109	-3,241	-19,219
Rate	5.5	5.7	6.9	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,086,245	1,082,563	1,038,268	3,682	47,977
Employed	1,001,495	1,008,162	944,609	-6,667	56,886
Unemployed	84,750	74,401	93,659	10,349	-8,909
Rate	7.8	6.9	9.0	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, some nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

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ATHENS
ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
UMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

JOE D. TANNER, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **VOLUME X, NUMBER 8** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(August 1984 Data)

WORKSHOPS SCHEDULED FOR CAREER COUNSELORS

The Georgia Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (GOICC) has received a grant from the National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (NOICC) to conduct a series of Improved Career Decision-Making (ICDM) workshops in Georgia. NOICC, the Employment and Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, and the Department of Defense are cooperating in making this training available to career counselors. By familiarizing them with the myriad sources of labor market information and helping them to interpret it, they can help clients make better informed career decisions.

A training team composed of two counselor educators from the Georgia Department of Education, two staff members from the Georgia Career Information System, a labor market analyst from the Georgia Department of Labor, and the director of GOICC will conduct the workshops at several sites around the state. A tentative schedule has been established calling for one workshop in Atlanta on October 15 and 16, another in Columbus on November 1 and 2, and a third in Savannah on November 14 and 15. The third workshop will be held in conjunction with the fall conference of the Georgia School Counselors Association. Enrollments will be limited to 40 per seminar, and if enough requests are received, a fourth workshop will be scheduled for November 29 and 30, probably in Atlanta.

The curriculum for the ICDM program was developed by North Texas State University's Institute for Applied Economics. The Georgia training team will supplement the training materials with labor market information applicable to Georgia and will adapt the curriculum to reflect the labor market conditions in this state and needs of workshop participants.

The two-day course will explore labor market concepts, introduce a wide variety of national, state, and local labor market information, and relate it to career counseling. Trainees will view videotaped case studies and participate in exercises designed to give them practical experience in the use of labor market information in career counseling.

Evaluations of the ICDM program in other states have shown it to have substantial positive impact, both in terms of increased knowledge and awareness of labor market information and its use by counselors trained in the program.

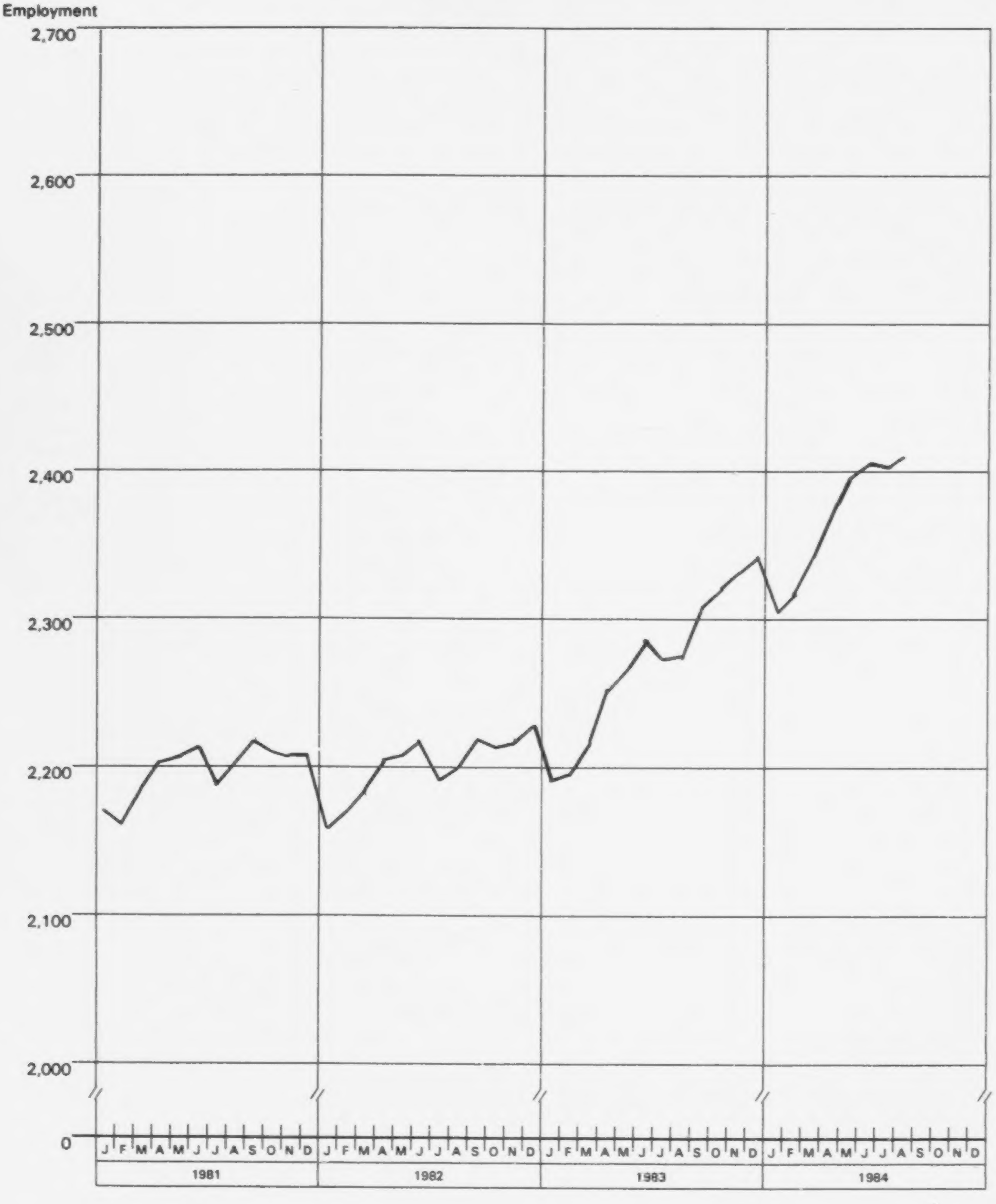
The Georgia training team have themselves attended a training-for-trainers seminar, which was conducted by the staff of the Washington Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (WOICC) in Boston July 11-13. During that time, trainers were familiarized with the text of the course, the trainer's guide, and supplementary training materials.

From 1981 to 1984, 42 states and five territories received competitive grants of up to $30,000 each to help defray the cost of conducting ICDM workshops. A portion of the money has been allocated for the development and distribution of state and local labor market information which may be useful to counselors. An additional five states conducted the workshops without grant funding. This is the final year of the ICDM competitive grants program. **—Joyce Morris**

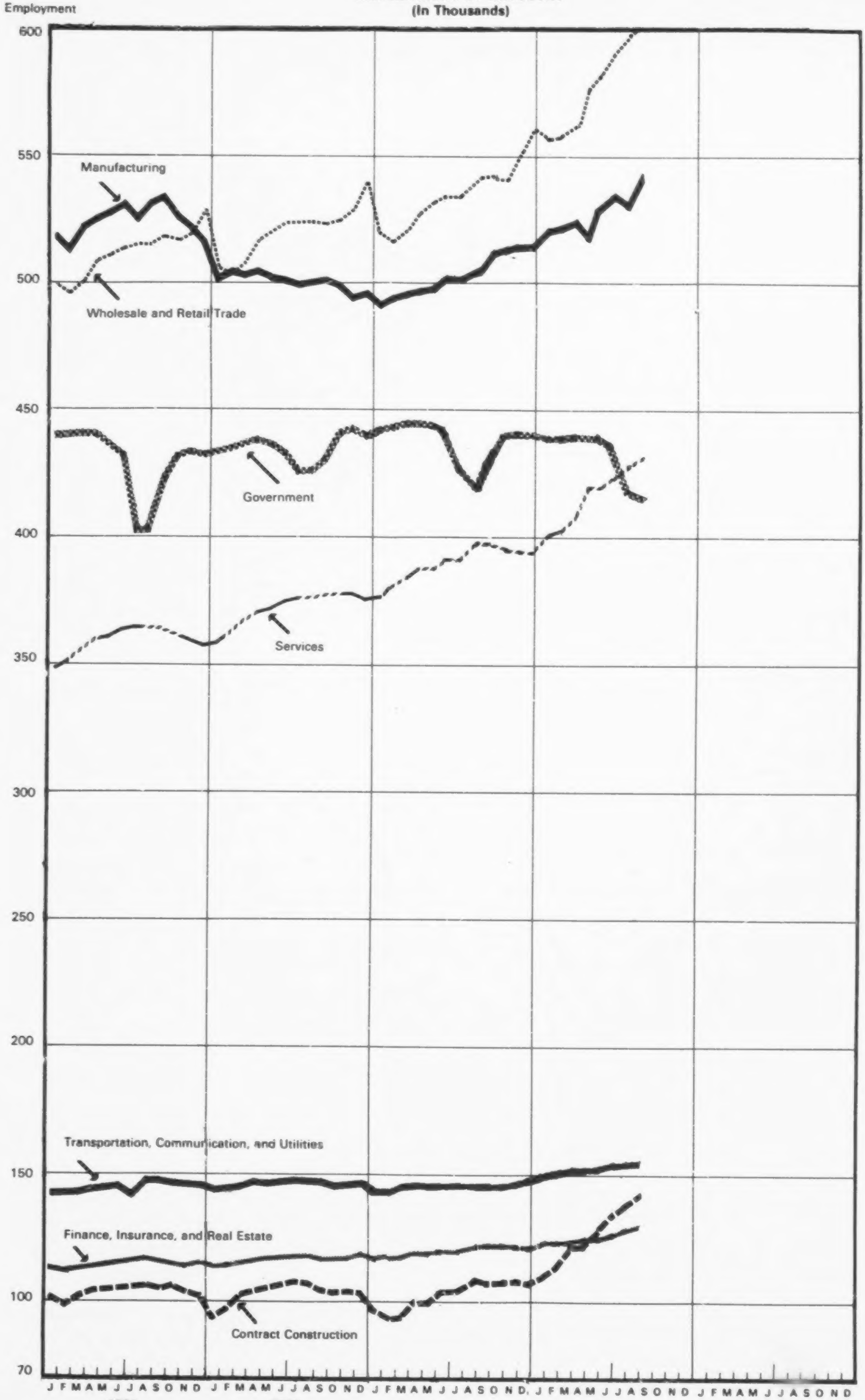
Principal Statistical Analyst
(404) 656-3177

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**2,427.2**	**2,407.5**	**2,275.4**	**19.7**	**151.8**
Manufacturing	300005	540.9	532.1	513.0	8.8	27.9
Durable goods	300025	207.2	200.4	183.2	6.8	24.0
Lumber and wood products	324005	35.9	33.8	31.4	2.1	4.5
Logging camps, sawmills, and planing mills	324195	15.4	15.3	14.6	.1	.8
Furniture and fixtures	325005	10.2	10.0	9.8	.2	.4
Household furniture	325105	6.2	6.2	6.0	.0	.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	18.2	17.9	17.5	.3	.7
Primary metal industries	333005	15.8	15.7	12.5	.1	3.3
Fabricated metal products	334005	20.7	20.3	19.8	.4	.9
Machinery, except electrical	335005	22.9	22.8	20.6	.1	2.3
Electric and electronic equipment	336005	28.2	27.6	25.2	.6	3.0
Transportation equipment	337005	42.5	39.7	34.6	2.8	7.9
Other durable goods	399915	12.8	12.7	11.9	.1	.9
Nondurable goods	400015	333.6	331.7	329.7	1.9	3.9
Food and kindred products	420005	58.0	58.5	60.0	-.5	-2.0
Meat products	420105	20.2	20.5	21.0	-.3	-.8
Poultry dressing and poultry processing	420185	15.6	15.6	15.7	.0	-.1
Dairy products	420205	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Bakery products	420505	9.4	9.7	9.5	-.3	-.1
Textile mill products	422005	106.4	104.9	104.8	1.5	1.6
Weaving mills, cotton	422105	22.8	23.0	23.1	-.2	-.3
Weaving mills, synthetic	422205	3.5	3.5	3.3	.0	.2
Knitting mills	422505	8.4	8.3	9.2	.1	-.8
Floor covering mills	422705	31.6	31.2	29.4	.4	2.2
Yarn and thread mills	422805	21.7	21.0	21.6	.7	.1
Apparel and other textile products	423005	72.7	72.4	70.0	.3	2.7
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	40.0	40.4	38.6	-.4	1.4
Women's and children's clothing	423335	23.2	22.6	21.6	.6	1.6
Paper and allied products	426005	27.9	27.9	28.2	.0	-.3
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	426135	13.5	13.6	13.2	-.1	.3
Paperboard containers and boxes	426505	6.4	6.4	7.0	.0	-.6
Printing and publishing	427005	27.8	27.9	27.0	-.1	.8
Commercial printing	427505	10.3	10.3	10.4	.0	-.1
Chemicals and allied products	428005	18.3	18.3	17.8	.0	.5
Agricultural chemicals	428705	2.6	2.7	2.2	-.1	.4
Leather and leather products	431005	2.3	2.1	2.0	.2	.3
Other nondurable goods	499915	20.3	19.7	20.0	.6	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,886.4	1,875.4	1,762.5	11.0	123.9
Mining	100005	8.0	7.9	7.4	.1	.6
Contract construction	200005	142.5	139.9	116.8	2.6	25.7
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	155.1	154.3	139.8	.8	15.3
Transportation	500015	92.8	92.0	89.5	.8	3.3
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.5	38.4	27.1	.1	11.4
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	549005	23.8	23.9	23.2	-.1	.6
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	602.6	598.9	553.0	3.7	49.6
Wholesale trade	650005	184.3	182.9	170.0	1.4	14.3
Wholesale trade—durable	650015	114.5	113.4	104.8	1.1	9.7
Wholesale trade—nondurable	651005	69.7	69.5	65.2	.2	4.5
Retail trade	652005	418.3	416.0	383.0	2.3	35.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	130.0	129.4	122.8	.6	7.2
Finance	760025	57.7	57.6	53.9	.1	3.8
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	763045	44.0	43.7	43.0	.3	1.0
Real estate	765075	28.2	28.1	25.9	.1	2.3
Services	800005	431.2	428.1	400.9	3.1	30.3
Government	998008	417.0	416.8	421.9	.2	-4.9
Federal	998011	88.1	88.3	86.9	-.2	1.2
State and local	998509	328.9	328.5	335.0	.4	-6.1

NOTE: *These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.*

NOTE: *Totals may not add because of rounding.*

SOURCE: *Georgia Department of Labor.*

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total manufacturing	**300005**	**404.8**	**398.5**	**386.0**	**6.3**	**18.8**
Durable goods	300025	151.0	146.6	133.9	4.4	17.1
Nondurable goods	400015	253.8	251.9	252.1	1.9	1.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES						
Food and kindred products	420005	41.0	41.4	42.9	-.4	-1.9
Textile mill products	422005	89.8	85.9	86.9	3.9	2.9
Weaving mills, cotton	422105	19.9	20.0	20.7	-.1	-.8
Weaving mills, synthetic	422205	3.0	3.0	2.8	-.0	.2
Knitting mills	422505	6.8	6.7	7.5	.1	-.7
Floor covering mills	422705	25.1	24.8	23.5	.3	1.6
Yarn and thread mills	422805	18.2	17.5	18.3	.7	-.1
Apparel and other textile products	423005	61.2	61.0	59.3	.2	1.9
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	34.5	34.7	33.0	-.2	1.5
Women's and children's clothing	423335	18.8	18.4	18.2	.4	.6
Lumber and wood products	324005	26.9	26.9	24.9	.0	2.0
Furniture and fixtures	325005	8.4	8.1	7.9	.3	.5
Paper and allied products	426005	21.5	21.5	21.6	.0	-.1
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	426135	10.7	10.7	10.2	.0	.5
Chemicals and allied products	428005	10.6	10.6	10.2	.0	.4
Leather and leather products	431005	1.9	1.8	1.4	.1	.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	14.3	13.9	13.7	.4	.6
Primary metal industries	333005	11.3	11.1	9.3	.2	2.0
Fabricated metal products	334005	15.3	14.8	14.5	.5	.8
Machinery, except electrical	335005	15.8	15.9	14.3	-.1	1.5
Electric and electronic equipment	336005	20.2	19.8	17.7	.4	2.5
Transportation equipment	337005	28.1	25.4	21.7	2.7	6.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH AUG.1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983
Total manufacturing	**300005**	**$313.47**	**$308.04**	**$290.05**	**41.3**	**40.8**	**41.2**	**$ 7.59**	**$ 7.55**	**$ 7.04**
Durable goods	300025	361.25	353.22	326.04	42.6	41.9	41.8	8.48	8.43	7.80
Nondurable goods	400015	285.12	282.20	270.50	40.5	40.2	40.8	7.04	7.02	6.63
SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Food and kindred products	420005	279.20	287.85	260.68	40.0	40.6	39.2	6.98	7.09	6.65
Textile mill products	422005	270.34	260.34	257.61	41.4	40.3	42.3	6.53	6.46	6.09
Weaving mills, cotton	422105	272.58	264.09	253.79	42.0	41.2	41.0	6.49	6.41	6.19
Weaving mills, synthetic	422205	296.94	296.07	290.11	42.0	41.7	42.6	7.07	7.10	6.81
Knitting mills	422505	209.24	220.20	213.30	36.2	37.9	39.5	5.78	5.81	5.40
Floor covering mills	422705	298.15	270.44	276.52	44.7	41.1	44.6	6.67	6.58	6.20
Yarn and thread mills	422805	260.91	249.87	253.58	39.0	38.5	40.9	6.69	6.49	6.20
Apparel and other textile products	423005	180.20	180.07	177.00	36.7	36.9	37.5	4.91	4.88	4.72
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	177.87	178.85	176.06	36.3	36.8	37.3	4.90	4.86	4.72
Women's and children's clothing	423335	176.86	177.01	173.07	37.0	36.8	37.3	4.78	4.81	4.64
Lumber and wood products	324005	247.19	243.02	235.04	42.4	41.9	41.6	5.83	5.80	5.65
Furniture and fixtures	325005	203.61	200.20	226.46	33.0	32.5	41.4	6.17	6.16	5.47
Paper and allied products	426005	522.96	520.95	482.27	45.2	45.3	45.8	11.57	11.50	10.53
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	426135	608.22	602.21	556.04	45.8	45.9	48.1	13.28	13.12	11.56
Chemicals and allied products	428005	383.72	399.28	389.48	42.4	43.4	42.8	9.05	9.20	9.10
Leather and leather products	431005	171.95	172.93	154.29	37.3	38.6	37.0	4.61	4.48	4.17
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	342.59	335.24	338.95	42.4	41.8	43.4	8.08	8.02	7.81
Primary metal industries	333005	408.06	418.47	360.82	38.9	39.0	42.3	10.49	10.73	8.53
Fabricated metal products	334005	348.83	348.04	315.55	44.1	44.0	42.7	7.91	7.91	7.39
Machinery, except electrical	335005	339.82	311.36	310.57	43.4	40.7	41.8	7.83	7.65	7.43
Electric and electronic equipment	336005	408.11	406.19	356.69	48.7	47.9	44.2	8.38	8.48	8.07
Transportation equipment	337005	535.10	523.75	460.94	42.3	41.7	38.8	12.65	12.56	11.88

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S AUGUST EMPLOYMENT UP 7,500

The Atlanta area nonfarm employment, estimated at 1,138,600 for August, rose 7,500 from July. Both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing registered moderate gains. The manufacturing increment was primarily confined to transportation equipment production, while the increase in nonmanufacturing was general.

Manufacturing rose 2,300 for the month. Transportation equipment in the durable goods sector provided the increase because of the return to normal operations by one automobile assembly plant following a shutdown for retooling for model change. Fluctuations among other industries in the durable group were modest and offsetting. Nonelectrical machinery declined 400, mainly due to a partial shutdown for model change in a plant engaged in building lawn and garden equipment. Stone, clay, and glass and "other durable goods" gained 200 each. The nondurable goods industries recorded a slight downturn as food and kindred products declined 300 because of a temporary partial shutdown of one plant engaged in producing frozen food specialties.

For the month, nonmanufacturing was up 5,200. The increase was spread among all major industry divisions except transportation, communications, and public utilities. General building, heavy construction, and special trade contracting contributed to the 1,100 increase in contract construction. The 1,800 gain in trade was provided by the wholesale and retail sectors. Food stores and eating and drinking establishments accounted for 60 percent of the increase in retail trade. Modest gains were reported by building supply dealers, apparel and accessories shops, and miscellaneous retail stores. Finance, insurance, and real estate registered a slight upturn of 100. Small gains by banks, personal credit institutions, and real estate firms were partially offset by losses in credit agencies, except banks and personal credit institutions, and insurance firms. The service industry group rose 1,500 with moderate increases by firms engaged in business services, medical and health services, private education, and miscellaneous business services. These gains were partially reduced by slight losses in recreational and amusement facilities and membership organizations. The remaining industries in the service group experienced minor fluctuations with the majority on the upside. State education and local government accounted for the rise in government.

From the same month last year, manufacturing was up 11,600. All the increase was in durable goods, with more than one-half attributed to the transportation equipment industry. This was primarily due to the shutdown of two automobile assembly plants last year which are currently operating normally. One plant was closed indefinitely in 1982 and the other one was temporarily engaged in model changeover. The gain of 3,300 in primary metals for the current month as compared to a year ago occurred because a labor dispute was in effect at one large plant last year, accounting for a large portion of this year's increase.

Nonmanufacturing rose 70,200 for the year. All major industry divisions experienced substantial increases. Trade and services contributed two-thirds of the total gain. The 10,000 employment increase in transportation, communications, and public utilities was chiefly the result of normal operations in the communications industry, whereas the communications workers were involved in a labor dispute the same month last year.

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ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**1,138.6**	**1,131.1**	**1,056.7**	**7.5**	**81.9**
Manufacturing	300005	155.8	153.5	144.2	2.3	11.6
Durable goods	300025	83.3	81.0	71.7	2.3	11.6
Lumber and wood products	324005	2.9	2.9	3.1	.0	-.2
Furniture and fixtures	325005	4.0	4.0	3.9	.0	.1
Household furniture	325105	1.9	2.0	1.9	-.1	.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	8.8	8.6	8.0	.2	.8
Primary metal industries	333005	5.3	5.2	2.0	.1	3.3
Fabricated metal products	334005	9.0	9.0	8.5	.0	.5
Machinery, except electrical	335005	7.7	8.1	7.7	-.4	.0
Electric and electronic equipment	336005	12.3	12.2	11.9	.1	.4
Transportation equipment	337005	27.6	25.4	21.4	2.2	6.2
Other durable goods	399915	5.8	5.6	5.1	.2	.7
Nondurable goods	400015	72.4	72.5	72.5	-.1	-.1
Food and kindred products	420005	19.2	19.5	19.5	-.3	-.3
Meat products	420105	5.5	5.5	5.3	.0	.2
Bakery products	420505	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	-.1
Textile mill products	422005	4.0	4.1	4.2	-.1	-.2
Weaving mills, cotton	422105	1.1	1.2	1.4	-.1	-.3
Yarn and thread mills	422805	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and other textile products	423005	9.2	9.1	9.3	.1	-.1
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
Women's and children's clothing	423335	3.1	3.2	3.0	-.1	.1
Paper and allied products	426005	8.0	8.0	8.3	.0	-.3
Paperboard containers and boxes	426505	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Printing and publishing	427005	17.2	17.2	17.1	.0	.1
Commercial printing	427505	7.4	7.4	7.3	.0	.1
Chemicals and allied products	428005	8.2	8.1	7.7	.1	.5
Other nondurable goods	499915	6.7	6.5	6.4	.2	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	982.8	977.6	912.6	5.2	70.2
Contract construction	200005	61.7	60.6	53.3	1.1	8.4
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	96.1	96.1	86.1	.0	10.0
Transportation	500015	62.2	62.2	60.0	.0	2.2
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	324.6	322.8	300.6	1.8	24.0
Wholesale trade	650005	118.7	118.2	111.8	.5	6.9
Wholesale trade—durable	650015	79.1	78.8	75.2	.3	3.9
Wholesale trade—nondurable	651005	39.6	39.4	36.6	.2	3.0
Retail trade	652005	205.9	204.5	188.8	1.4	17.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	78.0	77.9	76.6	.1	1.4
Finance	760025	31.9	31.9	29.7	.0	2.2
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	763045	28.3	28.4	28.4	-.1	-.1
Services	800055	257.7	256.2	235.6	1.5	22.1
Government	998008	164.6	164.1	160.5	.5	4.1
Federal	998011	34.2	34.4	34.0	-.2	.2
State and local	998509	130.3	129.7	126.5	.6	3.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total manufacturing	**300005**	**107.8**	**105.7**	**99.5**	**2.1**	**8.3**
Durable goods	300025	60.3	58.0	51.6	2.3	8.7
Nondurable goods	400015	47.5	47.7	47.9	-.2	-.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES						
Food and kindred products	420005	11.9	12.1	12.5	-.2	-.6
Textile mill products	422005	3.2	3.3	3.5	-.1	-.3
Apparel and other textile products	423005	7.1	7.1	7.3	.0	-.2
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	3.5	3.4	3.4	.1	.1
Women's and children's clothing	423335	2.2	2.3	2.2	-.1	.0
Lumber and wood products	324005	2.2	2.2	2.4	.0	-.2
Furniture and fixtures	325005	3.1	3.0	3.0	.1	.1
Paper and allied products	426005	5.9	5.9	6.1	.0	-.2
Paperboard containers and boxes	426505	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	-.1
Chemicals and allied products	428005	4.4	4.4	4.0	.0	.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	7.1	7.0	6.4	.1	.7
Primary metal industries	333005	3.4	3.3	1.4	.1	2.0
Fabricated metal products	334005	5.7	5.6	5.3	.1	.4
Machinery, except electrical	335005	5.5	5.8	5.7	-.3	-.2
Transportation equipment	337005	18.1	15.8	12.9	2.3	5.2

NOTE: *These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.*

NOTE: *Totals may not add because of rounding.*

SOURCE: *Georgia Department of Labor.*

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983
Total manufacturing	**300005**	**$369.15**	**$357.69**	**$331.97**	**40.7**	**40.6**	**39.9**	**$ 9.07**	**$ 8.81**	**$ 8.32**
Durable goods	300025	403.74	387.69	349.55	40.7	40.3	39.1	9.92	9.62	8.94
Nondurable goods	400015	324.80	322.64	312.94	40.6	41.1	40.8	8.00	7.85	7.67
SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Food and kindred products	420005	302.24	302.44	304.67	38.6	39.9	40.3	7.83	7.58	7.56
Textile mill products	422005	237.86	245.74	226.39	40.8	41.3	39.1	5.83	5.95	5.79
Apparel and other textile products	423005	179.87	177.79	172.44	35.2	35.7	36.0	5.11	4.98	4.79
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	170.58	173.10	158.18	34.6	34.9	33.3	4.93	4.96	4.75
Women's and children's clothing	423335	192.05	172.89	187.61	36.1	34.1	37.9	5.32	5.07	4.95
Lumber and wood products	324005	225.07	231.27	225.19	37.7	39.0	39.3	5.97	5.93	5.73
Furniture and fixtures	325005	239.88	236.24	244.80	36.4	33.7	40.8	6.59	7.01	6.00
Paper and allied products	426005	424.80	428.26	400.73	45.0	46.0	43.7	9.44	9.31	9.17
Paperboard containers and boxes	426505	421.69	422.10	369.70	45.1	45.0	41.4	9.35	9.38	8.93
Chemicals and allied products	428005	397.62	413.60	413.58	42.3	44.0	45.2	9.40	9.40	9.15
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	351.54	341.74	345.53	43.4	42.4	43.3	8.10	8.06	7.98
Primary metal industries	333005	625.43	539.31	416.90	46.5	41.2	34.8	13.45	13.09	11.98
Fabricated metal products	334005	370.47	380.80	341.20	40.4	42.5	40.0	9.17	8.96	8.53
Transportation equipment	337005	553.48	553.48	480.96	40.4	40.4	35.6	13.70	13.70	13.51

NOTE: *These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.*

NOTE: *Totals may not add because of rounding.*

SOURCE: *Georgia Department of Labor.*

ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 45,100, in the Albany SMSA, declined 100 over the month and gained 1,500 during the year. The August decrement was in retail trade. The annual gain was almost evenly distributed, with 700 in manufacturing and 800 in nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 11,100, was unchanged over the month. The annual gain was primarily in the "other nondurable goods" segment. Companies manufacturing rubber products and paper products were primarily responsible for gains within this estimating cell. Metals and machinery gained 200 during the year, while "other durable goods" declined by the same amount.

Contract construction, at 1,800, was unchanged in August and down 100 over the year. Some declines were noted in building construction, while heavy construction was unchanged and special trade contracting was up.

Transportation, communications, and public utilities, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month and up 300 during the year. Most of the gain was in the warehousing and transportation portion of the category.

Trade, at 11,000, declined 100 over the month and gained 600 for the year. The annual gain was primarily in the retail sector and due in large measure to the recent addition of a new shopping center on the west side of Albany containing a Wal-Mart and several smaller retail businesses. A small increment was also reported in the nondurable wholesale trade segment.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,100, was unchanged over the month and year. Services, at 6,200, gained 100 for the month and a like amount during the year. Most of the increment was in business services.

Government, at 10,600, was unchanged during August and declined 100 over the year. The decline was in the state and local sector. Employment in this division will increase next month due to school reopenings.

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ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**45.1**	**45.2**	**43.6**	-.1	1.5
Manufacturing	300005	11.1	11.1	10.4	.0	.7
Durable goods	300025	1.9	2.0	1.9	-.1	.0
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other durable goods	399915	.7	.7	.9	.0	-.2
Nondurable goods	400015	9.2	9.1	8.4	.1	.8
Food and kindred products	420005	2.5	2.4	2.5	.1	.0
Textile mill products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Chemicals and allied products	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other nondurable goods	499915	4.9	4.8	4.1	.1	.8
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.0	34.1	33.2	-.1	.8
Contract construction	200005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	2.3	2.3	2.0	.0	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	11.0	11.1	10.4	-.1	.6
Wholesale trade	650005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
Retail trade	652005	8.0	8.1	7.4	-.1	.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Services and mining	800055	6.2	6.1	6.1	.1	.1
Government	998008	10.6	10.6	10.7	.0	-.1
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
State and local	998509	7.7	7.7	7.8	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**54.8**	**54.6**	**53.9**	**.2**	**.9**
Manufacturing	300005	14.9	14.7	14.3	.2	.6
Durable goods	300025	5.1	5.0	4.8	.1	.3
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	2.6	2.4	2.4	.2	.2
Other durable goods	399915	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Nondurable goods	400015	9.8	9.7	9.5	.1	.3
Food and kindred products	420005	2.6	2.5	2.9	.1	-.3
Textile mill products	422005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Apparel and other textile products	423005	3.6	3.5	3.1	.1	.5
Other nondurable goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	39.9	39.9	39.6	.0	.3
Contract construction	200005	1.9	2.1	1.8	-.2	.1
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	1.6	1.6	1.6	.0	.0
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	10.7	10.7	10.8	.0	-.1
Wholesale trade	650005	2.2	2.2	1.9	.0	.3
Retail trade	652005	8.5	8.5	8.9	.0	-.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
Services	800005	7.8	7.6	7.2	.2	.6
Government	998008	16.1	16.3	16.5	-.2	-.4
Federal	998011	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
State and local	998509	14.0	14.2	14.4	-.2	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**127.2**	**127.1**	**124.2**	**.1**	**3.0**
Manufacturing	300005	33.7	33.4	33.3	.3	.4
Durable goods	300025	9.3	9.1	8.6	.2	.7
Lumber and wood products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	3.4	3.4	3.1	.0	.3
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
Other durable goods	399915	2.5	2.4	2.3	.1	.2
Nondurable goods	400015	24.4	24.3	24.7	.1	-.3
Food and kindred products	420005	2.7	2.7	3.0	.0	-.3
Textile mill products	422005	6.1	6.1	6.3	.0	-.2
Apparel and other textile products	423005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
Printing and publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other nondurable goods	499915	12.4	12.2	12.4	.2	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	93.5	93.7	90.9	-.2	2.6
Contract construction	200005	6.8	7.0	6.6	-.2	.2
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	4.3	4.3	3.8	.0	.5
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	25.2	24.9	24.2	.3	1.0
Wholesale trade	650005	4.2	3.9	4.0	.3	.2
Retail trade	652005	21.0	21.0	20.2	.0	.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	4.8	4.8	4.7	.0	.1
Services and mining	800055	20.2	20.4	19.8	-.2	.4
Government	998008	32.1	32.3	31.8	-.2	.3
Federal	998011	8.2	8.2	8.2	.0	.0
State and local	998509	23.9	24.0	23.6	-.1	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia counties in Georgia and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Columbus area rose to 86,200, an increase of 1,000 over the month. Gains were recorded in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. Annually, employment increased 3,300, with manufacturing gaining 1,000 jobs and nonmanufacturing adding 2,200 jobs.

Manufacturing employment, at 21,600, rose 300 from July, with food and kindred products and textile mill products sharing in the increase. Lumber and wood products and "other nondurable goods" lost 100 employees each. Annually, manufacturing employment increased by 1,000 jobs. This increase was shared by metals and machinery, food and kindred products, textile mill products, and apparel and other finished textile products. "Other nondurable goods" declined by 100 workers.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased by 600 from July and was up 2,200 from August 1983. Contract construction added 200 over the month and increased 500 over the year. Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services employment remained the same as July and rose 400 from August 1983. Trade picked up 300 from last month and rose 1,700 from last year. Finance, insurance, and real estate employment added 100 from July and gained 300 from a year ago. Services and miscellaneous employment declined 100 from last month and increased 300 over the year. Federal government employment remained unchanged from July and increased 400 from August 1983. State and local government remained constant from the previous month and dropped 1,500 from one year ago. This decline in state and local government was primarily caused by shifts from government jobs to private sector jobs in the federal jobs training program.

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COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**86.2**	**85.2**	**82.9**	**1.0**	**3.3**
Manufacturing	300005	21.6	21.3	20.6	.3	1.0
Durable goods	300025	5.2	5.2	4.8	.0	.4
Lumber and wood products	324005	.4	.5	.4	-.1	.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	3.6	3.6	3.3	.0	.3
Other durable goods	399915	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Nondurable goods	400015	16.4	16.1	15.8	.3	.6
Food and kindred products	420005	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
Textile mill products	422005	9.0	8.8	8.7	.2	.3
Apparel and other textile products	423005	1.0	1.0	.9	.0	.1
Printing and publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other nondurable goods	499915	1.2	1.3	1.3	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	64.5	63.9	62.3	.6	2.2
Contract construction	200005	5.2	5.0	4.7	.2	.5
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	3.1	3.1	2.7	.0	.4
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	18.7	18.4	17.0	.3	1.7
Wholesale trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
Retail trade	652005	15.9	15.6	14.3	.3	1.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	5.8	5.7	5.5	.1	.3
Services and mining	800055	12.2	12.3	11.9	-.1	.3
Government	998008	19.6	19.5	20.5	.1	-.9
Federal	998011	6.9	6.9	6.5	.0	.4
State and local	998509	12.6	12.6	14.1	.0	-1.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee counties in Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 103,000 in August. The current estimate is up 300 from July and up 2,000 from August 1983. During the month, manufacturing remained unchanged, and nonmanufacturing gained 200. Annually, manufacturing dropped 100, with nonmanufacturing climbing 2,000.

Manufacturing, at 16,700, remained unchanged from last month and declined 100 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was unchanged, with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods was unchanged, with a loss in food offsetting a gain in apparel. The decline in food products was due to a temporary shutdown of one line at a cookie and cracker manufacturer. The gain in apparel occurred at a manufacturer of men's shirts. Annually, durable goods was unchanged, with a decline in stone, clay, and glass being offset by an increase in nonelectrical machinery and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods fell 100, with losses in apparel, paper, and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by a gain in food products.

Nonmanufacturing, at 86,300, was up 200 from July and added 2,000 from August 1983. During the month, construction rose 100, with a gain in special trade construction. Transportation and public utilities was down 100, and trade advanced 100, with more employment in the retail sector. Finance, insurance, and real estate and services advanced, with government remaining unchanged. Annually, construction gained 200, with most of the increase in special trade construction. Transportation and public utilities added 400, reflecting a labor dispute at Southern Bell last year. Trade climbed 600, with increases in the wholesale and retail segments. Finance, insurance,and real estate and services recorded increases, and government was up 400 from a year ago. All of the annual increase was in the federal segment.

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MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**103.0**	**102.7**	**101.0**	**.3**	**2.0**
Manufacturing	300005	16.7	16.7	16.8	.0	-.1
Durable goods	300025	5.3	5.3	5.3	.0	.0
Lumber and wood products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	-.2
Machinery, except electrical	335005	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Other durable goods	399915	3.4	3.3	3.3	.1	.1
Nondurable goods	400015	11.4	11.4	11.5	.0	-.1
Food and kindred products	420005	2.9	3.0	2.6	-.1	.3
Textile mill products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.6	.0	.0
Apparel and other textile products	423005	1.6	1.5	1.7	.1	-.1
Paper and allied products	426005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Chemicals and allied products	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other nondurable goods	499915	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	86.3	86.1	84.3	.2	2.0
Contract construction	200005	4.7	4.6	4.5	.1	.2
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	4.2	4.3	3.8	-.1	.4
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	22.0	21.9	21.4	.1	.6
Wholesale trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Retail trade	652005	17.8	17.7	17.3	.1	.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	6.5	6.4	6.3	.1	.2
Services and mining	800055	18.5	18.4	18.2	.1	.3
Government	998008	30.4	30.4	30.0	.0	.4
Federal	998011	17.6	17.6	17.1	.0	.5
State and local	998509	12.8	12.9	13.0	-.1	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased an estimated 300 in August. Over the year, total nonagricultural employment increased 1,300.

Manufacturing employment was 16,800, an increase of 200 over the month and 400 over the year. Durable goods manufacturing increased 300 over the month and over the year. Transportation equipment accounted for almost all of the gain from both reference periods. Nondurable goods manufacturing decreased 100 over the month with food and paper recording small losses. Over the year, nondurable goods increased an estimated 100. Increases in apparel and food offset the loss of 100 in chemicals.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 100 from July and 900 from August 1983. Contract construction remained fairly stable over the month and increased 700 over the year. Over the month, both building and heavy construction lost slightly, while special trade construction increased in excess of 100. Transportation and public utilities increased an estimated 400 over the month and decreased 100 over the year. Motor freight transportation recorded an annual decline of 300. Marine cargo handling decreased 200 over the year and increased 400 over the month. Wholesale and retail trade lost slightly over the month and gained 300 over the year. Restaurants and drinking establishments accounted for 200 of the yearly gain, and miscellaneous retail stores accounted for the remainder. Government employment decreased 100 over the month and 200 over the year. A significant amount of the loss was recorded in state education for both periods.

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SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	**000000**	**91.0**	**90.7**	**89.7**	**.3**	**1.3**
Manufacturing	300005	16.8	16.6	16.4	.2	.4
Durable goods	300025	7.7	7.4	7.4	.3	.3
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation equipment	337005	4.1	3.9	3.8	.2	.3
Other durable goods	399915	2.4	2.3	2.3	.1	.1
Nondurable goods	400015	9.1	9.2	9.0	-.1	.1
Food and kindred products	420005	2.0	2.1	1.9	-.1	.1
Paper and allied products	426005	4.2	4.3	4.2	-.1	.0
Chemicals and allied products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.5	.0	-.1
Petroleum and coal products	429005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Other nondurable goods	499915	.9	.9	.7	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	74.2	74.1	73.3	.1	.9
Contract construction	200005	5.7	5.7	5.0	.0	.7
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	10.1	9.7	10.2	.4	-.1
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	21.7	21.8	21.4	-.1	.3
Wholesale trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
Retail trade	652005	17.4	17.5	17.1	-.1	.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	4.3	4.3	4.1	.0	.2
Services and mining	800055	17.7	17.9	17.7	-.2	.0
Government	998008	14.7	14.8	14.9	-.1	-.2
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
State and local	998509	12.0	12.1	12.3	-.1	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total manufacturing	**300005**	**11.7**	**11.5**	**11.3**	**.2**	**.4**
Durable goods	300025	5.6	5.4	5.4	.2	.2
Nondurable goods	400015	6.0	6.1	5.8	-.1	.2
SELECTED INDUSTRIES						
Lumber and wood products	324005	1.0	.9	.9	.1	.1
Paper and allied products	426005	3.0	3.1	3.0	-.1	.0
Chemicals and allied products	428005	.9	1.0	1.0	-.1	-.1
Transportation equipment	337005	3.1	2.9	3.2	.2	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1983 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 1984	PREVIOUS MONTH JULY 1984	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 1983
Total manufacturing	**300005**	**$442.88**	**$437.14**	**$425.45**	**44.6**	**44.2**	**45.6**	**$ 9.93**	**$ 9.89**	**$ 9.33**
Durable goods	300025	400.20	373.98	384.04	43.5	41.6	44.5	9.20	8.99	8.63
Nondurable goods	400015	482.45	492.90	464.14	45.6	46.5	46.6	10.58	10.60	9.96
SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Lumber and wood products	324005	287.09	286.14	292.27	44.1	42.9	46.1	6.51	6.67	6.34
Paper and allied products	426005	606.21	609.84	552.78	50.1	50.4	49.8	12.10	12.10	11.10
Chemicals and allied products	428005	388.76	373.89	353.64	43.1	42.2	42.0	9.02	8.86	8.42
Transportation equipment	337005	477.71	439.21	430.25	46.2	43.4	45.1	10.34	10.12	9.54

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE, PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1984	REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
					REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983
United States (Seasonally adjusted)	Total labor force	113,494,000	113,938,000	113,799,000	-444,000	-305,000
	Employed	104,969,000	105,395,000	103,166,000	-426,000	1,803,000
	Unemployed	8,526,000	8,543,000	10,633,000	-17,000	-2,107,000
	Rate	7.5	7.5	9.3	—	—
United States (Not seasonally adjusted)	Total labor force	115,076,000	116,198,000	113,578,000	1,122,000	1,498,000
	Employed	106,694,000	107,484,000	103,167,000	790,000	3,527,000
	Unemployed	8,382,000	8,714,000	10,411,000	332,000	-2,029,000
	Rate	7.3	7.5	9.2	—	—
Georgia	Total labor force	2,821,149	2,819,197	2,732,199	1,952	88,950
	Employed	2,655,137	2,637,656	2,534,505	17,481	120,632
	Unemployed	166,012	181,541	197,694	-15,529	-31,682
	Rate	5.9	6.4	7.2	—	—
Albany SMSA	Total labor force	53,393	54,271	53,405	-878	-12
	Employed	48,937	49,210	47,950	-273	987
	Unemployed	4,456	5,061	5,455	-605	-999
	Rate	8.3	9.3	10.2	—	—
Athens SMSA	Total labor force	66,093	66,136	66,910	-43	-817
	Employed	62,415	62,353	62,219	62	196
	Unemployed	3,678	3,783	4,691	-105	-1,013
	Rate	5.6	5.7	7.0	—	—
Atlanta SMSA	Total labor force	1,187,004	1,187,484	1,140,739	-480	46,265
	Employed	1,130,168	1,129,588	1,070,727	580	59,441
	Unemployed	56,836	57,896	70,012	-1,060	-13,176
	Rate	4.8	4.9	6.1	—	—
Augusta, Ga.-S.C. SMSA	Total labor force	135,609	137,176	136,384	-1,567	-775
	Employed	126,775	127,705	124,198	-930	2,577
	Unemployed	8,834	9,471	12,186	-637	-3,352
	Rate	6.5	6.9	8.9	—	—
Columbus, Ga.-Ala. SMSA	Total labor force	92,975	93,080	90,975	-105	2,000
	Employed	86,184	85,661	83,745	523	2,439
	Unemployed	6,791	7,419	7,230	-628	-439
	Rate	7.3	8.0	7.9	—	—
Macon SMSA	Total labor force	109,909	110,213	110,331	-304	-422
	Employed	102,201	102,503	102,108	-302	93
	Unemployed	7,708	7,710	8,223	-2	-515
	Rate	7.0	7.0	7.5	—	—
Savannah SMSA	Total labor force	98,264	99,156	99,958	-892	-1,694
	Employed	91,163	91,412	91,404	-249	-241
	Unemployed	7,101	7,744	8,554	-643	-1,453
	Rate	7.2	7.8	8.6	—	—

NOTE: Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE, PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1984	REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
					REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983
Augusta, Ga.-S.C. SMSA	Civilian labor force	135,609	137,176	136,384	-1,567	-775
	Employed	126,775	127,705	124,198	-930	2,577
	Unemployed	8,834	9,471	12,186	-637	-3,352
	Rate	6.5	6.9	8.9	—	—
Residing in Georgia	Civilian labor force	90,983	91,804	91,948	-821	-965
	Employed	85,249	85,757	84,614	-508	635
	Unemployed	5,734	6,047	7,334	-313	-1,600
	Rate	6.3	6.6	8.0	—	—
Residing in South Carolina	Civilian labor force	44,626	45,372	44,436	-746	190
	Employed	41,526	41,948	39,584	-422	1,942
	Unemployed	3,100	3,424	4,852	-324	-1,752
	Rate	6.9	7.5	10.9	—	—

NOTE: The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE, PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1984	REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
					REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983
Columbus, Ga.-Ala. SMSA	Civilian labor force	92,975	93,080	90,975	-105	2,000
	Employed	86,184	85,661	83,745	523	2,439
	Unemployed	6,791	7,419	7,230	-628	-439
	Rate	7.3	8.0	7.9	—	—
Residing in Georgia	Civilian labor force	73,718	73,420	72,466	298	1,252
	Employed	69,027	68,696	67,364	331	1,663
	Unemployed	4,691	4,724	5,102	-33	-411
	Rate	6.4	6.4	7.0	—	—
Residing in Alabama	Civilian labor force	19,257	19,660	18,509	-403	-748
	Employed	17,157	16,965	16,381	192	776
	Unemployed	2,100	2,695	2,128	-595	-28
	Rate	10.9	13.7	11.5	—	—

NOTE: The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE, PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1984	REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983	CHANGE FROM	
					REVISED JULY 1984	REVISED AUG. 1983
Georgia Total	Civilian labor force	2,821,149	2,819,197	2,732,199	1,952	88,950
	Employed	2,655,137	2,637,656	2,534,505	17,481	120,632
	Unemployed	166,012	181,541	197,694	-15,529	-31,682
	Rate	5.9	6.4	7.2	—	—
Metropolitan residence	Civilian labor force	1,725,844	1,729,677	1,681,756	-3,833	44,088
	Employed	1,632,980	1,633,512	1,569,279	-532	63,701
	Unemployed	92,864	96,165	112,477	-3,301	-19,613
	Rate	5.4	5.6	6.7	—	—
Nonmetropolitan residence	Civilian labor force	1,095,305	1,089,520	1,050,443	5,785	44,862
	Employed	1,022,157	1,004,144	965,226	18,013	56,931
	Unemployed	73,148	85,376	85,217	-12,228	-12,069
	Rate	6.7	7.8	8.1	—	—

NOTE: The sum of the Georgia part of the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSAs) includes the Catoosa, Dade, and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family-operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute, or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, some nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

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